

賽生藥業控股有限公司*

SciClone Pharmaceuticals (Holdings) Limited

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

股份代號 Stock Code: 6600

2023

Annual Report 年度報告



目錄 Content

公司資料	2
Corporate information	
主席報告	4
Chairman's statement	
管理層討論及分析	22
Management discussion and analysis	
董事及高級管理層履歷	31
Biographies of director and senior management	
企業管治報告	40
Corporate governance report	
董事會報告	60
Directors' report	
獨立核數師報告	94
Independent auditor's report	
合併全面收益表	102
Consolidated statement of comprehensive income	
合併資產負債表	104
Consolidated balance sheet	
合併權益變動表	106
Consolidated statement of changes in equity	
合併現金流量表	108
Consolidated statement of cash flows	
合併財務報表附註	110
Notes to the consolidated financial statements	
財務摘要	226
Financial summary	
環境、社會及管治報告	227
Environmental, Social and Governance Report	
釋義及詞彙表	252
Definitions and glossary	

公司資料

Corporate Information

董事會

執行董事

趙宏先生(首席執行官兼總裁) 潘蓉容女士(首席財務官兼副總裁)

非執行董事

Li Zhenfu先生(主席)
Daniel Luzius Vasella博士
Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien女士
王海霞女士

獨立非執行董事

劉國恩博士 Chen Ping博士 Gu Alex Yushao先生 Wendy Hayes女士

審核委員會

Wendy Hayes女士(主席) Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien女士 Gu Alex Yushao先生

薪酬委員會

Gu Alex Yushao 先生(主席) 趙宏先生 Chen Ping博士

提名委員會

Li Zhenfu先生(主席) Wendy Hayes女士 劉國恩博士

公司秘書

潘蓉容女士 陳倩敏女士(於2024年3月28日辭任)

授權代表

趙宏先生 潘蓉容女士

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhao Hong *(Chief Executive Officer and President)*Ms. Pan Rongrong *(Chief Financial Officer and Vice President)*

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Zhenfu *(Chairman)* Dr. Daniel Luzius Vasella Ms. Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien Ms. Wang Haixia

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Liu Guoen Dr. Chen Ping Mr. Gu Alex Yushao Ms. Wendy Hayes

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Ms. Wendy Hayes (Chairwoman)
Ms. Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien
Mr. Gu Alex Yushao

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Gu Alex Yushao *(Chairman)* Mr. Zhao Hong Dr. Chen Ping

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Zhenfu *(Chairman)* Ms. Wendy Hayes Dr. Liu Guoen

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Pan Rongrong Ms. Chan Sin Man Nico (Resigned on March 28, 2024)

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Zhao Hong Ms. Pan Rongrong

AUDITOR

Price water house Coopers

公司資料 Corporate Information

註冊辦事處

PO Box 309,Ugland House Grand Cayman · KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

總部及中國主要營業地點

中國

上海市淮海中路381號 中環廣場22樓

香港主要營業地點

香港

銅鑼灣告士打道311號 皇室堡大廈3401A室

股份過戶登記總處

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall, Cricket Square Grand Cayman, KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

香港證券登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

香港法律顧問

高偉紳律師行

主要往來銀行

中國民生銀行股份有限公司香港分行 花旗銀行香港分行 中國銀行(香港)有限公司

網站

www.sciclone.com

股份代號

6600

REGISTERED OFFICE

PO Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE IN THE PRC

22/F, Central Plaza 381 Middle Huaihai Road, Shanghai PRC

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

3401A, Windsor House 311 Gloucester Road, Causeway Bay Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall, Cricket Square Grand Cayman, KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISER

Clifford Chance

PRINCIPAL BANKS

China Minsheng Banking Corp., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch Citibank N.A., Hong Kong Branch Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

WEBSITE

www.sciclone.com

STOCK CODE

6600

I. 主席致辭

回首2023年,新冠疫情影響逐漸消退,但世界經濟仍在局部沖突、通脹和復蘇乏力的背景下努力探尋前行的方向。在過去一年複雜多變的經營環境中,賽生團隊迎難而上,多措並舉,保持住公司核心業務的穩健發展態勢,持續為患者帶來高質量的治療選擇,在行業中樹立了優秀的標桿。

在首席執行官趙宏的卓越領導下,我們的團隊面對挑戰無所畏懼,齊心協力,實現了公司2023年度業績的高速增長,交出了一份人欣慰的成績單。公司核心產品日達相,而公司授權引入產品達佑澤也正達者,而公司授權引入產品達佑澤也正在持續擴和國際工作,賽生獲得了在中國獨家開發和商產化創新產品Orserdu的授權,新型抗菌產品Vaborem的III期臨床試驗完成受試者入組,一系列的管線產品取得了積極的進展,為公司的未來發展注入了新的動力。

自2021年7月香港股市大幅下跌後,市場進 入了長期低迷狀態,投資者悲觀情緒瀰漫, 恐懼代替21年之前的貪婪,主導投資判斷。 儘管賽生上市以來持續創造穩定的業績增 長,但公司的股價表現長期以來未能充分 反映公司的業績表現和基本面情況。不理 想的股價一方面限制了公司在資本市場再融 資或併購的能力,另一方面在一定程度上影 響了公司的業務運營和長期戰略的實施。我 在2022年主席報告中所提到,公司一直致 力於尋找具有同類首創或同類最佳潛力的 創新產品,提升未來的業績增長動力。在 當前充滿挑戰的運營環境中,公司為改善 產品收入結構以及提升自主研發能力不得 不積極實施戰略轉型並加大相關的投入。 公司未來短期的業績可能會因此產生波動, 而這與部分投資者投資公司的預期可能有所 不同。在此背景下,公司第一大股東德福資 本向公司董事會提交了以協議安排方式私有 化公司股票的方案,私有化價格為投資者提 供了一個具有吸引力的溢價和變現機會,同 時持有股票期權的員工也可以在此次私有化 交易中獲得相應的回報,體現了公司對員工 激勵的承諾。

I. Message from our Chairman

Looking back at 2023, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic has gradually subsided, but the global economy was still struggling to find its way forward against the backdrop of geopolitical conflicts, inflation and weak recovery. Despite a complex and volatile business environment last year, SciClone rose to the challenge and took multiple measures to maintain the steady development of the Company's core business, continue to bring high-quality products to patients, and set a benchmark of excellence in the industry.

Under the outstanding leadership of our chief executive officer, Mr. Zhao Hong, our team was fearless in the face of challenges and worked together to achieve rapid growth in the Company's performance in 2023 and delivered gratifying results. The Company's core product, Zadaxin, seized market opportunities in 2023 and continues to benefit a wide range of patients, while the Company's in-licensed product, Danyelza, officially launched in China, further expanding SciClone's product portfolio. In 2023, SciClone also obtained the exclusive license to develop and commercialize another innovative product Orserdu in China. The Phase III clinical trial of the new antimicrobial product Vaborem completed patient enrolment. A series of pipeline products have made positive progress, bringing new momentum to the Company's future development.

Since the Hong Kong stock market plunged in July 2021, the market has entered a prolonged downturn, with investor pessimism pervading and fear dominating, a sharp contrast to pre-2021. Although SciClone has consistently achieved steady growth since its IPO, the Company's share price performance has long failed to fully reflect the Company's value and fundamentals. The unsatisfactory share price has on the one hand, limited the Company's ability to refinance or consider M&A in the capital markets, and on the other hand, affected the Company's business operations and the implementation of its long-term strategies. As I mentioned in the my letter to shareholders in 2022, the Company has always been committed to identifying innovative products with first-in-class or bestin-class potential to boost future performance growth momentum. In the current challenging operating environment, the Company has had to proactively implement strategic transformation and increase related investments in order to improve its revenue mix and enhance its proprietary research and development capabilities. As such, the Company's future short-term performance may fluctuate, which may be different from the expectations of investors in the Company. Against such background, GL Capital Group (德福資本), the Company's largest shareholder, submitted a proposal to the board of directors of the Company for the privatization of the Company's shares by way of a scheme of arrangement. The privatization price provides investors with an attractive premium and cash return opportunity, while employees who hold share options can also receive corresponding returns in this privatization transaction, demonstrating the Company's commitment to employee incentives.

面對未來,我深刻的認識到對於賽生而言 挑戰與機遇並存。外部宏觀經濟的成成 性、國內藥品政策的調整、收入構成然 構性問題、新藥管線的建設等問題依然開 養生需要關注的重點。因此,我們將以加大品 和務實的態度,積極應對挑戰:持續加大品 發投入,擴大產品引入,並推進管線產 商業化,力爭研發並上市更多具有差異化 高品質的創新藥物。

概覽

於2023年,通貨膨脹持續加劇、高利率環境下加息、國際地緣政治局勢日趨緊張,加上復甦步伐放緩,均對我們的業務構成巨大挑戰。公司透過多種方式盡力克服上述挑戰,實現了業績的進步。

2023年業績表現:

截至2023年12月31日止年度,我們的收入達到人民幣3,155.6百萬元,較去年增加14.8%。2023年的毛利增加至人民幣2,356.2百萬元,較2022年增加13.8%。純利較截至2022年12月31日止年度的純利增加31.2%,達到人民幣1,121.9百萬元。剔除一次性公允價值變動及減值虧損後,核心純利約為人民幣1,236.9百萬元,較去年的核心純利增長約19.5%。此外,經營現金流量實現人民幣1,404.3百萬元的里程碑,較截至2022年12月31日止年度增加人民幣220.7百萬元或18.6%。

Looking ahead, I realize that there are both challenges and opportunities for SciClone. External macroeconomic uncertainties, domestic drug policy reforms, structural problems in the revenue composition and the construction of new drug pipelines remain as key concerns for SciClone. Therefore, we will proactively respond to the challenges with an open and pragmatic attitude. We will increase our investment in research and development, expand product pipeline and promote the commercialization of our products, with an aim to develop and launch more differentiated and high-quality innovative drugs.

I hereby would like to express my heartfelt gratitude to our Shareholders for their unwavering support and trust in SciClone. Your trust and support allow SciClone to move forward amid uncertainties, and also an important driving force for SciClone to continue to embrace challenges, innovate, and forge ahead. At the same time, I also sincerely thank the management team, employees, business partners and customers for their support to SciClone. I strongly believe that with our joint efforts, SciClone will continue to contribute to the "Healthy China 2030" strategy, creating greater and long-term benefits for patients, investors and society.

Overview

The year 2023 unfolded under the shadow of relentless inflation, interest rate hikes in an environment already burdened by high rates, mounting international geopolitical tensions, and a waning recovery pace, presenting formidable challenges to our business. The Company has tried its best to overcome the above challenges through various methods and achieved improvement.

Our performance in 2023:

Our revenue reached RMB3,155.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, marking an increase of 14.8% over that of the previous year. Gross profit grew to RMB2,356.2 million of 2023, 13.8% ahead of 2022. Net profit increased by 31.2%, reaching RMB1,121.9 million in comparison with the net profit for the year ended December 31, 2022. Excluding one-off change in fair value and impairment losses, core net profit was approximately RMB1,236.9 million, up by approximately 19.5% compared to the core net profit for the prior year. Furthermore, operating cash flow achieved a milestone of RMB1,404.3 million, representing a growth of RMB220.7 million or 18.6%, compared to that of the year ended December 31, 2022.

我們的財務靈活性及可供持續發展的 資源:

2023年11月,我們除償還到期債務外,亦主動預付原於2024年11月到期的貸款餘額,提前清理債務。

償還及預付債務後,於2023年12月31日,現金及現金等價物以及現金存款(3至12個月或浮動利率)總額約為人民幣22億元。

在關鍵業務範疇增加資源投入:

根據與美納里尼的許可協議,在中國獲得批准後,本集團將利用其開發能力進行臨床試驗,並利用其銷售、營銷及監管專業知識來分銷Orserdu® (Elacestrant) (「Orserdu」)。本集團於2023年11月向美納里尼支付現金首付款。

此外,截至2023年12月31日止年度,我們的銷售及營銷開支較去年增加13.5%,研究及開發(「研發」)開支增加37.8%,反映我們在以下範疇的持續資源投入:1)招聘及留聘商業化及產品開發的重要人才:2)通過升級Go-To-Patient(「GTP」)模式至6.2版本增強數字商業化實力,以進一步提升產品可及性:及3)通過產品生命周期管理及開發強化品牌和提升忠誠度。

Ⅱ. 我們公司的年度業績

業務回顧

賽生藥業是專注於腫瘤及重症感染疾病治療領域並擁有產品開發和商業化集成平台的國際生物製藥公司。以創新引領轉型,本集團已建立起了具有差異化優勢的產品組合。秉懷本集團「給生命以希望」的初心,本集團堅持以患者健康為己任,不斷踐行提供國際品質的醫療產品及服務的使命,造福廣大患者。

Our financial flexibility and resources for continuous growth:

In November 2023, except for repaying the due debt, we have proactively prepaid the loan balance originally due in November 2024, clearing our debts ahead of schedule.

After repaying and prepaying the debt, as at December 31, 2023, the total cash and cash equivalents and cash deposits (from 3 to 12 months or in floating rates) amounted to approximately RMB2.2 billion.

Increased resource allocation in key business areas:

Under the License Agreement with Menarini, the Group will utilize its development capability to proceed with clinical trials and employ its sales, marketing and regulatory expertise to distribute Orserdu® (Elacestrant) ("Orserdu"), upon approval in China. The Group paid Menarini an upfront fee in cash in November 2023.

In addition, for the year-end December 31, 2023, our selling and marketing expenses increased by 13.5% and research and development ("R&D") expenses grew by 37.8% compared with the last year, reflecting our continued investments in: 1) recruiting and retaining key talents in commercialization and product development; 2) digital commercialization capabilities by upgrading Go-To-Patient ("GTP") model to 6.2 version to further increase product accessibility to patients; and 3) brand and loyalty enhancement through product lifecycle management and development.

II. Annual Results of our Company Business Review

SciClone is a global biopharmaceutical company with an integrated platform for the development and commercialization of innovative therapies for cancer and severe infection. With an innovation-driven strategic transformation, the Group has established a product portfolio with differentiated advantages. Staying true to the Group's original aspiration of "SciClone gives life hope", the Group is dedicated to improving patients' health by providing top-tier healthcare products and services with global standards of care.

商業化

截至2023年12月31日,綜合銷售及營銷部門擁有約860名員工,包括分配至免疫事業部(「IBU」)約580名僱員、腫瘤事業部(「OBU」)約210名僱員及負責新產品、市場准入及商業營運約70名僱員。

我們的營銷策略乃基於積累研究證據和治療指南發展的協同整合。我們採用綜合方法,結合線下及線上營銷活動。我們需不斷在營銷方面投入資源和費用,從而在激勵市場競爭中提升我們產品的品牌認知度。憑藉深刻的市場洞察力, 我們在擁抱創新業務模式方面展現出非凡靈活性,包括GTP模式的建立及改進。

1) GTP模式:

為實現銷售管道多元化並促進日達仙直接通過藥房向患者銷售,我們早於2015年試行GTP平台。此策略性舉措將日達仙的供應範圍從醫院擴展至藥房,從而大幅改善日達仙對患者的別人性。於2018年,通過GTP平台開始,GTP平台的銷量佔比持續呈現上升趨勢。

Commercialization

As of December 31, 2023, the integrated sales and marketing division is staffed with approximately 860 employees, including approximately 580 employees assigned to the immunology business unit ("IBU"), approximately 210 employees to the oncology business unit ("OBU") and approximately 70 employees responsible for new products, market access and commercial operations.

Our marketing strategies are grounded in the synergistic integration of accumulating research evidence and the development of therapeutic guidelines. We employ a comprehensive approach, combining both offline and online marketing initiatives. We need to continuously invest resources and capital in marketing to enhance the brand awareness of our products amidst the competitive market landscape. With our deep market experience, we demonstrate remarkable agility in embracing innovative business models, including the establishment and improvement of the GTP model.

1) GTP model:

To diversify our sales channels and bolster sales of Zadaxin to patients directly through pharmacies, we piloted our GTP platform back in 2015. This strategic move has significantly improved patients access to Zadaxin by expanding its availability from hospitals to pharmacies. The commencement of sales through the GTP platform in 2018 marked a pivotal moment, and from 2019 forward, the proportion of sales volume attributed to the GTP platform has shown a consistent upward trend.

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,升級 GTP模式至6.2版本主要包括進行以下 優化措施:

- 1) 整合智能問診功能以改善患者就 診(尤其是復診)的體驗及效率;
- 加入智慧功能,例如(j)臉容辨識 2) 及動態名片碼,以便醫生及患 者使用,促進彼等之間進行更 有效的互動和連繫;及(ii)為患者 提供「快速續開處方」以節省時 間等。

在目前的GTP模式框架下,患者可分 別於免e在線(就日達仙而言)、泰骨聯 盟(就擇泰而言)及神母關愛(就達佑澤 而言)的微信官方賬戶以及海大夫互 聯網醫院微信小程序(統稱海大夫平台) 獲得產品詳情及服務。在海大夫平台 註冊後,患者可輕鬆將處方上傳線上 平台,其後可選擇藥物直接配送上門 或於DTP藥房等指定地點領取。此外, 該平台亦方便患者就日達仙注射或擇 泰輸注作出線上預約。海大夫互聯網 醫院連接平台後,患者可無縫接受線 上問診和取得電子處方。再者,本公 司透過提供增值服務(包括針對學術 界及患者社群的全面教育內容)來提高 患者在海大夫平台上的參與度,從而 培養長期品牌忠誠度。

多年來,我們一直對GTP模式及其他 數字技術進行投資。憑藉我們對技術 及線上平台的積極開發和投資,我們 旨在以更低成本接觸更多的利益相關 者、客戶及患者,以更有效地實現營 運效率和合規情況。

目前GTP模式下的合作如下(表1):

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the upgrade of GTP model to 6.2 version mainly included the below optimizations:

- 1) integrated Intelligent Diagnosis feature to improve experience and efficiency of patients' visits, especially the follow-up visits;
- 2) incorporated smart functions such as: i) facial recognition and dynamical name card QR code to make access more convenient for the doctors and patients and to facilitate better interaction and bonding between them; ii) "Quick Prescription Renewal" ("快速續開 處方") feature for patients to save time, etc..

Within the framework the current GTP model, patients can explore product details and services via WeChat official accounts of Immunology Online ("免e在線") for Zadaxin, Healthy Bone Alliance ("泰骨聯盟") for Zometa, Neuroblastoma Care ("神母關愛") for Danyelza, and associated Hi-Doctor Internet Hospital WeChat mini program, collectively known as the Hi-Doctor Platform. Once registered on the Hi-Doctor Platform, patients have the convenience of uploading prescriptions online, with the subsequent option of direct home delivery or collection at designated locations such as DTP pharmacies. Moreover, the platform facilitates online appointment scheduling for Zadaxin injections or Zometa infusions. The incorporation of Hi-Doctor Internet Hospital to the platform enables patients to receive online consultations and e-prescriptions seamlessly. Furthermore, the Company enhances patient engagement on the Hi-Doctor Platform by offering value added services including comprehensive educational content aimed at both academic and patient communities, thereby fostering longterm brand loyalty.

Throughout the years, we have been investing in our GTP model and other digital technologies. With our active development and investment in technologies and online platform, we aim to achieve better operational efficiency and compliance by reaching more stakeholders, customers and patients with lower costs.

Commercial Insurance

Medi Trust

The current co-operations under GTP model (Table 1):

"Yiyao Pharmacies" of SPH Cloud Health;

DTP連鎖藥房 商業保險供應商 高濟; 鄰客; 思派; 零氪; 國藥關愛優; 眾安保險; 上藥雲健康旗下 鎂信健康 「益藥●藥房」;

Yuanxin

DTP Chains	Providers		
Gaoji Health;			
Link Pharmacies;			
Medbanks;	LinkDoc;		
Sinopharm Care Plus;	Zhong An Insurance;		

圓心

2) 生命周期管理:

我們的已上市產品的持續增長受我們 持之以恒的臨床研究及學術推廣以擴 大其臨床應用所推動。我們於2023年 的產品生命周期管理主要成果如下:

1) 臨床研究及發表

我們一直資助支持研究人員進實行隨機對照試驗(「RCT」)及真真實世界研究(「RWS」),以研究已下產品在腫瘤、重症感染在鹽瘤、重症感染在臨用。截至本年報日期,我們與不可國和海外(美國及意大利)。超過10項正在進行的臨床研究。

i) 研究報告發表:

兩項有關 $T\alpha$ 1的臨床試驗結果已於2023年5月舉行的2023年American Society of Clinical Oncology (「ASCO」)年會以線上摘要形式發佈。ASCO年會是全球臨最好不會類域享負盛名及每額域享負盛名及時會重點介紹臨床腫瘤與主點介紹臨床腫瘤或主點,與時最先進的最新突破,並實驗的最先進的要如下:

《胸腺法新對有淋 a) 巴細胞減少的晚期 復發惡性實體瘤患 者的安全性與有效 性研究》(#研究摘要 e14543) 由蘇州大學 附屬第二醫院的張 力元教授擔任首席 研究員。該研究的 結論指出,每日負荷 劑量Τα1治療可增加 外周淋巴細胞亞群 數量,此效應似乎 有利於生存獲益,可 為晚期或復發惡性 實體瘤患者在開始ICI (免疫檢查點抑制劑) 治療帶來曙光;及

2) Lifecycle management:

The continuous growth of our products in the market is fueled by our persistent clinical research and academic promotional efforts aimed at broadening their clinical use. Key outcomes of our product lifecycle management for the year 2023 include:

I) Clinical studies and publications

We have been sponsoring investigators to conduct randomized controlled trials ("RCT") and real-world studies ("RWS") to discover our marketed products' potential clinical adoptions in oncology, severe infection, vaccine and other therapeutic areas. As of the date of this annual report, we have more than 10 on-going clinical studies in China and overseas (the U.S. and Italy).

i) Research publications:

Results from two clinical trials of $T\alpha 1$ were released as online abstract by 2023 American Society of Clinical Oncology ("ASCO") Annual Meeting in May 2023. The ASCO Annual Meeting stands as the globe's most prestigious and influential scientific assembly within the clinical oncology community. Every year it highlights the latest breakthroughs in clinical oncology research and presents the most advanced cancer treatment strategies available. The two abstracts are:

a) "Safety and efficacy of loading-dose $T\alpha 1$ in patients with advanced and refractory solid tumors with lower absolute T lymphocyte" (#Abstract e14543) with Professor Zhang Liyuan (張力元) from The Second Affiliated Hospital of Soochow University (蘇州大學附屬第二醫院) as the leading principal investigator. The study concluded that a daily loading-dose $T\alpha 1$ treatment increased the number of peripheral lymphocytic subpopulations, and this effect appears to benefit survival outcomes, shedding new light for patients with advanced or refractory solid tumors when initiated ICI (immune checkpoint inhibitor) treatment; and

b) 《胸腺法新在局晚期 非小細胞肺癌(「LA-NSCLC」)接受同步 放化療(「CCRT」)序 貫免疫鞏固治療的 初步分析》(#研究摘 要 e20569)。 研究的 首席研究員為來自中 山大學腫瘤防治中 心的劉慧教授。該 研究的結論指出, 將Tα1整合到CCRT及 鞏固免疫治療中可 對 LA-NSCLC 患 者 產 生協同效應,或有 助於延長鞏固免疫 療法的使用並有利 於生存獲益。

b) "A preliminary analysis of integrating $T\alpha 1$ into concurrent chemoradiotherapy ("CCRT") and consolidative immunotherapy" (#Abstract e20569). The leading principal investigator is Professor Liu Hui (劉慧) from Sun Yat-sen University Cancer Center (中山大學腫瘤 防治中心). The study concluded that the integration of $T\alpha 1$ into CCRT and consolidative immunotherapy could yield synergistic effect in LA-NSCLC (locally advanced non-small cell lung cancer) patients. The combination might contribute to prolonged use of consolidative immunotherapy and survival benefit.

ii) 其他臨床研究: 表2:主要研究及狀況

為COVID-19疫苗 IND

增強劑

主要研究	狀況	Major Studies	Status
在1,106名患者中 進行膿毒症RCT	研究報告已 提交發表, 等待期刊回 饋	RCT for sepsis in 1,106 patients	Research report submitted for publication, awaiting the journal's feedback
Tα1聯合PD-1抗體 和阿帕替尼對晚 期胃癌療效RCT	接近完成跟 進並進行數 據清理	RCT of $T\alpha 1$ combined with PD-1 antibody and apatinib in advanced gastric cancer	Approaching the completion of follow-up and undergoing data cleaning
美國一項預防老 年血液透析患者 COVID-19感染的 Tα1試驗計劃	初步數據讀取	Pilot trial of $T\alpha 1$ to prevent COVID-19 infection in elderly renal dialysis patients in the U.S.	Preliminary data readout
Tα1在LA-NSCLC應 用CCRT的療效及 安全性RCT	完成報告草稿	RCT on the efficacy and safety of $\mbox{T}\alpha\mbox{1}$ in the application of CCRT in LANSCLC	Draft report completed
評估Tα1對LA- NSCLC根治性放化 療後免疫鞏固治 療完成率影響的 前瞻性II期對照研 究	正進行患者入組	A prospective Phase II controlled study assessing the impact of $T\alpha 1$ on the completion rate of immunological consolidation therapy after curative chemoradiotherapy for LA-NSCLC	Patient enrollment ongoing
評估術前新輔助放化療聯合PD-1 抑制劑及Tα1治療 pMMR/MSS局部晚期中低位元直腸 癌的療效及安全性的Ⅱ期研究	正進行患者 入組	Phase II study to assess the efficacy and safety of preoperative neoadjuvant chemoradiotherapy combined with a PD-1 inhibitor and $T\alpha 1$ in the treatment of pMMR/MSS locally advanced low and middle rectal cancer	Patient enrollment on- going
Τα1在老年人中作	由FDA批准	$T\alpha 1$ as an enhancer of vaccine	IND approved by FDA

ii)

Other study progresses:

Table 2: Major studies and status

response among older adults receiving

booster doses of COVID-19

//) 治療指南與共識日達仙(Τα1):

除官方適應症(用於治療慢性乙型肝炎及免疫功能受損患者的疫苗增強劑)外·Ta1已被納入若干專業協會(包括中華醫學會、中國臨床腫瘤學會(「CSCO」)、中國醫師協會及中國抗癌協會發佈的治療指南與共識。

截至2023年12月31日止年度, Tα1被納入另外三份治療指南與 共識以及一份中國全國肝癌病 患教育手冊:

- i) 《肺癌患者新型冠狀病毒 感染防治專家共識》(CSCO 及中國醫藥教育協會):
- ii) 《中國老年人新型冠狀病 毒感染居家管理指導意見 (2023)》:
- iii) 《中國肝細胞癌經動脈化療栓塞(TACE)治療臨床實踐指南(2023年版)》;及
- iv) 《中國臨床腫瘤學會患者 教育手冊 — 肝癌》。

擇泰(唑來膦酸):

II) Treatment guidelines and consensuses Zadaxin (Tα1):

In addition to official indications (for treatment of chronic hepatitis B and vaccine enhancement in patients with impaired immunity), $T\alpha 1$ has been included in treatment guidelines and consensuses issued by several professional associations including the Chinese Medical Association, the Chinese Society of Clinical Oncology ("CSCO"), Chinese Medical Doctor Association and China Anti-Cancer Association.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, $T\alpha 1$ was included in three more treatment guidelines and consensuses and also a Chinese nationwide patient education manual for liver cancer:

- i) Expert Consensus on the Prevention and Treatment of COVID-19 in Patients with Lung Cancer (CSCO and China Medical Education Association) (《肺癌患者新型冠狀病毒感染防治專家共識》);
- ii) Guidelines for Management of COVID-19 at Home for the Elderly in China (2023) (《中國老年人新型冠狀病毒感染居家管理指導意見(2023)》);
- iii) Chinese Clinical Practice Guidelines for the Treatment of Hepatocellular Carcinoma with Transarterial Chemoembolization (TACE) (2023 Edition) (《中國肝細胞癌經動脈化療栓塞(TACE)治療臨床實踐指南(2023年版)》); and
- iv) CSCO Patient Education Manual Liver Cancer (《中國臨床腫瘤學會患者教育手冊 肝癌》).

Zometa (Zoledronic Acid):

For the year ended December 31, 2023, Zoledronic Acid (the compound of Zometa) was included in one more treatment guidelines — Chinese Anti-Cancer Association Guidelines and Standards for the Diagnosis and Treatment of Breast Cancer (2024 Edition) (《中國抗癌協會乳腺癌診治指南與規範(2024年版)》) ("**Guidelines**"). It was formulated by the Breast Cancer Committee of the Chinese Anti-Cancer Association and others and published in the "Chinese Journal of Cancer" in December 2023. Zoledronic Acid is recommended by the Guidelines for use in adjuvant therapy following surgery for early-stage breast cancer.

III) 其他專業評價/推薦

- 於2023年4月, Tα1於《柳葉 刀 — 腫瘤學》(The Lancet Oncology)(影響因子為 54.43)以《中國COVID-19浪 潮中的抗癌策略》為題的評 論文章獲正面評價;及
- ii) 於2023年1月,Tα1被 納入 《上海市新型冠狀病毒感 染診治規範與分級診療流 程》並獲多間三級綜合醫 院推薦用於治療COVID-19 患者。

產品開發

近年,本公司開始通過授權引入模式開發多種在研候選藥物。我們在各個階段獲得許可並參與產品開發過程。我們參與的階段包括部分早期在研產品的IND申報到部分後期在研產品的關鍵性臨床試驗。

我們的產品開發流程通過業務開發、研發及監管事務團隊的共同努力進行。該等團隊積極尋求開發針對靶向療法、免疫療法及增強化療方案的產品,該等產品具有成為首創/同類最優產品的潛力。於2023年12月31日,我們的產品開發團隊共有約126人。

毛力博士為副總裁、研發部總經理兼首席 醫學官。毛博士為上呼吸消化道惡性腫瘤 方面的世界知名醫生及科學家,於美國及中 國擁有逾35年豐富的腫瘤學臨床實踐、臨 床和基礎研究以及領導經驗。彼已作為本 集團產品開發委員會的主席以支持產品開發。

截至本年報日期,我們已建立由10種在研候 選藥物組成的產品組合,其中6種在海外處 於Ⅲ期或後期階段並將在中國採取快速上市 策略,4種在海外或中國處於臨床前至Ⅱ期 臨床試驗的早期階段。

III) Other professional reviews/recommendations

- i) $T\alpha 1$ received positive review in a Comment article titled "Strategies for cancer-care resilience during the new COVID-19 wave in China" published in The Lancet Oncology (IF=54.43) in April 2023; and
- ii) In January 2023, $T\alpha 1$ was included in Shanghai COVID-19 Treatment Guidelines and was recommended by several Class III general hospitals in treating COVID-19 patients.

Product Development

In recent years, the Company has embarked on the development of several pipeline drug candidates via the in-licensing approach. This strategy involves acquiring licenses and engaging in the product development lifecycle at various phases. Our involvement spans from the IND filing stage for some of our early-stage pipeline products to conducting pivotal clinical trials for some of our late-stage pipeline products.

Our product development efforts are a collaborative endeavor involving our Business Development, Research & Development, and Regulatory Affair teams. These teams are dedicated to advancing the development of products focusing on targeted therapies, immunotherapy and enhanced chemotherapy options with first/best-in-class potential. As at December 31, 2023, our product development teams consisted of approximately 126 members.

Dr. Mao Li (毛力) is our Vice President, General Manager of R&D and Chief Medical Officer. Dr. Mao is a worldwide prominent physician-scientist in upper aerodigestive tract malignancies, with more than 35 years of extensive experience in clinical practice, clinical and basic research, and leadership in the field of oncology both in the U.S. and China. He chairs for the Group's Drug Development Committee to support product development.

As of the date of this annual report, we have built a portfolio of 10 pipeline drug candidates, 6 of which are in phase III or later stages overseas with a fast-to-market strategy in China, and 4 are in earlier stages from pre-clinical to phase II clinical trials overseas or in China.

下表概 並 截至本年報日期我們在研資產的作用機制、適應症/臨床應用及開發狀況。

The following table summarizes the mechanism of action, indication(s)/clinical adoptions, and development status of our pipeline assets as of the date of this annual report.

產品名稱	作用機制 Mechanism of	適應症/ 臨床應用 Indication(s)/	合作夥伴	合作夥伴於海外的狀況 Partner's	於中國的狀況
Product Name	Action	Clinical Adoptions	Partner	Overseas Status	China Status
後期:					
Late stage:					
Vibativ	對細胞壁及細胞膜的雙 重抗菌活性	HABP/VABP複雜性皮膚 及皮膚結構感染	Cumberland Pharmaceuticals (美國)	已上市	獲得臨床試驗豁免並已於2021 年9月提交NDA
Vibativ	Dual antibacterial activity on cell wall and cell membrane	HABP/VABP complicated skin and skin structure infections	Cumberland Pharmaceuticals (U.S.)	Marketed	Obtained clinical trial waiver and submitted NDA in September 2021
Orserdu® (艾拉司群)	阻隔ER的轉錄活性	ESR1突變的ER+、HER2- 晚期或mBC	Berlin-Chemie AG (德國)	已上市	正籌備臨床申請
Orserdu® (Elacestrant)	Block the transcriptional activity of the ER	ESR1 mutations in ER+, HER2- advanced or mBC	Berlin-Chemie AG (Germany)	Marketed	In preparation of clinical applications
Vaborem® (注射用美羅培南 偉博巴坦)	碳青黴烯+β-內醯胺酶 抑制劑	cUTI、cIAI、HABP、 VABP及菌血症	美納里尼集團 (意大利)	已上市	於2023年3月取得IND批准:於 2023年7月完成首例受試者入 組給藥:於2024年1月完成患者 入組
Vaborem® (Meropenem+Vaborbactam)	Carbapenem + β -lactamase inhibitor	cUTI, cIAI, HABP, VABP and Bacteremia	Menarini Group (Italy)	Marketed	Obtained IND approval in March 2023; first subject dosed in July 2023; subject enrollment completed in Jan 2024

產品名稱 Product Name	作用機制 Mechanism of Action	適應症/ 臨床應用 Indication(s)/ Clinical Adoptions	合作夥伴 Partner	合作夥伴於海外 <mark>的狀</mark> 況 Partner's Overseas Status	於中國的狀況 China Status
Danyelza®(那西妥單抗)	靶向GD2	高危神經母細胞瘤	Y-mAbs Therapeutics, Inc. (美國)	於2020年11月從FDA 取得BLA	於2023年7月正式商業化:於 2023年6月於澳門取得BLA批 准:於2023年1月於香港提交 BLA
Danyelza® (naxitamab)	Targeting GD2	High risk neuroblastoma	Y-mAbs Therapeutics, Inc. (U.S.)	Obtained BLA from FDA in November 2020	Officially commercialized in July 2023; obtained BLA approval in Macau in June 2023; submitted BLA in Hong Kong in January 2023
		那西妥單抗及GM-CSF 聯合伊立替康及替莫唑 胺用於高危神經母細胞 瘤患者(203號研究)		正在進行美國Ⅱ期試 驗	正準備患者入組
		Naxitamab and GM-CSF in combination with IT in patients with high-risk neuroblastoma (Study 203)		US Phase II trial on- going	Patient enrollment on-going
		復發二線骨肉瘤		正在進行美國II期試 驗	正準備提交IND
		Relapsed second-line osteosarcoma		US Phase II trial on- going	In preparation of IND submission
Omburtamab	靶向B7-H3表達細胞	CNS /神經母細胞瘤的軟腦膜轉移	Y-mAbs Therapeutics, Inc. (美國)	於2021年4月向EMA 提交MAA	_
Omburtamab	Targeting B7-H3– expressing cells	CNS/leptomeningeal metastasis from neuroblastoma	Y-mAbs Therapeutics, Inc. (U.S.)	Submitted MAA to EMA in April 2021	_
RRx-001	Myc抑制劑及CD47- SIRPα通路拮抗劑	小細胞肺癌	EpicentRx, Inc. (美國)	正在進行美國Ⅲ期試 驗	正在進行三線及以上SCLC III 期研究的患者入組
RRx-001	Myc inhibitor and antagonist of CD47- SIRPα pathway	Small cell lung cancer	EpicentRx, Inc. (U.S.)	US Phase III trial on- going	Phase III study of 3rd and beyond SCLC patient enrollment on-going
		結直腸癌		已完成美國II期 (+伊立替康)	_
		Colorectal cancer		US Phase II (+irinotecan) completed	_

產品名稱 Product Name	作用機制 Mechanism of Action	適應症/ 臨床應用 Indication(s)/ Clinical Adoptions	合作夥伴 Partner	合作夥伴於海外的狀況 Partner's Overseas Status	於中國的狀況 China Status
早期: Early stage:					
PEN-866	HSP90-SN38微型偶聯物	實體瘤	Tarveda Therapeutics (美國)	正在進行美國Ⅱ期籃 子試驗	於2022年6月獲得對第一/二 期肺癌的IND批准
PEN-866	Mini-conjugate of HSP90-SN38	Solid tumors	Tarveda Therapeutics (U.S.)	US Phase II basket trial On-going	Obtained IND approval for Phase I/II in lung cancer in June 2022
HSP90-PI3K SMDC	HSP90-PI3K微型偶聯物	實體瘤		臨床前	致力進行先導偶聯物優化
HSP90-PI3K SMDC	Mini-conjugate of HSP90-PI3K	Solid tumors		Pre-clinical	Spared efforts in lead conjugate optimization
PT-112	含鉑化合物	晚期前列腺癌	Phosplatin Therapeutics (美國)	正在進行美國Ⅱ期試 驗	已完成2a期試驗
PT-112	Platinum-containing compounds	Late stage prostate cancer 膽管癌 Cholangiocarcinoma	Phosplatin Therapeutics (U.S.)	US Phase II trial on- going 已完成美國I期試驗 (+吉西他濱) US Phase I trial (+gemicitabine)	Completed Phase 2a trial
ABTL-0812	Akt/mTOR抑制劑	子宮內膜/肺/胰腺癌	Ability Pharma (西班牙)	completed 已完成歐盟2b期試驗	已獲得IND
ABTL-0812	Akt/mTOR inhibitor	Endometrial/lung/ pancreatic cancer	Ability Pharma (Spain)	EU Phase 2b on-going	Obtained IND

1) 主要在研產品里程牌:

• Orserdu:於2023年11月,本公司與美納里尼集團旗下Berlin-Chemie AG訂立許可協議,授權本集團根據此前美納里尼與Radius Health, Inc.的總許可協議於中國獨家開發及商業化Orserdu(「許可協議」)。

Orserdu為第一個也是唯一一個專門用於治療具有ESR1突變的ER+、HER2-晚期或mBC患者的療法,其獲FDA授予的優先審批資格與快速通道認定並於2023年1月獲FDA批准,隨後亦於2023年9月獲歐盟委員會批准。

1) Key pipeline milestones:

 Orserdu: in November 2023, the Company and Berlin-Chemie AG, Menarini Group entered into a license agreement, granting the Group the exclusive right to develop and commercialize Orserdu in China, under Menarini's head license agreement with Radius Health, Inc (the "License Agreement").

Orserdu is the "first and only" treatment specifically indicated for patients with ESR1 mutations in ER+, HER2- advanced or mBC with the approval from the FDA under its priority review and fast track designation in January 2023, and subsequently from the European Commission in September 2023.

據世界衛生組織國際癌症研究 機構於2020年12月發佈的統計 數據顯示,乳腺癌已超越肺癌 成為全球最常見的癌症,中國 佔全球乳腺癌新發病例總數的 18%。 約70% 的 乳 腺 癌 病 例 為 HR+、HER2-, 而 高 達40% 的 ER+、HER2- 晚期或mBC病例 患者出現 ESR1突變。對於患有 HR+/HER2-mBC 且 無 廣 泛 內 臟 受累的絕經前及絕經後婦女, 序貫內分泌治療(「ETI)被認為是 主流治療方法。然而, ESR1突 變為標準 ET 耐藥性的一個已知 驅 動 因 素 , 迄 今 為 止 一 直 難 以 治療。Orserdu為一種口服選擇 性雌激素受體降解劑(「SERD」), 用於治療具有ESR1突變的ER+、 HER2-腫瘤,每日使用一次,是 近20年來乳腺癌內分泌治療領 域的首次創新。

根據許可協議,賽生藥業將利 用其開發能力開展臨床試驗, 並利用其在銷售、營銷及監管 方面的專業知識在中國獲得批 准後分銷Orserdu。

2023年里程碑

— 2023年11月簽訂許可協議 後,本公司開始籌備在中 國的臨床申請。

報告期後(預期)里程碑

- 本公司將於海南博鰲及大 灣區發掘試點推出機會。
- Vaborem: 於2022年8月, 本集團與美納里尼集團旗下A. Menarini Asia-Pacific Holdings Pte. Ltd. (「美納里尼亞太公司」) 訂立許可及合作協議,授權本集團根據此前美納里尼亞太公司與Melinta Therapeutics的總許可協議於中國獨家開發及商業化 Vaborem。

Breast cancer has overtaken lung cancer as the world's mostly commonly-diagnosed cancer and China accounted for 18% of the total number of new breast cancer cases worldwide, according to statistics released by the International Agency for Research on Cancer of World Health Organization in December 2020. Approximately 70% of breast cancer cases are HR+, HER2- and up to 40% of ER+, HER2-advanced or mBC cases present with ESR1 mutations. Sequential endocrine therapy ("ET") is considered the mainstay treatment for premenopausal and postmenopausal women with HR+/HER2 mBC without extensive visceral involvement. However, ESR1 mutations are a known driver of resistance to standard ET, and so far, have been difficult to treat. Orserdu, an oral selective estrogen receptor degrader ("SERD") developed as a once-daily treatment for ER+, HER2- tumors that harbor ESR1 mutations, represents the first innovation in ET in nearly 20 years.

Under the License Agreement, SciClone will utilize its development capability to proceed with clinical trials and employ its sales, marketing and regulatory expertise to distribute Orserdu, upon approval in China.

Milestone in 2023

 Following the signing of the License Agreement in November 2023, the Company commenced the preparation of clinical applications within China.

Post-Reporting Period (Expected) Milestones

- The Company will explore pilot launch opportunities in Bo'ao of Hainan and the Greater Bay Area.
- Vaborem: in August 2022, the Group and A. Menarini Asia-Pacific Holdings Pte. Ltd., part of The Menarini Group ("Menarini Asia-Pacific"), entered into a license and collaboration agreement granting the Group the exclusive right to develop and commercialize Vaborem in China under Menarini Asia-Pacific's head license agreement with Melinta Therapeutics.

Vaborem is a fixed-dose combination of a carbapenem and a novel boronic acid β -lactamase inhibitor of class A and Class C serine β -lactamase. Vaborbactam can inhibit various class A and class C β -lactamases, so it protects meropenem from degradation by serine carbapenemases, restoring meropenem's activity against carbapenem-resistant strains. Vaborem has been specifically developed to inhibit carbapenem-resistant enterobacterales ("CRE") including the commonly found Klebsiella pneumoniae carbapenemase ("KPC")-producing bacteria.

CRE has become a public health threat worldwide, which the World Health Organization has listed as one of the three critical pathogens in need of new antimicrobial options. The incidence of carbapenem-resistant Klebsiella pneumonia (CR-KP) infections is rising fast in China over the last 10 years according to CHINET. Rates of mortality in patients with invasive infections caused by CRE have been reported high but antimicrobial agents with activity against CRE are few in number and often associated with significant toxicities and/or suboptimal pharmacokinetic parameters.

Currently Vaborem has been granted marketing authorizations in the U.S. and the European Union, among other countries and regions, for adults with cUTI including pyelonephritis. In select territories, it has also been approved for the treatment of complicated intra-abdominal infections ("cIAI"), hospital-acquired bacterial pneumonia ("HABP") and ventilator-associated bacterial pneumonia ("VABP"). Once approved in China, Vaborem will meet significant unmet medical needs in the country.

2023年里程碑

- 一 於2023年3月,國家藥監局 批准本公司Vaborem的IND 申請;
- 一 於2023年7月, Vaborem 在中國開展的Ⅲ期臨床試驗已成功完成首例受試者入組給藥。

報告期後(預期)里程碑

- 於2024年1月, Vaborem 在中國開展的Ⅲ期臨床試驗已完成患者招募;
- 一 本公司計劃於2024年在中國提交 Vaborem 的 NDA申請。

Milestone in 2023

- In March 2023, the NMPA approved the Company's IND application for Vaborem;
- In July 2023, the first subject has been dosed in the Phase III clinical trial of Vaborem in China.

Post-Reporting Period (Expected) Milestones

- In January 2024, subject enrollment was completed in the Phase III clinical trial of Vaborem in China;
- The Company plans to submit NDA in China for Vaborem in 2024.
- Danyelza® (Naxitamab) ("Danyelza"): Danyelza is the first humanized, monoclonal antibody targeting GD2, a tumor antigen on the cell surface of neuroblastoma. It was approved by the FDA in November 2020 and by the NMPA in China in December 2022 for the treatment, in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colonystimulating factor ("GM-CSF"), of pediatric patients of 1 year of age and older and adult patients with relapsed or refractory high-risk neuroblastoma in the bone or bone marrow who have demonstrated a partial response, minor response, or stable disease to prior therapy (the "Indication").

In addition to demonstrated clinical benefits, Danyelza has the advantages of convenient administration and high patient compliance. It has short infusion time (30–60 minutes), which makes it possible to be administered in outpatient setting. There is no requirement of pretreatment with autologous stem cell transplant or combination with IL-2 (Interleukin-2) therapy when patients receive Danyelza.

除治療適應症外,我們的業務合作夥伴Y-mAbs Therapeutics, Inc. (「Y-mAbs」)正在擴大那西妥單抗的適應症,如那西妥單抗及GM-CSF聯合伊立替康及替莫唑胺(「IT」)用於高危神經母細胞瘤患者(「203號研究」)及復發二線骨肉瘤(正在進行||期試驗)。

於2022年6月,本公司的203號研究已獲國家藥監局的IND批准。 203號研究是一項國際、單臂、 多中心的II期臨床試驗。這將是 中國研究中心首次參與神經母 細胞瘤免疫治療的國際多中心 臨床研究並作為重要組成部份。

2023年里程碑

- 一 於2023年1月,本公司於香港遞交達佑澤的生物製品 許可申請(「BLA」):
- 一 於2023年6月,本公司於澳門取得達佑澤的BLA批准;
- 一 於2023年7月1日, 達 佑 澤 於中國正式商業化上市: 及
- 本公司已開始203號研究的 患者招募。

報告期後(預期)里程碑

— 本公司預期於2024年完成 203號研究的患者招募。

Except for the Indication, our partner Y-mAbs Therapeutics, Inc. ("Y-mAbs") is expanding naxitamab's indications such as naxitamab and GM-CSF in combination with irinotecan and temozolomide (IT) in patients with high-risk neuroblastoma (Study 203) and relapsed second-line osteosarcoma (both are Phase II trials on-going).

In June 2022, the Company obtained IND approval for Study 203 from the NMPA. Study 203 is an international single-arm, multicentre, Phase II clinical trial. It is the first time that Chinese research centres join and play an important role in international multicentre clinical study of immunotherapy on neuroblastoma.

Milestones in 2023

- In January 2023, the Company submitted Biologics License Application ("BLA") of Danyelza in Hong Kong;
- In June 2023, obtained BLA approval for Danyelza in Macau;
- On July 1, 2023, Danyelza was officially commercial launched in China; and
- The Company initiated patient enrollment for Study 203.

Post-Reporting Period (Expected) Milestones

 The Company expects to complete patient enrollment for Study 203 in 2024.

The Company cannot guarantee that it will be able to develop, or ultimately market, any of the products in its pipeline successfully. Our ongoing investment in product development or research might not translate into financial gains. Shareholders and potential investors of the Company are advised to exercise due care when dealing in the Shares of the Company.

展望

國際貨幣基金組織表示,反通脹及穩定增長已減輕2024年全球經濟出現嚴重倒退的風險。雖然前景樂觀·本公司仍面對充滿挑戰的營商環境。我們致力通過共同努力力業務所有方面作出影響深遠的進展。我們的目標為對患者、投資者及廣大社區健康作出貢獻,堅定履行我們「給生命以希望」的使命。

2024年最優先事項:

- 持續拓展行銷渠道,加強市場推廣及 商業化活動方面的投入;
- 2) 推動日達仙於傳染病方面的臨床實證的分析和發表,包括在美國疫苗(比如 COVID-19疫苗)增強劑的研究,並通過與PD-1/PD-L1聯合治療擴大腫瘤治療適應症;
- 3) 在中國提交Vaborem治療cUTI(包括腎 盂腎炎)的NDA;
- 4) 於海南博鰲及大灣區發掘試點推出 Orserdu的機會:
- 5) 進行RRx-001 III期臨床試驗的中期分析;
- 6) 於腫瘤及重症感染領域授權引入創新 資產:
- 7) 更深入廣泛地與包括輝瑞和百特在內 的合作夥伴進行合作;及
- 8) 聘請臨床運營及項目管理的關鍵主管級別職位,通過多項全球研究建立臨床開發能力。

Outlook

The International Monetary Fund has indicated that, thanks to disinflation and stable growth, the risk of a severe downturn in the global economy for 2024 has diminished. Despite this positive outlook, our company still faces a challenging business environment. We are committed to harnessing our collective efforts to make impactful progress in all aspects of our business. Our goal is to contribute to the well-being of our patients, investors, and the broader community, steadfastly upholding our mission to "give life hope".

Top priorities in 2024:

- Continuously expand marketing channels and strengthen investment in market promotion and commercialization activities;
- Drive clinical evidence analysis and publication on Zadaxin in infectious diseases, including adjuvant for vaccines (such as the COVID-19 vaccine) in the U.S., and expand therapy indications in oncology through combination therapy with PD-1/PD-L1;
- 3) Submit NDA in China of Vaborem for cUTI including pyelonephritis;
- 4) Explore pilot launch opportunities of Orserdu in Bo'ao of Hainan and the Greater Bay Area;
- 5) Conduct interim analysis of RRx-001 Phase III clinical trial;
- 6) License-in innovative assets in oncology and severe infection;
- 7) Enhance more in-depth and extensive cooperation with partners, including collaboration with Pfizer and Baxter; and
- 8) Hire key senior level positions of clinical operations and project management, and build clinical development capability through multiple global studies.

管理層討論及分析 Management Discussion And Analysis

業績回顧

PERFORMANCE REVIEW

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended December 31

		Ye	ear ended L	December 31,	
		2023年		2022年	
		2023		2022	
		人民幣		人民幣	
		百萬元	%*	百萬元	%*
		RMB million	%*	RMB million	%*
收入	Revenue	3,155.6	100.0	2,749.7	100.0
收入成本	Cost of revenue	(799.4)	(25.3)	(679.2)	(24.7)
毛利	Gross profit	2,356.2	74.7	2,070.5	75.3
銷售及營銷開支	Selling and marketing expenses	(712.8)	(22.6)	(627.7)	(22.8)
行政開支	Administrative expenses	(257.3)	(8.2)	(225.0)	(8.2)
研發開支	R&D expenses	(170.7)	(5.4)	(123.9)	(4.5)
其他收入	Other income	41.8	1.3	12.1	0.4
其他虧損淨額	Other losses, net	(52.1)	(1.7)	(155.4)	(5.7)
// \\ /					
經營利潤	Operating profit	1,205.1	38.2	950.6	34.6
財務收入	Finance income	70.5	2.2	36.1	1.3
財務成本	Finance costs	(58.2)	(1.8)	(46.6)	(1.7)
財務收入/(成本)淨額	Finance income/(costs), net	12.3	0.4	(10.5)	(0.4)
\ / / \					
所得税前利潤	Profit before income tax	1,217.4	38.6	940.1	34.2
所得税開支	Income tax expenses	(95.5)	(3.0)	(84.7)	(3.1)
本公司擁有人應佔年內利潤	Profit for the year attributable to				
y () "	the owner of the Company	1,121.9	35.6	855.4	31.1

^{*} 由於約整,數字總和未必為100%

^{*} Number may not add up to 100% due to rounding

管理層討論及分析 Management Discussion And Analysis

收入 Revenue

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended December 31

		re	ar ended L	recember 31,	
		2023年		2022年	<u> </u>
		2023		2022	
		人民幣		人民幣	
		百萬元	%	百萬元	%
		RMB million	%	RMB million	%
自有產品	Proprietary product	2,630.7	83.4	2,168.3	78.9
為業務合作夥伴銷售	Promotion products for business				
推廣產品	partners	379.0	12.0	358.9	13.0
授權引入產品	In-licensed products	145.9	4.6	222.5	8.1
合計	Total	3,155.6	100.0	2,749.7	100.0

截至2023年12月31日止年度,我們的收入增長至約人民幣3,155.6百萬元,較去年增長約14.8%。

For the year ended December 31, 2023, our revenue grew to approximately RMB3,155.6 million, up by approximately 14.8% over last year.

自有產品

日達仙的銷售收入由去年的人民幣2,168.3 百萬元增加人民幣462.3百萬元或21.3%至 2023年的人民幣2,630.7百萬元。

在2023年度一些傳染病發展期間,市場對日達仙的需求出現上升。此外,醫生及患者認可的臨床優點、通過數字化GTP模式提升其可及性以及擴大臨床應用,也對日達仙的銷售有所推動。

 $T\alpha1$ 為一種免疫調節多肽,可刺激先天性及適應性的免疫反應,逆轉T-細胞衰竭及恢復免疫重建,更被廣泛應用於治療病毒感染、免疫缺陷病和癌症。COVID-19疫情後,公眾更理解及認可免疫調節於增強免疫力方面的作用和益處以及 $T\alpha1$ 的療效。

Proprietary product

Revenue from sales of Zadaxin increased by RMB462.3 million, or 21.3% from RMB2,168.3 million last year to RMB2,630.7 million in 2023.

With increased prevalence in infectious diseases in 2023, there was an uptick in demand for Zadaxin. Additionally, the clinical benefits recognized by doctors and patients, improved accessibility through the digitized GTP model, and expanded clinical applications also contributed to the sales of Zadaxin.

 $T\alpha 1$ is an immunomodulating polypeptide that can stimulate both innate and adaptive immune responses, reverse T-cell exhaustion, and recover immune reconstitution. It has been widely used for the treatment of viral infection, immunodeficiency and cancer. In the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic, there has been an increased public understanding and acceptance of the role and benefits of immune modulation in enhancing immunity and the efficacy of $T\alpha 1$.

We generate revenue of Zadaxin primarily through the sales to our exclusive importer and distributor in China. In compliance with the "two-invoice system", after our sales of Zadaxin to the exclusive importer, it clears the products through customs of China as an imported drug and distributes further to hospitals and pharmacies. In November 2021, the Company entered into an import and distribution agreement to engage Shanghai Pharmaceutical Lin-gang Special Area Co., Ltd. (上藥國際供應鍵有限公司), one of our non-substantial shareholders, as our exclusive importer and distributor of Zadaxin in China. For Zadaxin's overseas sales, such as in South Korea, Thailand, Argentina, Italy and Cambodia, we primarily rely on overseas partners to handle marketing, promotion, sales and distribution.

管理層討論及分析

Management Discussion And Analysis

為業務合作夥伴銷售推廣產品

為業務合作夥伴銷售推廣產品所得收入由去年的人民幣358.9百萬元增加人民幣20.2 百萬元(或5.6%)至2023年的人民幣379.0百萬元。

於2023年,我們加深與輝瑞的合作關係,在 合作中加入開普拓,索坦及多澤潤等三款 新產品。其中,開普拓與索坦已於年內開始 產生收入,為推廣產品的銷售增長作出貢獻。

於2023年末,我們為業務合作夥伴銷售的推廣產品包括為輝瑞推廣及銷售的法祿達、甲氨蝶呤、艾去適、開普拓,索坦及多澤潤,以及為百特推廣及銷售的和樂生、美司鈉及安道生。

授權引入產品

截至2023年12月31日止年度,授權引入產品的收入由去年的人民幣222.5百萬元下跌至人民幣145.9百萬元,該變動主要歸因於多項因素:自2022年第四季度以來進行第七批帶量採購(「VBP」)導致擇泰業績有所下降,而達佑澤於2023年下半年正式商業化上市後導致其銷售額上升。

• 達佑澤

於2020年12月,我們自Y-mAbs獲得授權引入達佑澤。為在獲得國家藥監局的BLA批准前加快向中國兒科患者提供該創新治療,本公司已分別於2021年6月及12月在海南博鰲樂城國際醫由國(天津)自屆試點及中國(天津)自由海南及天津的銷售外,於2022年1月,達佑澤根據台灣特別進口政策開始於當地產生收入。

於2023年7月1日,達佑澤已正式商業 化上市。達佑澤於多省市獲納入約50 份惠民保特藥目錄,可為重大疾病提 供基礎醫療保險的補充保障。

Promotion products for business partners

Revenue from sales of promotion products for business partners increased by RMB20.2 million, or 5.6% from RMB358.9 million for last year to RMB379.0 million in 2023.

In 2023, we deepened our partnership with Pfizer by adding three new products, Campto, Sutent and Vizimpro, to our collaboration. Of these, Campto and Sutent began to generate revenue within the year, contributing to the sales growth of promotion products.

By the end of 2023, our promotion products for business partners include Farlutal, Methotrexate, Estracyt, Campto, Sutent and Vizimpro which we promote and sell for Pfizer, and Holoxan, Mesna and Endoxan, which we promote and sell for Baxter.

In-licensed products

For the year ended December 31, 2023, our revenue of in-licensed products decreased to RMB145.9 million, down from RMB222.5 million in the preceding year. This change was primarily attributed to a juxtaposition of factors: the performance of Zometa has experienced a decline following the execution of the seventh batch of volume-based procurement ("VBP") since the final quarter of 2022, while sales of Danyelza increased due to its official commercial launch in the latter half of 2023.

Danyelza

In December 2020, we in-licensed Danyelza from Y-mAbs. In order to accelerate provision of this innovative therapy to pediatric patients in China prior to the BLA approval by the NMPA, the Company had pilot launch of Danyelza in Hainan Bo'Ao Lecheng International Medical Tourism Pilot Zone and China (Tianjin) Pilot Free Trade Zone in June and December 2021, respectively. Except for selling to Hainan and Tianjin, in January 2022, Danyelza started to generate revenue from Taiwan based on local special import policy.

On July 1, 2023, Danyelza was officially commercial launched. It has been included in approximately 50 special drug lists under Hui Min Bao (惠民保) across various provinces and cities, providing supplement coverage on top of the basic medical insurance for severe diseases.

管理層討論及分析 Management Discussion And Analysis

收入成本

截至2023年12月31日止年度,我們的收入成本由去年的人民幣679.2百萬元增加17.7%至人民幣799.4百萬元,主要由於產品成本上升人民幣114.7百萬元。

我們通過行業領先且聲譽良好的CMO Patheon Italia生產我們的自有產品日達仙。 我們根據與業務合作夥伴訂立的供應協議 從該等業務合作夥伴購買授權引入產品, 包括諾華(就擇泰而言)、Vectan Pharm(就 諾彌可而言)及Y-mAbs(就達佑澤而言)。我 們的生產質量管理標準符合我們運營所在 各個市場的良好生產規範(GMP)。

下表載列我們於所示期間按金額劃分的收入成本佔總收入成本的百分比以及佔總收入的百分比:

Cost of revenue

For the year ended December 31, 2023 our cost of revenue rose by 17.7% to RMB799.4 million, up from RMB679.2 million for the previous year, primarily due to an RMB114.7 million increase in product costs.

We manufacture our proprietary product, Zadaxin, through Patheon Italia, an industry-leading and highly reputable CMO. We purchased in-licensed products from our partners, including Zometa from Novartis, Oravig from Vectan Pharm and Danyelza from Y-mAbs under the supply agreements with them. Our production quality management standards remain complied with Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) in various markets where we have operations.

The following table sets forth our cost of revenue by amount, as a percentage of total cost of revenue and as a percentage of total revenues for the periods indicated:

截至12月31日止年度 Vear ended December 31

		Year ended December 31,					
		2023年			2022年		
			2023			2022	
		人民幣		佔收入	人民幣		佔收入
		百萬元	%	百分比	百萬元	%	百分比
		RMB		% of	RMB		% of
		million	%	Revenue	million	%	Revenue
產品成本	Product costs	560.9	70.2	17.8	446.2	65.7	16.2
無形資產攤銷	Amortization of intangible assets	125.7	15.7	4.0	99.7	14.7	3.6
貨運、倉庫及物流	Freight, warehouse and logistic						
成本	costs	80.9	10.1	2.6	85.3	12.6	3.1
其他	Others	31.9	4.0	0.9	48.0	7.0	1.8
合計	Total	799.4	100.0	25.3	679.2	100.0	24.7

產品成本大幅增加,乃主要受兩大因素影響: 產品收入增長及歐洲通脹率高企的影響。 尤其於2022年第四季度意大利通脹飈升, 更推高我們於2023年的生產成本。為應對 成本上升,我們需在2024年尋求各種節流 措施。

貨運、倉庫及物流開支於2023年有所下跌, 因為國際能源緊張局勢得以緩解及中國於 2023年初重新通關後復航班次增多。攤銷 費用增加乃由於我們於2022年末向許可方作 出若干銷售里程碑付款。 Our product costs saw a marked increase, mainly due to two factors: rising product revenue and the effects of high inflation rates in Europe. Specifically, a surge in inflation in Italy during the last quarter of 2022 significantly elevated our manufacturing costs in 2023. To counteract these rising costs, we need to actively pursue a range of cost-saving measures.

Freight, warehouse and logistic expenses fell in 2023 because of the easing of international energy tension and resumption of more flights after China reopened in early 2023. Amortization expenses increased as we made certain sales milestone payment to a licensor at the end of 2022.

管理層討論及分析

Management Discussion And Analysis

毛利

於2023年,我們的毛利由去年的人民幣2,070.5百萬元增加人民幣285.7百萬元或13.8%至人民幣2,356.2百萬元。我們的毛利率由去年的75.3%減少0.6個百分點至2023年的74.7%,乃主要受到上述成本增加的影響。

銷售及營銷開支

我們的銷售及營銷開支由去年的人民幣627.8百萬元增加人民幣85.1百萬元(或13.5%)至2023年的人民幣712.8百萬元,主要由於以下因素所致:

- 1) 隨著銷售及營銷團隊的擴大以及銷量 增長,僱員薪酬及銷售激勵花紅增加 人民幣33.6百萬元(或8.6%);及
- 2) 由於業務推廣活動因中國COVID-19防疫限制獲解除而恢復,因此差旅及會議開支增加人民幣31.3百萬元。

未來公司將會有更多新產品上市,銷售及營銷開支可能會進一步增加。我們將繼續有效管理及監察該等開支,確保維持可持續 及均衡的財務健康。

行政開支

我們的行政開支由去年的人民幣225.0百萬元增加人民幣32.3百萬元(或14.4%)至2023年的人民幣257.3百萬元,主要由於員工成本及差旅及會議開支增加所致。

研發開支

於2023年,我們的研發開支由2022年的人 民幣123.9百萬元增加37.8%至人民幣170.7 百萬元,乃由於我們多個主要產品開發項目 及擴大產品開發團隊有所進展。研發開支 增加反映我們致力加快產品管線及提升研 發能力,我們預期將來會持續增加此方面 投入。

Gross Profit

In 2023, our gross profit rose by RMB285.7 million, or 13.8%, reaching RMB2,356.2 million, up from RMB2,070.5 million in the preceding year. Our gross margin decreased by 0.6 ppt to 74.7% in 2023 from 75.3% the year before, which was primarily affected by cost increase as outlined above.

Selling and Marketing Expenses

Our selling and marketing expenses increased by RMB85.1 million, or 13.5%, to RMB712.8 million in 2023 from RMB627.8 million last year, which was mainly due to:

- the rise in employee salaries and sales incentive bonuses, collectively totaling RMB33.6 million or a 8.6% increase, coupled with the growth of our sales and marketing team and an uptick in sales; and
- 2) the expansion of travel and meeting expenses by RMB31.3 million attributed to the resurgence of business promotion activities following the lifting of COVID-19 restrictions in China.

In the future, as the company introduces more new products to the market, sales and marketing expenditures may further increase. We will continue to effectively manage and monitor these expenses to ensure the maintenance of sustainable and balanced financial health.

Administrative Expenses

Our administrative expenses increased by RMB32.3 million, or 14.4% to RMB257.3 million in 2023 from RMB225.0 million last year, which was primarily attributable to the increase of staff cost and travel and meeting expenses.

Research and Development Expenses

In 2023, our research and development expenses rose by 37.8% to RMB170.7 million, up from RMB123.9 million for 2022, which was driven by the progression of several key product development projects and the growth of product development team. The increase of R&D expenses reflected our commitment to accelerating product pipeline and bolstering our R&D prowess, and we expect to continue increase our investment in this area in the future.

管理層討論及分析 Management Discussion And Analysis

其他虧損淨額

於2023年,其他虧損淨額由2022年的人民幣155.4百萬元減少人民幣103.3百萬元(或66.5%)至人民幣52.1百萬元。

由於2022年市場下行以致一項投資錄得公允價值虧損,本公司錄得一次性成本人民幣80.5百萬元,而於2023年並未錄得該成本。此外,隨著2023年的人民幣兑美元匯率與2022年相比微升,匯兑虧損減少人民幣45.2百萬元。

經營利潤

由於上述原因,我們於2023年的經營利潤 為人民幣1,205.1百萬元,而2022年的經營利 潤為人民幣950.6百萬元。

財務收入/(成本)淨額

我們於2023年的財務收入淨額為人民幣12.3 百萬元,而2022年的財務成本為人民幣10.5 百萬元。該變動主要由於財務收入隨著利率上升及現金池增加而上升。雖然銀行借款利率亦有所上升,但我們於2023年結清了全部未償還本金,包括到期償還的貸款還款。

所得税開支

我們的所得税開支由去年的人民幣84.7百萬 元增加至2023年的人民幣95.5百萬元,乃主 要由於年內所得税前利潤的增加。

年內利潤

由於上述原因,我們於2023年的年內利潤 為人民幣1,121.9百萬元,較去年的利潤人民 幣855.4百萬元增長31.2%。

Other Losses, Net

In 2023, net other losses reduced by RMB103.3 million, or 66.5%, to RMB52.1 million from RMB155.4 million for 2022.

Due to the fair value loss on an investment amid a declining market in 2022, the Company incurred a one-off cost of RMB80.5 million that did not repeat in 2023. Additionally, the foreign exchange loss reduced by RMB45.2 million as RMB experienced a slight appreciation against the USD in 2023 compared with 2022.

Operating Profit

As a result of the foregoing, our operating profit was RMB1,205.1 million in 2023, compared to RMB950.6 million in 2022.

Finance Income/(Costs), Net

In 2023 we had net finance income of RMB12.3 million, a shift from the finance costs of RMB10.5 million in 2022. The change was largely due to an uptick in finance income from higher interest rates and larger cash pool. Although interest rate of our bank borrowings also increased, we managed to settle all outstanding principal amounts, including scheduled due and loan repayment, within 2023.

Income Tax Expenses

Our income tax expense increased to RMB95.5 million in 2023 from RMB84.7 million last year, which was primarily due to the increase of profit before income tax during the year.

Profit for the Year

As a result of the foregoing, our profit for the year was RMB1,121.9 million in 2023, compared to the profit of RMB855.4 million last year, up by 31.2%.

管理層討論及分析

Management Discussion And Analysis

其他財務資料

資本結構

本集團維持穩健的財務狀況。償還銀行貸款後,我們的總資產由截至2022年12月31日的人民幣4,320.4百萬元減少至截至2023年12月31日的人民幣4,000.3百萬元。該償還亦直接導致負債由2022年12月31日的人民幣1,328.2百萬元大幅減少至2023年12月31日的人民幣735.2百萬元。

流動資金、財務資源及資產負債水平

我們過往主要以經營所得現金,其次以股權及債務融資滿足現金需求。我們在現金及財務管理方面採取審慎的庫務政策。為實現更好的風險控制及盡量降低資金成本,我們的庫務活動集中。現金一般存作主要以人民幣計值的短期存款。我們會定期檢討我們的流動資金及融資需求。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,我們的現金及現金等價物以及現金存款(3至12個月或以浮動利率計息)合共為人民幣2,219.8百萬元,主要以人民幣計值。展望未來,我們相信,我們的流動資金需求將通過經營活動產生現金、所收本公司全球發售所得款項淨額、以及不時從資本市場籌集的其他資金的組入不時從資本市場籌集的其他資金的組行,較輕至2023年12月31日止年度增加約人民幣220.7百萬元或18.6%。

截至2023年12月31日,我們並無未動用銀行融資。我們於2023年11月償還所有貸款餘額,截至2023年12月31日,並無銀行借款。我們將考慮新融資,同時在預期新投資或銀行貸款到期時保持適當資產負債水平。

截至2023年12月31日,我們的資產負債比率 (總負債除以總資產)為18.4%(截至2022年 12月31日為30.7%)。

或有負債

截至2023年12月31日,我們並無任何重大或 有負債。

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Capital Structure

The Company has sustained a robust and stable financial standing. Our total assets decreased to RMB4,000.3 million as at December 31, 2023 from RMB4,320.4 million as at December 31, 2022, following the repayment of bank loans. This repayment also directly contributed to a significant reduction of the liabilities to RMB735.2 million as at December 31, 2023 from RMB1,328.2 million as at December 31, 2022.

Liquidity, Financial Resources, and Gearing

We have historically funded our cash requirements principally from cash generated from operations, and to a lesser extent, equity and debt financing. We adopt prudent treasury policies in cash and financial management. To achieve better risk control and minimize cost of funds, our treasury activities are centralized. Cash is generally placed in short-term deposits mostly denominated in RMB. Our liquidity and financing requirements are reviewed regularly.

As of December 31, 2023, we had cash and cash equivalents and cash deposits (from 3 to 12 months or in floating rates) together of RMB2,219.8 million, which were predominantly denominated in RMB. Going forward, we believe that our liquidity requirements will be satisfied by using a combination of cash generated from operating activities, the net proceeds received from the global offering of the Company and other funds raised from the capital markets from time to time. For the year ended December 31, 2023, our operating cash flow reached approximately RMB1,404.3 million, approximately RMB220.7 million or 18.6% higher than that of year ended December 31, 2022.

As of December 31, 2023, we had no unutilized banking facilities. We repaid all the loan balances in November 2023 and there was no bank borrowing as at December 31, 2023. We will consider new financing while maintaining an appropriate level of gearing in anticipation of new investments.

As of December 31, 2023, we had a gearing ratio (total liabilities over total assets) of 18.4% (30.7% as of December 31, 2022).

Contingent Liabilities

As of December 31, 2023, we did not have any material contingent liabilities.

管理層討論及分析 Management Discussion And Analysis

資本開支

我們的資本開支主要包括與辦公用途相關的物業及設備的購買以及無形資產的購買支出。我們的資本開支由去年的人民幣196.1百萬元變為截至2023年12月31日止年度的人民幣77.6百萬元。我們計劃使用本公司經營所得現金及全球發售所得款項淨額為我們的計劃資本開支提供資金。

重大收購及日後重大投資計劃

本公司於截至2023年12月31日止年度並無進行任何重大收購或投資。於本年報日期,我們並無重大收購或出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業的具體未來計劃。

所持重大投資

截至2023年12月31日,我們並無持有任何重 大投資。於本年報日期,我們並無對重大 投資或資本資產有具體未來計劃。

外匯風險管理

我們的附屬公司主要在開曼群島、中國內地及香港營運,並面臨貨幣風險敞口(主要涉及人民幣)帶來的外匯風險。外匯風險之主要來自在我們收到或將收到來自業務合作夥伴付款時我們以外幣向或將向或將向所確認資產及負債。我們透過定期屬公事查我們的外匯風險敞口管理我們的外匯風險並盡可能透過自然對沖將該等風險最小化,並在必要時訂立遠期外匯合約。於2023年,我們並未訂立任何遠期合約或其他金融工具以對沖外匯風險敞口。

Capital Expenditure

Our capital expenditures principally comprise expenditures for purchases of property and equipment relating to office use and purchase of intangible assets. Our capital expenditures changed to RMB77.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 from RMB196.1 million for the last year. We plan to fund our planned capital expenditures using cash generated from operations and the net proceeds from the global offering of the Company.

Material Acquisitions and Future Plans for Major Investments

The Company did not conduct any material acquisition or investment for the year ended December 31, 2023. As at the date of this annual report, we have no specific future plan for material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

Significant Investments Held

As of December 31, 2023, we did not hold any significant investments. As at the date of this annual report, we have no specific future plan for material investments or capital assets.

Foreign Exchange Risk Management

Our subsidiaries operate mainly in Cayman Islands, Mainland China and Hong Kong, and they are exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency exposure, primarily with respect to RMB. Foreign exchange risk primarily arises from recognized assets and liabilities in our subsidiaries in Cayman Islands when receiving or to receive foreign currencies from, or paying or to pay foreign currencies to business partners. We manage foreign exchange risk by performing regular reviews of our foreign exchange exposures and try to minimize these exposures through natural hedges, wherever possible, and may enter into forward foreign exchange contracts, when necessary. We did not enter into any forward contracts or other financial instruments to hedge our exposure to foreign currency risk in 2023.

管理層討論及分析 Management Discussion And Analysis

僱員及薪酬政策

截至2023年12月31日,我們擁有約1,050名 全職僱員,其中大部分居於中國內地,其餘 僱員居於香港、新加坡、美國、意大利及開 曼群島。

報告期後事項

除上文所披露者外,於報告期末後及直至 本年報日期,概無發生重大事項。

Employees and Remuneration Policy

As of December 31, 2023, we had approximately 1,050 full-time employees, most of whom were based in Mainland China, with the remainder in Hong Kong, Singapore, the U.S., Italy, and the Cayman Islands.

Committed to establishing a competitive, fair remuneration and benefits system, we continually refine our remuneration and incentive policies in order to ensure that our employees receive competitive remuneration packages. As required under the PRC regulations, we participate in housing fund and various employee social security plan that are organized by applicable local municipal and provincial governments. We also purchase commercial health and accidental insurance for our employees. We also provide regular and specialized trainings tailored to the needs of our employees in different departments, so that our employees may stay up to date with the latest industrial developments and technological advancements. In order to incentivize our employees, we have granted and planned to continue to grant share-based incentive awards to our employees in the future to incentivize their contributions to our growth and development.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed above, there are no important events that have occurred after the end of the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report.

董事及高級管理層履歷 Biographies of Director and Senior Management

董事

執行董事

趙宏先生,60歲,為執行董事、首席執行官 兼總裁。其為本公司薪酬委員會成員。趙先 生在醫藥行業擁有逾30年經驗。加入本集 團前,其自1986年7月至1992年9月擔任南京 醫科大學講師,自1992年12月至1995年7月 就職於西安楊森製藥有限公司,自1995年7 月至2011年2月擔任北京諾華製藥有限公司 區域銷售經理、全國銷售總監及高級副總裁, 以及自2011年2月至2013年4月擔任先聲藥業 集團常務副總裁。趙先生於2013年4月加入 SciClone US,擔任其首席執行官(中國業務), 負責本公司註冊成立前該公司在中國的業務。

趙先生於1986年7月自位於中國江蘇省的南京醫科大學(前稱為南京醫學院)獲得臨床醫學學士學位。其於2002年4月自位於中國上海市的中歐國際工商學院獲得高級管理人員工商管理碩士學位(「EMBA」)。

潘蓉容女士,46歲,為本公司執行董事、副總裁、首席財務官及公司秘書。於2018年11月加入本集團前,潘女士自2002年7月至2018年11月任職於普華永道中天會計師事務所有限公司,其擔任的最後職位為合夥人,且自2001年8月至2002年6月擔任安達信華強會計師事務所審計部助理。潘女士自2021年1月起擔任醫渡科技有限公司(香港聯交所:2158)獨立非執行董事及審計委員會主席。

潘女士於1998年7月自位於中國上海市的上海外國語大學獲得經濟學學士學位,並於2001年7月自位於中國上海市的復旦大學獲得會計學碩士學位。其為中國註冊會計師協會會員。

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhao Hong (趙宏), aged 60, is our executive Director, chief executive officer and president. He is a member of Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Zhao has more than 30 years of experience in the medical and pharmaceutical industry. Prior to joining our Group, he served as a lecturer of Nanjing Medical University (南京醫科大學) from July 1986 to September 1992, and served in Xian Janssen Pharmaceutical Ltd. (西安楊森製藥有限公司) from December 1992 to July 1995, a regional sales manager, national sales director and senior vice president of Beijing Novartis Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (北京諾華製藥有限公司) from July 1995 to February 2011, and an executive vice president of Simcere Pharmaceutical Group (先聲藥業集團) from February 2011 to April 2013. Mr. Zhao joined SciClone US in April 2013 and served as its CEO (China Operations), in charge of its operations in China before the incorporation of the Company.

Mr. Zhao received his bachelor's degree in clinical medicine from Nanjing Medical University (南京醫科大學) (formerly known as Nanjing Medical College (南京醫學院)) in July 1986, in Jiangsu province, the PRC. He obtained his Executive Master of Business Administration ("**EMBA**") from China Europe International Business School (中歐國際工商學院) in April 2002, in Shanghai, the PRC.

Ms. Pan Rongrong (潘蓉容), aged 46, is an executive Director, the vice president, chief financial officer, and company secretary of the Company. Prior to joining our Group in November 2018, Ms. Pan worked at PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Limited Company (普華永道中天會計師事務所有限公司) from July 2002 to November 2018 with last position as a partner, and served as an associate of auditing department of Arthur Andersen LLP (安達信華強會計師事務所) from August 2001 to June 2002. Ms. Pan has served as an independent non-executive Director and chairwoman of the Audit Committee of Yidu Tech Inc. (Hong Kong Stock Exchange: 2158) (醫渡科技有限公司) since January 2021.

Ms. Pan obtained her bachelor's degree in economics from Shanghai International Studies University (上海外國語大學) in July 1998 in Shanghai, the PRC, and her master's degree in accounting from Fudan University (復旦大學) in July 2001 in Shanghai, the PRC. She is a member of China Certified Public Accountant Association.

董事及高級管理層履歷

Biographies of Director and Senior Management

非執行董事

Li Zhenfu先生,60歲,為非執行董事兼董事會主席。Li先生為本公司提名委員會主席。Li先生為德福資本(本公司主要股東之一)的創始人,自2010年2月起擔任該公司的總裁兼首席執行官。在創辦德福資本之前,Li先生自2004年6月至2010年1月擔任Novartis Overseas Investment AG北京代表處中國區總裁。

Li先生亦自2009年9月起擔任大自然保護協會理事,自2009年4月起擔任中國企業家俱樂部理事,以及自2010年12月起擔任中華全國工商聯醫藥業商會常務副會長。

Li先生於1986年7月自位於中國北京市的北京航空航天大學獲得材料科學學士學位,並於1988年12月自位於美國芝加哥的伊利諾伊理工學院獲得冶金工程碩士學位。

Daniel Luzius Vasella 博士,70歲,為非執行董事。Vasella 博士在醫藥行業擁有逾40年經驗。加入本集團前,自1996年12月至2010年2月,Vasella 博士擔任 Novartis International AG (紐約證券交易所: NVS及瑞士證券交易所: NOVN)的首席執行官,1999年2月至2013年2月擔任該公司董事會主席。Vasella 博士於2014年11月至2018年1月擔任XBiotech Inc. (納斯達克: XBIT)董事。

Vasella博士自2002年2月起擔任百事公司(納斯達克: PEP)獨立非執行董事,以及自2012年7月起擔任美國運通公司(紐約證券交易所: AXP)獨立非執行董事。Vasella博士於2003年11月獲中國廣東省省長委任為中國廣東省省長經濟顧問。其亦於2004年及2005年擔任上海市市長國際企業家諮詢會議主席。

Vasella博士於1985年11月獲得FMH內科專業證書,自1978年9月至1988年5月於伯爾尼大學及Freud-Institut Zürich接受心理動力學及心理治療培訓,於1989年12月自哈佛商學院獲得管理開發課程證書,於2014年6月自德國的Der Deutsche Bundesverband Coaching (DBVC)獲得認證教練資格,以及於2016年9月自「The Leadership Circle」獲得認證教練資格。

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Li Zhenfu, aged 60, is our non-executive Director and the Chairman of the Board. Mr. Li is the chairman of the Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. Li is the founder of GL Capital Group (德福資本), one of our substantial Shareholders, and has served as its president and chief executive officer since February 2010. Prior to founding GL Capital Group, Mr. Li served as the China president of Novartis Overseas Investment AG Beijing Representative Office from June 2004 to January 2010.

Mr. Li also has served as a director of The Nature Conservancy (大自然保護協會) since September 2009, a director of China Entrepreneur Club (中國企業家俱樂部) since April 2009, and a vice executive president of Pharmaceutical Chamber of Commerce of All-China Federation of Industry and Commerce (中華全國工商聯醫藥業商會) since December 2010.

Mr. Li obtained his bachelor's degree in materials science from Beihang University (北京航空航天大學) in July 1986, in Beijing, the PRC, and his master's degree in metallurgical engineering from Illinois Institute of Technology in December 1988, in Chicago, the U.S.

Dr. Daniel Luzius Vasella, aged 70, is our non-executive Director. Dr. Vasella has over 40 years of experience in the medical and pharmaceutical industry. Prior to joining our Group, from December 1996 to February 2010, Dr. Vasella was chief executive officer and from February 1999 to February 2013, he served as the chairman of the board of Novartis International AG (New York Stock Exchange: NVS and Six Swiss Exchange: NOVN). Dr. Vasella served as a director of XBiotech Inc. (NASDAQ: XBIT) from November 2014 to January 2018.

Dr. Vasella has served as an independent non-executive director of PepsiCo, Inc. (NASDAQ: PEP) since February 2002 and an independent non-executive director of American Express Company (New York Stock Exchange: AXP) since July 2012. Dr. Vasella was appointed as Economic Advisor to Governor of Guangdong Province, the PRC by the governor of Guangdong Province, the PRC in November 2003. He also served as chairman of the International Business Leaders' Advisory Council for the Mayor of Shanghai (IBLAC) in 2004 and 2005.

Dr. Vasella obtained the FMH Specialty certification in internal medicine in November 1985; he pursued his psychodynamic and psychotherapy training at the University of Bern and FreudInstitut Zürich from September 1978 to May 1988, the Program of Management Development certification from Harvard Business School in December 1989; the certified coach qualification from Der Deutsche Bundesverband Coaching (DBVC) in Germany in June 2014; and the certified coach qualification from "The Leadership Circle" in September 2016.

董事及高級管理層履歷 Biographies of Director and Senior Management

Vasella博士於2000年獲巴西總統授予南十字 勛章,於2003年10月獲哈佛商學院授予哈佛 商學院校友傑出成就獎,於2003年12月獲坎 特伯雷大主教Rowan Williams PC FBA博士授 予首屆負責任資本主義國際大獎(2003年), 於2008年獲美國藝術與科學學院授予外籍 榮譽會員稱號,於2007年獲法國巴斯德研 究所授予Prix Pasteur。 Vasella博士於2010年 9月獲金孔雀全球獎主席授予2010年金孔雀 企業社會責任領導力獎。

Vasella博士於1979年12月自位於瑞士伯爾尼的伯爾尼大學獲得瑞士醫學文憑,於1980年10月自位於瑞士伯爾尼的伯爾尼大學獲得醫學博士學位。其亦獲得瑞士巴塞爾大學榮譽博士學位。

Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien女士·41歲,為非執行董事。其為本公司審核會員會的成員。林女士在投資方面擁有豐富經驗,其目前擔任GL Capital (我們的主要股東之一)私募股權投資部合夥人。其自2011年8月起一直任職於GL Capital 。Lin女士自2022年5月20日起擔任晟德大藥廠股份有限公司(一間於台灣證券櫃檯買賣中心上市的公司,股份代號:4123)的獨立董事。

Lin女士於2004年6月自斯坦福大學獲得管理 科學與工程專業學士學位。

王海霞女士,50歲,為非執行董事。王女士目前為本公司中銀集團投資有限公司(「中銀投資」)(我們的主要股東之一)副首席執行官。加入中銀投資前,王女士自1993年3月在中國銀行股份有限公司(香港證券交易所:3988及上海證券交易所:601988)擔任多個職務,包括於2015年5月至2019年8月任網絡金融部資深產品經理及副總經理,以及於2019年8月至2020年8月任個人數字金融部數字化平台中心副總經理。王女士自2021年3月為鳳凰衛視投資(控股)有限公司(香港證券交易所:2008)非執行董事。

王女士於1995年7月獲得山東大學市場營銷 學士學位及於1999年3月獲得中國人民大學 工商管理碩士學位。 Dr. Vasella received Ordem Cruzeiro do Sul from President of Brazil, in 2000, Harvard Business School's Alumni Achievement Award from Harvard Business School, in October 2003, first international award for responsible capitalism 2003 by the archbishop of canterbury, the most Rev & Rt Hon Dr Rowan Williams PC FBA in December 2003, was entitled the foreign honorary membership of American Academy of Arts and Sciences in 2008, and Prix Pasteur from the Institut Pasteur, in France in 2007. Dr. Vasella was adjudged the winner of Golden Peacock Leadership Award for Corporate Social Responsibility 2010 by the chairman of the Golden Peacock Global Awards in September 2010.

Dr. Vasella obtained his Swiss medical diploma from the University of Bern in December 1979, in Bern, the Switzerland, and his doctor of medicine degree from the University of Bern in October 1980, in Bern, Switzerland. He also received an honorary doctorate degree by the University of Basel, Switzerland.

Ms. Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien, aged 41, is our non-executive Director. She is a member of Audit Committee of the Company. Ms. Lin has extensive experience in investment and is currently a partner of private equity investment department of GL Capital, one of our substantial Shareholders. She has been with GL Capital since August 2011. Ms. Lin has served as an independent director of Center Laboratories, Inc. (a company listed on the Taipei Exchange, stock code: 4123) since May 20,2022.

Ms. Lin obtained her bachelor's degree in management science and engineering from Stanford University in June 2004.

Ms. Wang Haixia (王海霞), aged 50, is our non-executive Director. Ms. Wang is currently the deputy chief executive officer of Bank of China Group Investment Limited (中銀集團投資有限公司, "BOCGI"), one of our substantial Shareholders. Prior to joining BOCGI, Ms. Wang held various positions within Bank of China Limited (中國銀行股份有限公司) (Hong Kong Stock Exchange: 3988 and Shanghai Stock Exchange: 601988) since March 1993, including the senior product manager and deputy general manager of the E-finance Department from May 2015 to August 2019, and the deputy general manager of Digital Platform Center of Personal Digital Banking Product Department from August 2019 to August 2020. Ms. Wang has served as a non-executive director of Phoenix Media Investment (Holdings) Limited (Hong Kong Stock Exchange: 2008) since March 2021.

Ms. Wang obtained her bachelor's degree in marketing from Shandong University (山東大學) in July 1995 and master's degree in business administrative from Renmin University of China (中國人民大學) in March 1999.

董事及高級管理層履歷 Biographies of Director and Senior Management

獨立非執行董事

劉國恩博士,66歲,為獨立非執行董事。其為本公司提名委員會成員。劉博士自2020年起擔任北京大學全球健康發展研究院院長、自2013年起擔任北京大學國家發展研究院教育部長江學者特聘教授以及自2006年起擔任北京大學中國衛生經濟研究中心主任。劉博士自2010年9月起擔任微創醫療科學有限公司(香港聯交所:0853)的獨立非執行董事。

劉博士於1982年自位於中國四川省的西南 民族大學數理化系畢業,並於1985年自位 於中國四川省的西南財經大學獲得統計學 碩士學位,以及於1991年自紐約市立大學獲 得經濟學博士學位。

Chen Ping博士,65歲,為獨立非執行董事。 其為本公司薪酬委員會成員。Chen博士為 上海泓博智源醫藥股份有限公司(深圳證券 交易所:301230)的創始人,自2007年12月起 一直擔任該公司董事會主席兼首席執行官。 在此之前,Chen博士曾任職於百時美施貴 寶(紐約證券交易所:BMY),為若干專利(包 括Dasatinib)的主要發明人。

Chen博士於1982年4月自位於中國北京市 的北京大學獲得有機化學學士學位,並於 1990年5月自位於美國北卡羅來納州的杜克 大學獲得有機化學博士學位。

Independent non-executive Directors

Dr. Liu Guoen (劉國恩), aged 66, is our independent non-executive Director. He is a member of Nomination Committee of the Company. Dr. Liu has served as the Dean of Peking University Institute for Global Health and Development since 2020 (北京大學全球健康發展研究院長), a MOH Yangtze River Scholar Professor of Economics (教育部長江學者特聘教授) at National School of Development of Peking University (北京大學國家發展研究院) since 2013, and the director of PKU China Center for Health Economic Research (北京大學中國衛生經濟研究中心) since 2006. Dr. Liu has served as an independent non-executive director of MicroPort Scientific Corporation (微創醫療科學有限公司) (Hong Kong Stock Exchange: 0853) since September 2010.

Dr. Liu graduated from mathematics, physics and chemistry department of Southwest Minzu University (西南民族大學) in 1982, in Sichuan Province, the PRC, and obtained his master's degree in statistics from Southwestern University of Finance and Economics (西南財經大學) in 1985, in Sichuan Province, the PRC, and his doctoral degree in economics from the City University of New York in 1991.

Dr. Chen Ping, aged 65, is our independent non-executive Director. He is a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company. Dr. Chen is the founder of PharmaResources (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (上海泓博智源醫藥股份有限公司) (Shenzhen Stock Exchange: 301230) and has been serving as its chairman of the board and the chief executive officer since December 2007. Prior to that, Dr. Chen once served in Bristol Myers Squibb Company (New York Stock Exchange: BMY) and was the main inventor of several patents including Dasatinib.

Dr. Chen obtained his bachelor's degree in organic chemistry from Peking University (北京大學) in April 1982 in Beijing, the PRC, and his doctoral degree in organic chemistry from Duke University in May 1990 in North Carolina State, the U.S.

Gu Alex Yushao 先生,54歲,為獨立非執 行董事。其為本公司薪酬委員會主席及本公 司審核委員會成員。Gu先生在工商管理及 企業管理方面擁有逾27年經驗。Gu先生自 2018年1月起擔任美敦力高級副總裁、大中 華區總裁以及全球執行委員會成員。在此 之前,Gu先生曾擔任麥肯錫公司顧問以及 SABIC Innovative Plastics 基料樹脂部企業主 管及亞太區業務主管。彼亦自2004年5月至 2008年5月擔任通用電氣公司(紐約證券交 易所:GE)中國區企業主管,自2009年9月至 2015年1月擔任柯惠醫療器材國際貿易(上海) 有限公司(現為美敦力的一部分)中國區總裁。 Gu 先生其後加入美敦力(紐約證券交易所: MDT),以及自2015年1月至2017年12月擔任 美敦力微創治療業務集團(MITG)及區域增長 舉措部副總裁及總裁。

Gu先生分別於1991年12月及1993年12月自位於美國密西西比州的密西西比州立大學獲得工程學學士學位及理學碩士學位,並於2001年6月自位於美國芝加哥的芝加哥大學布斯商學院獲得工商管理碩士學位(「MBA」)。

Wendy Hayes女士,54歲,為獨立非執行董事。其為本公司審核委員會主席及本公司提名委員會成員。Hayes女士自2023年7月起擔任SharkNinja Inc. (紐約證券交易所: SN)獨立董事,自2023年3月起擔任Apollomics Inc. (納斯達克: APLM)獨立董事,自2020年10月起擔任iHuman Inc. (紐約證券交易所: IH)獨立董事,自2020年6月起擔任Burning Rock Biotech Limited (納斯達克: BNR)獨立董事及自2018年11月起擔任Tuanche Limited (納斯達克: TC)獨立董事。自2013年5月至2018年9月,Hayes女士擔任美國公眾公司會計監督委員會檢查負責人。在此之前,Hayes女士擔任德勤(中國)審計合夥人。

Hayes女士為美國(加州)及中國註冊會計師。 於1998年11月,Hayes女士獲得由加州會計 委員會頒發的註冊會計師執照。

Hayes女士於1991年6月自位於中國北京市的 對外經濟貿易大學獲得國際金融學學士學位, 並於2012年10月自位於中國上海市的長江商 學院獲得高級管理人員工商管理碩士學位。 Mr. Gu Alex Yushao, aged 54, is our independent non-executive Director. He is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee of the Company and a member of the Audit Committee of the Company. Mr. Gu has over 27 years of experience in business administration and corporate management. Mr. Gu serves as a senior vice president, president of Greater China operations and a member of global executive committee of Medtronic since January 2018. Prior to that, Mr. Gu once served as a consultant of McKinsey & Company and a corporate executive of base resins and the business leader in Asia Pacific of SABIC Innovative Plastics. He also served as the corporate executive of China of General Electric Company (New York Stock Exchange: GE) from May 2004 to May 2008, the president in China of Covidien Healthcare International Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (which is currently a part of Medtronic plc) from September 2009 to January 2015. Mr. Gu then joined Medtronic plc (New York Stock Exchange: MDT), and served as a vice president, and the president of Medtronic's Minimum Invasive Therapy Group (MITG) and Regional Growth Initiative Group from January 2015 to December 2017.

Mr. Gu obtained his bachelor's degree in engineering and Master of Science degree in Mississippi State University in December 1991 and December 1993, respectively, in Mississippi State, the U.S., and his Master of Business Administration ("MBA") from the University of Chicago's Booth School of Business in June 2001, in Chicago, the U.S.

Ms. Wendy Hayes, aged 54, is our independent non-executive Director. She is the chairwoman of the Audit Committee of the Company and a member of the Nomination Committee of the Company. Ms. Hayes has served as an independent director of SharkNinja Inc. (New York Stock Exchange: SN) since July 2023, Apollomics Inc. (NASDAQ: APLM) since March 2023, iHuman Inc. (New York Stock Exchange: IH) since October 2020, Burning Rock Biotech Limited (NASDAQ: BNR) since June 2020, and Tuanche Limited (NASDAQ: TC) since November 2018. Between May 2013 and September 2018, Ms. Hayes served as the inspections leader at the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in the United States. Prior to that, Ms. Hayes was an audit partner at Deloitte (China).

Ms. Hayes is a certified public accountant in the United States (California) and China. Ms. Hayes obtained her certified public accountant license from the California Board of Accountancy in November 1998.

Ms. Hayes received her bachelor's degree in international finance from University of International Business and Economics (對外經濟貿易大學) in June 1991, in Beijing, the PRC, and her executive MBA from Cheung Kong Graduate School of Business (長江商學院) in October 2012, in Shanghai, the PRC.

高級管理層

有關趙宏先生及潘蓉容女士(為高級管理層團隊的成員)的履歷詳情,請參閱本年度報告本節中「—董事 — 執行董事」。

毛力博士,66歲,為本公司副總裁、研發部總經理兼首席醫學官。毛博士為上呼吸消化道惡性腫瘤方面的世界知名醫生科學家,於中國及美國擁有逾35年豐富的腫瘤學臨床實踐、臨床和基礎研究以及領導經驗。迄今為止,毛博士著有及合著SCI(科學引文索引)論文200多篇,這些論文合計被引用超過25,000次。彼亦擁有多項專利。

毛博士於1982年12月自位於中國江蘇省的南京醫科大學獲得醫學博士學位。毛博士亦於1995年6月在美國約翰霍普金斯大學醫學院完成了癌症遺傳學的博士後研究。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

For biographical details of Mr. Zhao Hong and Ms. Pan Rongrong, who form part of our senior management team, please refer to "— Directors — Executive Director" in this section of this Annual Report.

Dr. Mao Li, aged 66, is the vice president, general manager of R&D and chief medical officer of the Company. Dr. Mao is a worldwide prominent physicianscientist in upper aerodigestive tract malignancies, with more than 35 years of extensive experience in clinical practice, clinical and basic research, and leadership in the field of oncology both in China and the U.S.. Dr. Mao has authored and co-authored more than 200 SCI (Science Citation Index) papers which have been cited for more than 25,000 times in total. He also holds multiple patents.

Prior to joining our Group in June 2022, Dr. Mao consecutively held a number of key senior management positions in several pharmaceutical companies including Sino Biopharmaceutical Limited (中國生物製藥有限公司) (Hong Kong Stock Exchange: 1177), Betta Pharmaceuticals Co, Ltd. (貝達藥業股份有限公司) (Shenzhen Stock Exchange: 300558) and Johnson & Johnson Family of Companies. Before moving into the industry, Dr. Mao served as a tenured professor and chairman of Department of Oncology and Diagnostic Sciences at University of Maryland, Baltimore from March 2009 to June 2016. Previously, since June 1995 he had worked in the University of Texas M.D. Anderson Cancer Center, where he served as a tenured professor at the Department of Thoracic and Head & Neck Medical Oncology from September 2004 to March 2009 and a professor in the Department of Systems Biology from September 2006 to March 2009. Dr. Mao also has served as an independent director of Legend Biotech Corporation (NASDAQ: LEGN) since August 2022.

Dr. Mao obtained a Medical Doctor's degree from Nanjing Medical University (南京醫科大學) in Jiangsu Province, the PRC, in December 1982. Dr. Mao also completed a postdoctoral fellowship in cancer genetics at The Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine in the U.S. in June 1995.

邵志文先生,61歲,為本公司副總裁。邵先生在製藥行業擁有逾20年經驗。於2012年2月加入本集團前,邵先生曾任職於多間美國製藥公司,包括Noven Pharmaceuticals, Inc.、Andrx Pharmaceuticals, Inc (現 稱 Actavis, Inc.)、Nektar Therapeutics, Inc (現 稱 Novartis International AG (紐約證券交易所: NVS及瑞士證券交易所: NOVN))、Jazz Pharmaceuticals plc (納斯達克: JAZZ)、康弘賽金(成都)藥業有限公司(現稱健進製藥有限公司)、Flavine North America, Inc.及Map Pharmaceuticals, Inc (現稱AbbVie Inc (紐約證券交易所: ABBV))。

邵先生於1979年7月自位於中國福建省的廈門大學獲得海洋化學學士學位,於1992年4月自位於美國佛羅裏達州的佛羅裏達國際大學獲得分析化學碩士學位,並於2007年5月自位於美國加利福尼亞州的聖何塞州立大學獲得工商管理碩士學位。

吳明祥先生,58歲,為本公司副總裁。吳明祥先生在醫藥行業擁有超過25年的銷售及管理經驗。加入本集團前,其自1996年10月至2014年2月先後擔任北京諾華製藥有限公司華南區醫藥銷售代表及總監。在此之前,吳先生擔任南昌大學江西醫學院(前稱為江西醫學院)講師。

吳先生於1990年6月自位於中國江西省的南 昌大學江西醫學院(前稱為江西醫學院)獲 得醫學學士學位。

常岩松先生,55歲,為本公司副總裁及腫瘤事業部副總裁兼總經理。常先生在製藥行業擁有27年的市場推廣及業務運營經驗。加入本集團前,常先生自1991年7月至1994年2月擔任東北製藥集團股份有限公司(深圳證券交易所:000597,前稱為東北製藥總廠)工程師:自1995年5月至2008年2月擔任中美上海施貴寶製藥有限公司全國商務經理:並自2008年3月至2013年5月擔任美敦力(上海)管理有限公司市場經理。

常先生於1991年7月自位於中國吉林省的吉林大學獲得生物化學學士學位,並於2008年12月自位於中國上海市的上海交通大學獲得高級管理人員工商管理碩士學位。

Mr. Shao Peter Chihwen, aged 61, is a vice president of our Company. Mr. Shao has over 20 years of experience in the pharmaceutical industry. Prior to joining our Group in February 2012, Mr. Shao worked at several U.S. pharmaceutical companies, including Noven Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Andrx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (currently known as Actavis, Inc.), Nektar Therapeutics, Inc. (currently known as Novartis International AG (New York Stock Exchange: NVS and the Six Swiss Exchange: NOVN)), Jazz Pharmaceuticals plc (NASDAQ: JAZZ), Kanghong Sagent (Chengdu) Pharmaceutical Corporation Limited (康弘賽金(成都)藥業有限公司) (currently known as Segent (China) Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. (健進製藥有限公司)), Flavine North America, Inc. and Map Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (currently known as AbbVie Inc. (New York Stock Exchange: ABBV)).

Mr. Shao obtained his bachelor's degree in marine chemistry from Xiamen University (廈門大學) in July 1979 in Fujian Province, the PRC, his master's degree in analytical chemistry from Florida International University in April 1992 in Florida State, the U.S., and his MBA degree from San Jose State University in May 2007 in California State, the U.S.

Mr. Wu Mingxiang (吳明祥), aged 58, is a vice president of our Company. Mr. Wu Mingxiang has over 25 years of experience in sales and management in the medical and pharmaceutical industry. Prior to joining our Group, he served as a pharmaceutical sales representative and the director of South China region of Beijing Novartis Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (北京諾華製藥有限公司) from October 1996 to February 2014. Prior to this, Mr. Wu served as a lecturer of Jiangxi Medical College of Nanchang University (南昌大學江西醫學院) (formerly known as Jiangxi Medical College (江西醫學院)).

Mr. Wu received his bachelor degree in medicine from Jiangxi Medical College of Nanchang University (南昌大學江西醫學院) (formerly known as Jiangxi Medical College (江西醫學院)) in June 1990 in Jiangxi Province, the PRC.

Mr. Chang Yansong (常岩松), aged 55, is a vice president of our Company and the vice president and general manager of oncology business unit of our Company. Mr. Chang has over 27 years of experience of marketing and business operation in the pharmaceutical industry. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Chang served as an engineer of Northeast Pharmaceutical Group Co., Ltd. (東北製藥集團股份有限公司) (Shenzhen Stock Exchange: 000597), formerly known as Northeast General Pharmaceutical Factory (東北製藥總廠) from July 1991 to February 1994, a national business manager of Sino-American Shanghai Squibb Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. (中美上海施貴寶製藥有限公司) from May 1995 to February 2008, and a marketing manager of Medtronic (Shanghai) Management Co., Ltd. (美敦力(上海)管理有限公司) from March 2008 to May 2013.

Mr. Chang obtained his bachelor's degree in biochemistry from Jilin University (吉林大學) in July 1991 in Jilin Province, the PRC, and his EMBA from Shanghai Jiao Tong University (上海交通大學) in December 2008 in Shanghai, the PRC.

董事及高級管理層履歷

Biographies of Director and Senior Management

賈敏先生,52歲,為本公司副總裁兼免疫事業部總經理。賈先生在醫藥行業擁有超過25年的銷售及市場開發經驗。加入本集團前,賈先生自1996年4月至2010年4月在上海羅氏製藥有限公司擔任多個職位,其擔公司擔任多個職位是上海羅氏製藥有限公司擔任為與藥有限公司等部總監(事業部主管)。賈先生自2010年8月至2011年6月擔任奈科明醫藥諮詢(上海)有限公司營銷總監,自2011年8月至2013年8月擔任先聲藥業集團抗炎、鎮痛及風濕免疫部總經理。自2013年8月至2017年3月,沒部總經理。自2013年8月至2017年3月,沒可能經經理。自2013年8月至2017年3月,沒可能經經理。自2013年8月至2017年3月,沒部總經理及總經理,以及三生製藥(香港聯交所: 1530)副總裁。

賈先生於2004年5月在羅氏全球製藥部門主辦的羅氏全球製藥2003年奧林匹克競賽中榮獲卓越創新金獎(Gold Award for Excellence of Innovation),並於2008年12月獲得由羅氏全球製藥部門頒發的2008年羅氏全球醫藥CEO創新卓越獎(2008 Roche Global Pharma CEO Award for Innovation and Excellence)。

賈先生於2003年3月自位於澳門的亞洲(澳門) 國際公開大學獲得工商管理碩士學位。賈 先生亦於2006年12月自位於中國上海市的 中歐國際工商學院獲得管理學文憑,並於 2015年10月完成該校高級管理層首席營銷官 課程。

武連宗先生,49歲,為本公司副總裁。武先生在中國製藥行業監管註冊方面擁有超過20年經驗。加入本集團前,其曾就職於艾爾建信息諮詢(上海)有限公司;及自2012年10月至2016年9月擔任赫升瑞(中國)企業管理有限公司中國監管事務主管。

武先生於1998年7月15日自中國藥學會獲得 藥劑師資格。武先生於1998年6月自位於中國河北省的河北醫科大學獲得醫學學士學位,並於2004年3月自位於中國北京市的北京協和醫學院(前中文名稱為中國協和醫科大學) 獲得藥物化學碩士學位。 Mr. Jia Min (賈敏), aged 52, is a vice president and the head of the immunization business department of our Company. Mr. Jia has over 25 years of experience relating to sales and market development in the medical and pharmaceutical industry. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Jia held several positions with Shanghai Roche Pharmaceuticals Ltd. (上海羅氏製藥有限公司) from April 1996 to April 2010 with his last position serving as a business unit director (business unit head) of Shanghai Roche Pharmaceuticals Ltd. Mr. Jia served as a marketing director of Nycomed Pharmaceutical Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (奈科明醫藥諮詢 (上海)有限公司) from August 2010 to June 2011, and a general manager of anti-inflammatory, analgesic and rheumatic immunity department in Simcere Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (先聲藥業集團) from August 2011 to August 2013. From August 2013 to March 2017, Mr. Jia served as a deputy general manager and general manager of business unit of Sunshine Guojian Pharmaceutical (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (三生國健藥業(上海)股份有限公司) (formerly known as Shanghai CP Guojian Pharmaceutical Development Co., Ltd.,上海中信國健醫藥發展有限公司), and a vice president of 3SBio Inc. (三生製藥) (Hong Kong Stock Exchange: 1530).

Mr. Jia was awarded the Gold Award for Excellence of Innovation in Roche Global Pharmaceuticals 2003 Olympiad Award Competition by the Roche Global Pharmaceuticals Division in May 2004, and won 2008 Roche Global Pharma CEO Award for Innovation and Excellence by the Roche Global Pharmaceuticals Division in December 2008

Mr. Jia received his MBA from Asia International Open University (Macau) (亞洲(澳門)國際公開大學) in March 2003, in Macau. Mr. Jia also received his diploma in management from China Europe International Business School (中歐國際工商學院) in December 2006 in Shanghai, the PRC, and completed the Chief Marketing Officer course for senior management from the same school in October 2015.

Mr. Wu Lianzong (武連宗), aged 49, is the vice president of our Company. Mr. Wu has over 20 years of experience in the regulatory registration in the pharmaceutical industry in China. Prior to joining our Group, he once served in Allergan Information Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., and the head of China regulatory affairs of Hospira (China) Enterprise Management Co., Ltd. (赫升瑞(中國)企業管理有限公司), from October 2012 to September 2016.

Mr. Wu received his qualification of pharmacist from China Pharmaceutical Association (中國藥學會) on July 15,1998. Mr. Wu obtained his bachelor's degree in medicine from Hebei Medical University (河北醫科大學) in June 1998 in Hebei Province, the PRC, and his master's degree in medicinal chemistry from Peking Union Medical College (北京協和醫學院) (whose Chinese name was formerly known as (中國協和醫科大學) in March 2004 in Beijing, the PRC.

吳敏博士,49歲,為本公司副總裁及首席業務發展官。吳博士在生物科技及製藥行業擁有超過20年經驗。加入本集團前,彼於圓因生物擔任首席業務官及自2020年7月至2024年1月擔任復健新藥創新基金董事總經理,自2016年8月至2020年7月擔任默沙東亞太創新中心執行總監,以及自2013年9月至2016年8月於上海擔任安進亞太研發中心外部研發和專利許可負責人。吳博士亦曾在羅氏的不同職能部門工作,包括於中國上海的戰略合作,聯盟和投資組合管理。

吳博士於1997年7月自中國上海復旦大學獲得分子生物學學士學位。彼於2023年10月自美國紐約市紐約大學獲得計算生物學及化學博士學位。彼曾在輝瑞做博士後研究,並隨後在葛蘭素史克公司位於美國北卡羅來納州擔任資深科學家。彼於2018年11月自英國曼切斯特大學獲得工商管理碩士學位。

Dr. Min Wu (吳敏), aged 49, is our vice president and chief business development officer. Dr. Wu has more than 20 years of experience in the biotech and pharmaceutical industry. Prior to joining our Group, she served as chief business officer at Therorna (圓因生物) and served as Managing Director of Fosun Health Fund (復健新藥創新基金) from July 2020 to January 2024, as executive director of the Asia Pacific Innovation Hub of MSD (默沙東) from August 2016 to July 2020, and as Head of External R&D and Licensing for Amgen Asia R&D Center (安進亞太研發中心) from September 2013 to August 2016 in Shanghai, China. Dr. Wu also once worked in different functions at Roche (羅氏) including Partnering, Alliance and Portfolio Management in Shanghai, China.

Dr. Wu received her bachelor's degree in molecular biology from Fudan University (復旦大學) in July 1997, in Shanghai, PRC. She obtained her Ph.D. in computational biology and chemistry from New York University (紐約大學) in October 2003, in New York City, U.S.. She conducted post-doctoral research at Pfizer (輝瑞) and subsequently worked as Principle Scientist at GlaxoSmithKline (葛蘭素史克) in North Carolina, USA. She obtained her Master of Business Administration ("MBA") from University of Manchester, UK. (曼切斯特大學) in November 2018, in Manchester, UK.

企業管治報告

Corporate Governance Report

本公司董事會僅此向股東呈報截至2023年 12月31日止年度本公司的企業管治情況。

本公司致力確保以崇高的商業道德標準營運業務,反映本公司堅信如要達到長遠的 業務目標,必須以誠信、透明和負責的態度 行事。本公司相信就此長遠可為股東取得最 大的回報,而僱員、業務夥伴及公司營運業 務的社區亦可受惠。

企業管治是董事會指導本集團管理層如何 營運業務以達到業務目標的過程。董事會 致力維持及建立完善的企業管治常規,以 確保:

- 為股東帶來滿意及可持續的回報;
- 保障與本公司有業務往來者的利益;
 及
- 維持崇高的商業道德標準。

企業管治常規

本公司董事會致力於維持高標準的企業管治。

董事會認為,高標準的企業管治至關重要, 為本公司保障股東權益、提升企業價值、制 定業務策略及政策以及提高其透明度及問 責能力提供框架。

本公司已採用《上市規則》附錄C1所載《企業管治守則》中的原則及守則條文,作為本公司企業管治常規的基準。

董事認為,截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司一直遵守《企業管治守則》所載的所有守則條文。

董事證券交易

本公司已採納《上市規則》附錄C3所載《標準守則》。

經向全體董事作出特定查詢後,全體董事已確認,彼等截至2023年12月31日止年度一直遵守標準守則。

The Board is pleased to report to the Shareholders on the corporate governance of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The Company is committed to ensuring that its affairs are conducted in accordance with high ethical standards. This reflects its belief that, in the achievement of its long-term objectives, it is imperative to act with probity, transparency and accountability. By so acting, the Company believes that Shareholder wealth will be maximised in the long term and that its employees, those with whom it does business and the communities in which it operates will all benefit.

Corporate governance is the process by which the Board instructs management of the Group to conduct its affairs with a view to ensuring that its objectives are met. The Board is committed to maintaining and developing robust corporate governance practices that are intended to ensure:

- satisfactory and sustainable returns to Shareholders;
- that the interests of those who deal with the Company are safeguarded;
 and
- that high standards of ethics are maintained.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board of the Company is committed to maintaining high corporate governance standards.

The Board believes that high corporate governance standards are essential in providing a framework for the Company to safeguard the interests of shareholders, enhance corporate value, formulate its business strategies and policies, and enhance its transparency and accountability.

The Company has adopted the principles and code provisions of the CG Code contained in Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules as the basis of the Company's corporate governance practices.

In the opinion of the Directors, during the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company has complied with all the code provisions as set out in the CG Code.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules.

Specific enquiry has been made of all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended December 31, 2023.

本公司亦已就可能持有本公司未公佈股價敏 感資料的僱員進行的證券交易制定書面指引 (「僱員書面指引」),其嚴謹程度並不遜於標 準守則。本公司概無發現僱員不遵守僱員書 面指引的情況。

董事會

本公司由一個高效的董事會領導,承擔其領導及控制責任,並通過指導及監督本公司事務共同負責推進本公司的成功。董事以本公司的最佳利益客觀地作出決策。

董事會在技能、經驗和適合公司業務要求的多樣性方面保持平衡,並定期檢討董事為履行其對本公司的職責所需作出的貢獻,以及董事是否付出足夠的時間以履行其角色與董事會職責相稱的責任。董事會執行董事及獨立非執行董事的組成屬均衡,以便董事會具備高度獨立性,能夠有效地作出獨立判斷。

董事會組成

董事會現由十名董事組成,包括兩名執行董 事,四名非執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事。 董事會的組成如下:

執行董事

趙宏先生(首席執行官) 潘蓉容女士(首席財務官)

非執行董事*

Li Zhenfu先生(董事會主席)
Daniel Luzius Vasella博士
Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien女士
王海霞女士

獨立非執行董事

劉國恩博士 Chen Ping博士 Gu Alex Yushao先生 Wendy Hayes女士

石岑先生於2023年5月25日因個人工作安排 辭任非執行董事。

董事的履歷資料載於截至2023年12月31日止年度報告第31至39頁「董事履歷資料」一節。 董事會成員之間概無關連。 The Company has also established written guidelines (the "Employees Written Guidelines") no less exacting than the Model Code for securities transactions by employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished price-sensitive information of the Company. No incident of non-compliance of the Employees Written Guidelines by the employees was noted by the Company.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company is headed by an effective Board which assumes responsibility for its leadership and control and be collectively responsibility for promoting the Company's success by directing and supervising the Company's affairs. Directors take decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company.

The Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business and regularly reviews the contribution required from a Director to perform his/her responsibilities to the Company and whether the Director is spending sufficient time performing them that are commensurate with their role and the Board responsibilities. The Board includes a composition of executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors that there is a strong independent element on the Board, which can effectively exercise independent judgement.

Board Composition

The Board currently comprises ten Directors, consisting of two executive Directors, four non-executive Directors, and four independent non-executive Directors. The composition of the Board is as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhao Hong (Chief Executive Officer)
Ms. Pan Rongrong (Chief Financial Officer)

Non-executive Directors*

Mr. Li Zhenfu *(Chairman)* Dr. Daniel Luzius Vasella Ms. Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien Ms. Wang Haixia

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Liu Guoen Dr. Chen Ping Mr. Gu Alex Yushao Ms. Wendy Hayes

Mr. Shi Cen resigned as a non-executive director on May 25, 2023 due to personal work arrangement.

The biographical information of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors' Biographical Information" on pages 31 to 39 of the Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023. None of the members of the Board is related to one another.

企業管治報告

Corporate Governance Report

董事會會議及董事出席記錄

每年須至少定期召開四次董事會會議,且 大多數董事須親身或透過電子通訊方式積 極參與。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,董事會分別於 2023年1月、3月、5月、8月及12月召開五次 會議。

董事於截至2023年12月31日止年度期間召開的董事會會議及本公司股東週年大會上的出席記錄概要載列如下:

Board Meetings and Directors' Attendance Records

Regular Board meetings should be held at least four times a year involving active participation, either in person or through electronic means of communication, of a majority of Directors.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Board held five meetings in January, March, May, August and December, respectively.

A summary of the attendance records of the Directors at the Board meetings and the general meeting of the Company held for the year ended December 31, 2023 is set out below:

出席情況/會議數目 Attendance/Number of Meetings

		董事會會議	股東週年大會	股東特別大會 Extraordinary	
			Annual General	General	
董事姓名	Name of Directors	Board Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	
趙宏先生(首席執行官)	Mr. Zhao Hong (Chief Executive Officer)	5/5	1/1	1/1	
潘蓉容女士(首席財務官)(1)	Ms. Pan Rongrong (Chief Financial Officer)(1)	5/5	1/1	1/1	
Li Zhenfu先生(董事會主席)	Mr. Li Zhenfu <i>(Chairman)</i>	5/5	1/1	1/1	
Daniel Luzius Vasella博士	Dr. Daniel Luzius Vasella	4/5	1/1	0/1	
Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien女士	Ms. Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien	5/5	1/1	1/1	
石岑先生(2)	Mr. Shi Cen ⁽²⁾	2/3	0/1	1/1	
王海霞女士	Ms. Wang Haixia	4/5	1/1	1/1	
劉國恩博士	Dr. Liu Guoen	4/4	1/1	0/1	
Chen Ping博士	Dr. Chen Ping	4/4	1/1	1/1	
Gu Alex Yushao 先生	Mr. Gu Alex Yushao	4/4	1/1	1/1	
Wendy Hayes女士	Ms. Wendy Hayes	4/4	1/1	1/1	

附註:

- (1) 潘蓉容女士於2023年5月25日獲委任為執行董事。潘女士亦是本公司公司秘書,參加了本公司2023年的所有董事會,股東週年大會及股東特別大會。
- (2) 石岑先生於2023年5月25日因個人工作安排 辭任非執行董事。

董事會主席及首席執行官

本公司董事會主席及首席執行官職位分別由 Li Zhenfu先生及趙宏先生擔任。董事會主 席對董事會進行領導並負責其有效運作及 領導。首席執行官主要負責本公司的業務發 展及日常管理與一般運營。

Notes:

- (1) Ms. Panrongrong was appointed as an executive Director on May 25, 2023. As Ms. Pan is the Company Secretary of the Company, she attended all the board meetings, annual general meeting and extraordinary general meeting.
- (2) Mr. Shi Cen resigned as a non-executive Director on May 25, 2023 due to personal work arrangement.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The positions of chairman and chief executive officer of the Company are held by Mr. Li Zhenfu and Mr. Zhao Hong respectively. The chairman provides leadership and is responsible for the effective functioning and leadership of the Board. The chief executive officer focuses on the Company's business development and daily management and operations generally.

獨立非執行董事

截至2023年12月31日止年度,董事會一直符合《上市規則》有關須委任至少三名獨立非執行董事、獨立非執行董事須佔董事會成員人數三分之一以上以及其中一名獨立非執行董事須具備適當的專業資質或者會計或相關財務管理專長的規定。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據《上市規則》第3.13條所載獨立指引就其獨立性發出的年度書面確認。本公司認為,全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

董事會獨立評估

本公司於報告期內已建立董事會獨立評估機制,當中載列相關流程及程序以確保董事會具有強大獨立性,使董事會能夠有效地行使獨立判斷力,更好地維護股東權益。

評估的目標是提高董事會的效率,最大程度地發揮優勢及識別需要改進或進一步發展的領域。評估的過程亦闡明了為維持及提高董事會的表現本公司需要採取的行動,例如,滿足每位董事的個人培訓及發展需求。

根據董事會獨立評估機制,董事會將進行 年度獨立性審查。於報告期內,董事會審 閱了董事會獨立評估機制的實施及有效性, 結果令人信納。

董事委任及重選

本公司非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均 以三年的特定任期委任,當前任期屆滿後 須續期。

所有董事均須輪流退任,並於股東週年大會上重選。根據組織章程細則,於本公司每屆股東週年大會上,三分之一的在任董事(倘若董事數目並非三或三的倍數,則以長,惟每名董事(包括按特定任期委任者)須是至年輪流退任一次。組織章程細則亦規定,每三年輪流退任一次。組織章程細則亦規定,董事會有權不時及隨時委任任何人上擔員。 按上述方式委任的任何董事,其任期僅至本公司下一屆股東大會,屆時有資格於該會議上重選。

Independent Non-executive Directors

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three Independent Non-executive Directors representing more than one-third of the Board with one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors in respect of his/her independence in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

Board Independence Evaluation

The Company has established a board independence evaluation mechanism during the Reporting Period which sets out the processes and procedures to ensure a strong independent element on the Board, which allows the Board effectively exercises independent judgment to better safeguard Shareholders' interests.

The objectives of the evaluation are to improve Board effectiveness, maximise strengths, and identify the areas that need improvement or further development. The evaluation process also clarifies what actions of the Company need to be taken to maintain and improve the Board performance, for instance, addressing individual training and development needs of each Director.

Pursuant to the board independence evaluation mechanism, the Board will conduct annual review on its independence. During the Reporting Period, the Board reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the board independence evaluation mechanism and the results were satisfactory.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

The non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) of the Company are appointed for a specific term of three years, subject to renewal after the expiry of the then current term.

All the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings. Under the Articles of Association, at every annual general meeting of the Company one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to, but not less than, one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Articles of Association also provides that the Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for reelection at that meeting.

董事會及管理層的職責、問責及貢獻

董事會應負責領導及控制本公司,並共同負 責指導及監督本公司事務。

董事會透過制定策略及監督其實施情況, 直接及間接透過其委員會領導及指導管理層, 監察本集團的營運及財務表現,並確保內 部監控及風險管理制度健全。

所有董事(包括非執行董事及獨立非執行董事) 為董事會帶來豐富、廣泛而寶貴的營商經驗、 知識及專業技能,使董事會能高效及有效 地運作。獨立非執行董事負責確保本公司有 高水平的監管申報,並在董事會內發揮平衡 作用,就企業行動及營運作出有效的獨立 判斷。

所有董事均可充分、適時地獲得所有有關本公司的資料,並可應要求於適當情況下就履 行其於本公司的職責尋求獨立專業意見。

董事應向本公司披露關於其所擔任的其他 職務的詳情。

董事會保留其就本公司一切重大事項作出決策的權力,包括政策事項、策略及預算、內部控制及風險管理、重大交易(尤其是可能涉及利益衝突者)、財務資料、董事委任及其他重要營運事宜。管理層則負責執行董事會決策、指導及協調本公司的日常營運及管理。

本公司已就因公司活動而針對董事及高級人員提起的任何法律訴訟,為董事及高級職員 安排適當責任保險,並將每年審查該保險 的保障範圍。

董事持續專業發展

董事應緊隨監管發展及變化,有效履行其 職責,並確保其對董事會的貢獻保持知情且 相關。

各新獲委任之董事均已於首次委任時獲提供正式、全面的入職培訓,以確保彼等對本公司的業務及營運有適當了解,並全面知悉根據《上市規則》及相關監管規定須承擔的董事責任及義務。

Responsibilities, Accountabilities and Contributions of the Board and Management

The Board should assume responsibility for leadership and control of the Company; and is collectively responsible for directing and supervising the Company's affairs.

The Board directly, and indirectly through its committees, leads and provides direction to management by laying down strategies and overseeing their implementation, monitors the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensures that sound internal control and risk management systems are in place.

All Directors, including non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. The independent non-executive Directors are responsible for ensuring a high standard of regulatory reporting of the Company and providing a balance in the Board for bringing effective independent judgement on corporate actions and operations.

All Directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company and may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances for discharging their duties to the Company.

The Directors shall disclose to the Company details of other offices held by them.

The Board reserves for its decision all major matters relating to policy matters, strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of directors and other significant operational matters of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and coordinating the daily operation and management of the Company are delegated to the management.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage on Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any legal actions taken against Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage would be reviewed on an annual basis.

Continuous Professional Development of Directors

Directors shall keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

Every newly appointed Director has received a formal and comprehensive induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

董事應參與適當的持續專業發展,發展及 更新其知識及技能。本公司將在適當時候在 公司內部為董事安排簡介會並向董事發放 相關課題的閱讀材料。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,公司組織全體董事參與香港法律顧問舉辦的培訓課程。培訓課程涵蓋廣泛的相關主題,包括董事的職責及責任、企業管治及法規。

截至2023年12月31日止年度的董事培訓記錄 概述如下: Directors should participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. Internally-facilitated briefings for Directors would be arranged and reading material on relevant topics would be provided to Directors where appropriate.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company organized training session conducted by the Hong Kong legal advisors for all Directors. The training session covered a wide range of relevant topics including directors' duties and responsibilities, corporate governance and regulations.

The training records of the Directors for the year ended December 31, 2023 are summarized as follows:

出席內部舉辦的 簡介會或培訓、 講座、閱讀材料 Attended Internallyfacilitated Briefings or Training, Seminars, Reading Materials

執行董事 趙宏先生(首席執行官) 潘蓉容女士(首席財務官)	Executive Directors Mr. Zhao Hong (Chief Executive Officer) Ms. Pan Rongrong (Chief Financial Officer)	<i>y y</i>
非執行董事	Non-Executive Directors	
Li Zhenfu先生 <i>(董事會主席)</i>	Mr. Li Zhenfu <i>(Chairman)</i>	✓
Daniel Luzius Vasella博士	Dr. Daniel Luzius Vasella	✓
Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien女士	Ms. Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien	✓
王海霞女士	Ms. Wang Haixia	✓
		✓
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-Executive Directors	
劉國恩博士	Dr. Liu Guoen	✓
Chen Ping博士	Dr. Chen Ping	✓
Gu Alex Yushao先生	Mr. Gu Alex Yushao	✓
Wendy Hayes女士	Ms. Wendy Hayes	✓

Directors

董事委員會

董事

董事會已成立三個委員會,即審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,以監督本公司所有董事委員會均按 略書面的特定職權範圍成立,該等職權範圍清楚列明彼等的權限及職責。審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會之職權範圍已載於本公司網站及聯交所網站,並可應要求供股東查閱。

有關各董事委員會主席及成員的名單載於 第2頁「公司資料」項下。

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee are posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website and are available to shareholders upon request.

The list of the chairman and members of each Board committee is set out under "Corporate Information" on page 2.

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名成員組成,即獨立非執 行董事Wendy Hayes女士和GU Alex Yushao 先生及非執行董事Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien女士。 Wendy Hayes女士擔任審核委員會主席。

審核委員會職權範圍的嚴謹度並不遜於《企業管治守則》內所載者。審核委員會的主要職責為協助董事會審閱財務資料及報告程序、風險管理及內部控制系統、外部核數師的審核範圍及委任,以及檢討本公司的安排,以讓本公司的僱員可就本集團財務報告、內部控制或其他事宜中可能存在的不當之處提出關注。

審核委員會於2023年的主要工作包括以下:

- 審閱2022年年度報告,包括企業管治報告、環境、社會及管治報告、董事會報告及財務報表以及相關業績公佈;
- 審閱2023年中期報告及中期業績公佈;
- 審閱本公司的股息政策;
- 審閱本集團的企業管治守則、上市規則及相關法律合規情況;
- 對於外聘核數師,審閱彼等的計劃、報告及管理函件、費用、參與的非審 核服務、獨立性及彼等的聘任條款;
- 審閱本公司內部審核部門的內部核數計劃、資源及工作;
- 審閱本公司的財務報告系統、本集團 內運作的內部監控系統、風險管理系 統及相關程序的有效性:及
- 審閱本集團財務部資源、資歷及培訓 的充足性。

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee consists of three members, namely Ms. Wendy Hayes and Mr. Gu Alex Yushao, independent non-executive Directors and Ms. Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien, non-executive Director. Ms. Wendy Hayes is the chairwoman of the Audit Committee

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The main duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board in reviewing the financial information and reporting process, risk management and internal control systems, scope of audit and appointment of external auditors, and arrangements to enable employees of the Company to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters of the Company.

The Audit Committee's major work during the year 2023 included:

- reviewing the 2022 annual report, including the Corporate Governance Report, the ESG Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements, as well as the related results announcement:
- reviewing the 2023 interim report and interim results announcement;
- reviewing the dividend policy of the Company;
- reviewing the status of compliance with the CG Code, the Listing Rules and relevant laws by the Group;
- in relation to the external auditor, reviewing their plans, reports and management letter, fees, involvement in non-audit services, independence and their terms of engagement;
- reviewing the internal audit plans, resources and work of the Company's internal audit department;
- reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, the system of internal controls in operation, risk management system and associated procedures within the Group; and
- reviewing the adequacy of resources, qualifications and training of the Group's finance department.

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所(「羅兵咸永道」) 為本集團的委聘核數師。審核委員會每年檢討本公司與羅兵咸永道的關係。審核委員會亦已檢討外部核數程序的有效性和羅兵咸永道的獨立性及客觀性,並信納關係良好。因此,審核委員會建議於下屆股東週年大會上重新委任羅兵咸永道。 PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC") is the appointed auditor of the Group. The Audit Committee annually reviews the relationship between the Company and PwC. In addition, the Audit Committee has also reviewed the effectiveness of external audit procedures and the independence and objectiveness of PwC, and is satisfied with the existence of the good relationship. As a result, the Audit Committee recommends the reappointment of PwC at the forthcoming AGM.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,審核委員會分別於2023年3月21日及2023年8月14日舉行會議。

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Audit Committee meetings were held on March 21 and August 14, 2023, respectively.

審核委員會成員出席率如下:

The attendance records of the members of the Audit Committee are as follows:

		出席情況/會議數目
		Attendance/
審核委員會成員姓名	Name of Members of the Audit Committee	Number of Meetings
Wendy Hayes女士(<i>主席)</i>	Ms. Wendy Hayes (Chairwoman)	2/2
Gu Alex Yushao先生	Mr. Gu Alex Yushao	2/2
Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien女士	Ms. Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien	2/2

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名成員組成,即執行董事趙宏先生及獨立非執行董事GU Alex Yushao先生和CHEN Ping博士。GU Alex Yushao先生擔任薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會職權範圍的要求不遜於《企業管治守則》內所載者。薪酬委員會的主要職能包括根據董事會授權釐定所有執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬方案、就所有董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構向董事會作出推薦建議以及建立正式及透明的程序,以制定該等薪酬政策。

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee consists of three members, namely Mr. Zhao Hong, executive Director, and Mr. Gu Alex Yushao and Dr. Chen Ping, independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Gu Alex Yushao is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee include determining remuneration packages of all executive Directors and senior management according to the authorization of the Board, making recommendations to the Board in relation to remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and senior management, and the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing such remuneration policy.

企業管治報告

Corporate Governance Report

截至2023年12月31日止年度,薪酬委員會於 2023年3月20日舉行會議,以:

- 以規模相若的同業公司為基準,檢討 本公司的薪酬政策及架構,並向董事 會提出建議;
- 評估、檢討及批准執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇;
- 檢討非執行董事的薪酬,並向董事會 提出建議;
- 審閱本公司的股份計劃,並批准根據 首次公開發售後購股權計劃及首次公 開發售後受限制股份單位計劃分別向 本集團執行董事、高級管理層及其他 僱員授出購股權及受限制股份單位:
- 檢討其他相關事宜。

薪酬委員會成員出席率如下:

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Remuneration Committee meeting was held on March 20, 2023 to:

- review and recommend to the Board in respect of the remuneration policies and structure of the Company by benchmarking peer companies with a similar scale;
- assess, review and approve the remuneration packages for the executive director and senior management;
- review and recommend to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive directors:
- review the Company's share plans and approve the grant of options and RSUs under the Post-IPO Option Plan and Post-IPO RSU Plan respectively to the executive director, senior management and other employees of the Group; and
- review other related matters.

The number of the options under the Post-IPO Option Plan and RSUs under the Post-IPO RSU Plan granted (the "**Grants**") to the executive director, senior management and other employees of the Group (together as "**Grantees**") in 2023 was approved by the Remuneration Committee considering factors including but not limited to salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Grantees, and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group. The Grants recognized the Grantees' past contributions to the development of the Group and aligned the interests of Grantees, the Company and the Shareholders to increase value of our Company.

The attendance records of the members of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

薪酬委員會成員姓名	Name of Members of the Remuneration Committee	出席情況/會議數目 Attendance/ Number of Meetings
Gu Alex Yushao先生(主席)	Mr. Gu Alex Yushao <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
趙宏先生 Chen Ping博士	Mr. Zhao Hong Dr. Chen Ping	1/1 1/1

截至2023年12月31日止年度高級管理<mark>層的酬</mark> 金按薪酬等級載列如下: The remuneration of the senior management by band for the year ended December 31, 2023 is set out below:

年度收入	Annual Income	人數 Number of Persons
介於人民幣1,000,000元至 人民幣5,000,000元	Between RMB1,000,000 to RMB5,000,000	2
介於人民幣5,000,000元至	Between RMB5,000,000 to RMB10,000,000	3
人民幣10,000,000元 超過人民幣10,000,000元	Over RMB10,000,000	4 1

截至2023年12月31日的董事酬金詳情載於本年度報告合併財務報表附註13(c)。

提名委員會

提名委員會提名委員會有三名成員,即非執行董事Li Zhenfu先生及獨立非執行董事劉國恩博士和Wendy Hayes女士。Li Zhenfu先生擔任提名委員會主席。

提名委員會的職權範圍要求並不比《企業管治守則》所載者寬鬆。

提名委員會的主要職責包括檢討董事會組成, 就董事的委任和繼任計劃向董事會提出建議, 評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性及制定有關 董事會成員多元化政策。

評估董事會組成時,提名委員會將會考慮各個方面及本公司董事會多元化政策所載有關董事會多元化的因素。提名委員會將於必要時就實現董事會多元化的可計量目標進行討論並達成一致意見,並將該等目標推薦給董事會採納。

於識別及篩選董事的合適候選人時,提名委員會將考慮提名政策所載對於補充企業策略及實現董事會多元化屬必要之相關候選人標準,適當情況下將候選人推薦給董事會。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,提名委員會於2023年3月30日舉行會議。

The remuneration of the directors for the year ended December 31, 2023 is set out in Note 13(c) to the consolidated financial statements of this Annual Report.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee consists of three members, namely Mr. Li Zhenfu, non-executive Director and Dr. Liu Guoen and Ms. Wendy Hayes, independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Li Zhenfu is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the Board composition, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of Directors, assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors and formulating the policy concerning diversity of Board member.

In assessing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee would take into account various aspects as well as factors concerning Board diversity as set out in the Company's Board Diversity Policy. The Nomination Committee would discuss and agree on measurable objectives for achieving diversity on the Board, where necessary, and recommend them to the Board for adoption.

In identifying and selecting suitable candidates for directorships, the Nomination Committee would consider the candidate's relevant criteria as set out in the Nomination Policy that are necessary to complement the corporate strategy and achieve Board diversity, where appropriate, before making recommendation to the Board.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Nomination Committee meeting was held on March 30, 2023.

提名委員會成員出席率如下:

The attendance records of the members of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

出席情況/會議數目
Attendance/
提名委員會成員姓名
Name of Members of the Nomination Committee
Number of Meetings

Li Zhenfu先生(主席)
Mr. Li Zhenfu (Chairman)
1/1
劉國恩博士
Dr. Liu Guoen
1/1
Wendy Hayes女士
Ms. Wendy Hayes

董事會多元化政策

本公司已採納的董事會多元化政策載有實現董事會多元化的方法。本公司認可董事會 多元化的重要性,因為該政策可提高董事 會效率,並認為董事會多元化是維持本公司 競爭優勢的重要元素。

根據董事會多元化政策,提名委員會將審查及評估董事會的組成,並就本公司新董事的委任向董事會提出建議。在審查及評估董事會的組成時,提名委員會將考慮多元化的各方面益處,以保持董事會人才、技能、經驗及背景的適當範圍及平衡。

本公司旨在維持董事會多元化的適當平衡, 並提高董事會的效率及維持高標準企業管治。

Board Diversity Policy

The Company has adopted a Board Diversity Policy which sets out the approach to achieve diversity of the Board. The Company recognizes the importance of diversity of the Board as it promotes board effectiveness and sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in maintaining the Company's competitive advantage.

Pursuant to the Board Diversity Policy, the Nomination Committee will review and assess the composition of the Board and make recommendations to the Board on appointment of new Directors of the Company. In reviewing and assessing the composition of the Board, the Nomination Committee will consider the benefits of all aspects of diversity in order to maintain an appropriate range and balance of talents, skills, experience and background on the Board.

The Company aims to maintain an appropriate balance of diversity on the Board and is to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and to maintain high standards of corporate governance.

性別多元化

本公司重視本集團所有層面的性別多元化。 下表載列於本年報日期本集團僱員(包括董事會、高級管理層及其他僱員)的性別比例。

Gender Diversity

The Company values gender diversity across all levels of the Group. The following table sets out the gender ratio in the workforce of the Group, including the Board, senior management and other employees as at the date of this Annual Report.

		Female 女性	Male 男性
董事會	Board	40.0%[4]	60.0%[6]*
高級管理層	Senior management	14.3%[1]	85.7%[6]
其他僱員	Other employees	66.7%[692]	33.3%[345]
總計	Overall	66.1%[697]	33.9%[357]

本公司的目標是達到並已經達到本集團擁有至少30%的女性董事、10%的女性高級管理層及60%的女性僱員,並認為上述目前的性別多元化令人滿意。

* 本公司執行董事兼首席執行官趙宏先生、 執行董事兼首席財務官潘蓉容女士計入董 事會而非高級管理層。

提名委員會認為篩選董事會候選人應依據 客觀標準,並適當考慮所選候選人的優點 及將會為董事會作出的貢獻。

提名委員會及董事會認為現時的董事會之 組成已達致董事會多元化政策所載之目標。

提名委員會已檢討董事會多元化政策的實施及有效性,並認為該政策於報告期內為 有效。 The Company had targeted to achieve and had achieved at least 30% of female Directors, 10% of female senior management and 60% of female employees of the Group and considers that the above current gender diversity is satisfactory.

Mr. Zhao Hong, the executive director and chief executive officer of the Company, Ms. Pan Rongrong, the executive director and chief financial officer of the Company, are counted in the Board rather than in the senior management.

The Nomination Committee considered that the selection of board candidates shall be based on merit against objective criteria and with due regard for merit and the contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

The Nomination Committee and the Board are of the view that the current composition of the Board has achieved the objectives set in the Board Diversity Policy.

The Nomination Committee have reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy and considered it to be effective during the Reporting Period.

企業管治報告

Corporate Governance Report

提名政策

董事會已委託及授權本公司提名委員會負責 篩選及委任董事。

本公司已採納提名政策,該政策規定了針對董事提名及委任的篩選標準及提名流程以及董事會的繼任計劃考量,旨在確保董事會在技能、經驗及觀點多元化方面的適當平衡。

提名政策載有評估建議候選人能否勝任董事及對董事會的潛在貢獻的相關因素,包括但不限於以下各項(統稱「標準」):

- 性格及誠信方面的聲譽;
- 在本公司業務涉及的相關行業的業績 及經驗以及其他專業資格;
- 就履行董事會職責所承諾的時間投入 及相關權益:
- 包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知識以及 服務年限等方面的多元化:
- 候選人可能對董事會作出的貢獻;及
- 董事會所制定的有序繼任計劃。

提名政策亦載列董事篩選及委任的程序。 提名政策所載提名程序載列如下:

- (a) 在物色或甄選合適人選時,提名委員會可向其認為合適的任何來源查詢,例如由董事推薦、招聘廣告、獵頭公司推薦以及由股東建議,並適當考慮標準;
- (b) 提名委員會可採用其認為適當的任何 程序評估候選人的合適性,如面試、 背景調查、演示及查核第三方推薦;
- (c) 候選人將被要求提交必要的個人資料 以供提名委員會考慮。提名委員會如 認為有必要,可以要求候選人提供額 外資料及文件;

Nomination Policy

The Board has delegated its responsibilities and authority for selection and appointment of Directors to the Nomination Committee of the Company.

The Company has adopted a Nomination Policy which sets out the selection criteria and nomination process and the Board succession planning considerations in relation to nomination and appointment of Directors and aims to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company.

The Nomination Policy sets out the factors for assessing the suitability and the potential contribution to the Board of a proposed candidate, including but not limited to the following (collectively, the "Criteria"):

- Reputation for character and integrity;
- Accomplishment and experience in the relevant industries in which the Company's business is involved and other professional qualifications;
- Commitment for responsibilities of the Board in respect of available time and relevant interest:
- Diversity in aspects including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service;
- Contribution that the candidate(s) can potentially bring to the Board; and
- Plans in place for the orderly succession of the Board.

The Nomination Policy also sets out the procedures for the selection and appointment of Directors. The nomination process set out in the Nominee Policy is as follows:

- (a) the Nomination Committee may consult any source it deems appropriate in identifying or selecting suitable candidates, such as referrals from existing Directors, advertising, recommendations from third-party agency firm and proposals from the Shareholders with due consideration given to the Criteria;
- the Nomination Committee may adopt any process it deems appropriate in evaluating the suitability of the candidates, such as interviews, background checks, presentations and third party reference checks;
- (c) the proposed candidates will be asked to submit the necessary personal information for the Nomination Committee's consideration. The Nomination Committee may request the candidate(s) to provide additional information and documents, if considered necessary;

- (d) 在考慮某名候選人是否適合擔任董事 一職之後,提名委員會將舉行會議及/ 或以書面決議案的方式(如其認為合適) 向董事會建議作出委任;
- (d) upon considering a candidate suitable for the directorship, the Nomination Committee will hold a meeting and/or by way of written resolutions to, if thought fit, approve the recommendation to the Board for appointment;
- (e) 提名委員會將向薪酬委員會提供獲選 人選的有關資料以便薪酬委員會考慮 該名獲選人選的薪酬福利方案;
- (e) the Nomination Committee will provide the relevant information of the selected candidate to the Remuneration Committee for consideration of remuneration package of such selected candidate:
- (f) 提名委員會將向董事會建議委任獲選人選為董事,在考慮非執行董事時, 薪酬委員會將向董事會建議其擬訂薪酬福利方案;
- (f) the Nomination Committee will thereafter make the recommendation to the Board in relation to the proposed appointment, and where a nonexecutive Director is considered, the Remuneration Committee will make the recommendation to the Board on the proposed remuneration package;
- (g) 董事會可安排選定的選候選人由不屬 提名委員會成員的董事會成員進行面 試,董事會將根據具體情況審議並決 定委任:及
- (g) the Board may arrange for the selected candidate to be interviewed by the members of the Board who are not members of the Nomination Committee and the Board will thereafter deliberate and decide the appointment as the case may be; and
- (h) 所有董事的委任,將通過提交相關董事表示同意擔任董事的文件(或要求相關董事確認或接受委任為董事的任何其他類似文件,視具體情況而定)予香港公司註冊處存檔及更新本公司董事名冊予以確認。董事須同意就其獲委任為董事之目的而於任何文件或有關網站公開披露其個人資料。
- (h) all appointment of Directors will be confirmed by the filing of the consent to act as Director of the relevant Director (or any other similar filings requiring the relevant Director to acknowledge or accept the appointment as Director, as the case may be) to be filed with the Companies Registry of Hong Kong and updating the Register of Directors of the Company. The Director shall consent to the public disclosure of their personal data on any documents or the relevant websites for the purpose of or in relation to their appointment as a Director.

提名委員會將適時檢討提名政策,以確保其效力。

The Nomination Committee will review the Nomination Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness.

企業管治職能

Corporate Governance Functions

董事會負責履行《企業管治守則》所載職能。

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in the CG Code.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,董事會已審查本公司的企業管治政策及實踐、董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展、本公司政策及實踐的法律及監管規定的合規性,《標準守則》及書面員工指引的合規性,以及本公司對《企業管治守則》的合規性及本公司介業管治報告中的披露。

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Board had reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code and Written Employee Guidelines, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

企業管治報告

Corporate Governance Report

風險管理及內部控制

董事會負責風險管理及內部控制系統並審查其效力。該等系統用於管理而非消除未 能實現業務目標的風險,僅可合理保證而非 絕對保證概無重大不實陳述或損失。

董事會總體負責評估及確定為實現本公司 戰略目標、建立及維持合適且有效的風險 管理和內部控制系統,董事會將承擔的風 險性質及程度。

審核委員會協助董事會領導管理層,並監 督其風險管理和內部控制制度的設計、實 施和監控。

本公司已制定及採納多項風險管理程序及 指引,並授出確定權力以供主要業務程序 及辦事處職能部門(包括銷售、採購、財務 報告、人力資源及信息技術等)實施。

所有分部/部門定期進行內部監控評估,以 識別可能影響本集團業務以及主要營運及 財務流程、監管合規及信息安全等方面的 風險。各分部/部門每年進行自我評估,以 確認其妥善遵守監控政策。

管理層在分部/部門主管協調下,評估風險發生概率、提供應對計劃及監察風險管理進程,並向審核委員會及董事會報告所有結果及制度成效。

管理層已向董事會及審核委員會確認截至 2023年12月31日止年度風險管理及內部控制 制度的成效。

本公司有內部審計團隊,就風險管理及內部控制制度是否充足有效進行獨立檢討。內部審核職能審查有關會計常規及所有重大監控的關鍵問題,並向審核委員會提出 其發現及改善建議。

董事會在審核委員會支持下,並經參考管理層報告,檢討截至2023年12月31日止年度的風險管理及內部控制制度(包括財務、營運及合規控制),且認為該制度有效及足夠。年度檢討亦涵蓋財務申報、員工資格、經驗及相關資源。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems.

The Audit Committee assists the Board in leading the management and overseeing their design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Company has developed and adopted various risk management procedures and guidelines with defined authority for implementation by key business processes and office functions, including sales, purchase, financial reporting, human resources and information technology.

All divisions/departments conducted internal control assessment regularly to identify risks that potentially impact the business of the Group and various aspects including key operational and financial processes, regulatory compliance and information security. Self-evaluation has been conducted annually to confirm that control policies are properly complied with by each division/department.

The management, in coordination with division/department heads, assessed the likelihood of risk occurrence, provide treatment plans, and monitor the risk management progress, and reported to the Audit Committee and the Board on all findings and the effectiveness of the systems.

The management has confirmed to the Board and the Audit Committee on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The Company has the internal audit team which performs independent review of the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems. The internal audit function examined key issues in relation to the accounting practices and all material controls and provided its findings and recommendations for improvement to the Audit Committee.

The Board, as supported by the Audit Committee as well as the management report, reviewed the risk management and internal control systems, including the financial, operational and compliance controls, for the year ended December 31, 2023 and considered that such systems are effective and adequate. The annual review also covered the financial reporting and staff qualifications, experiences and relevant resources.

本公司已採用舉報政策,以促使本公司僱員 暗中舉報其工作場所可能發生的不正當行為 及程序,包括財務申報、內部監控或其他事 宜。

本公司亦制定了反貪污政策以防止本公司內 部出現貪污及賄賂行為。本公司設有內部 報渠道,為僱員公開提供舉報任何涉嫌 污及賄賂行為的途徑。僱員亦可向內 貪污部門/內部審計部門進行舉報,有關 部門將負責調查經舉報事項並採取適當財 施。本公司持續開展反貪污及反賄賂活的有 培養廉潔文化,確保反貪污及反賄賂的有 效性。

本公司已制定其披露政策,為本公司董事、 高級管理層及有關僱員處理保密資料、監 察資料披露及回覆詢問提供一般指引。本公 司已實施監控程序,確保嚴禁未經授權獲 得及使用內幕消息。

董事對財務報表的責任

董事知悉彼等須負責編製本公司截至2023 年12月31日止年度的財務報表。

董事已根據國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的所有適用《國際財務報告準則」)及香港《公司條例》第622章的披露要求編製財務報表,並一直貫徹使用及應用合適的會計政策(經修訂準則的採納、準則及註釋的修改除外)。

就董事所知,並無有關可能對本公司持續 經營能力構成重大疑慮的任何事件或情況 的任何重大不明朗因素。

本公司獨立核數師就彼等有關財務報表的申報責任聲明,刊載於第94至101頁獨立核數師報告內。

The Company has adopted a whistleblowing policy to facilitate employees of the Company to raise, in confidence, concerns about possible improprieties in the practices and procedures, including financial reporting, internal control and other matters, in their workplace.

The Company has also in place the Anti-Corruption Policy to safeguard against corruption and bribery within the Company. The Company has an internal reporting channel that is open and available for employees of the Company to report any suspected corruption and bribery. Employees can also make reports to the internal anti-corruption department/internal audit function, which is responsible for investigating the reported incidents and taking appropriate measures. The Company continues to carry out anti-corruption and anti-bribery activities to cultivate a culture of integrity and ensure the effectiveness of anti-corruption and anti-bribery.

The Company has developed its disclosure policy which provides a general guide to the Company's Directors, senior management and relevant employees in handling confidential information, monitoring information disclosure and responding to enquiries. Control procedures have been implemented to ensure that unauthorized access and use of inside information are strictly prohibited.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cop. 622. Appropriate accounting policies have also been used and applied consistently except the adoption of revised standards, amendments to standards and interpretation.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement of the independent auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 94 to 101.

核數師薪酬

截至2023年12月31日止年度,就核數服務應付本公司外聘核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所的薪酬細分載列如下:

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

A breakdown of the remuneration payable to the external auditors of the Company, PricewaterhouseCoopers, in respect of audit services for the year ended December 31, 2023 is set out below:

已付/應付費用 Fees Paid/Payable 人民幣元 RMB 3,980,000

非核數服務(包括諮詢服務、税務服務等) Non-audit Services (including advisory and tax service) 290,000

Service Category

Audit Services

4,270,000

公司秘書

服務類別

核數服務

潘蓉容女士及陳倩敏女士自2021年2月19日 起獲委任為本公司的聯繫公司秘書。陳倩 敏女士為卓佳專業商務有限公司企業服務 部高級經理。

報告期後,陳倩敏女士辭任聯席公司秘書, 潘蓉容女士擔任本公司的公司秘書,自2024 年3月28日生效。

所有董事均可獲得公司秘書就公司治理、董事會慣例及事項提供的建議和服務。潘蓉容女士已被指定為本公司的主要聯絡人,負責就本公司的公司治理、秘書及行政事宜進行合作及溝通。

股東權利

本公司通過各種溝通管道與股東進行溝通。

為保障股東權益,股東大會應就每一實質 上獨立的議題提呈單獨決議案,包括選舉 個別董事。根據《上市規則》,於股東大 上提出的所有決議案將進行投票表決,投 票結果將於每次股東大會後公佈在本公司 網站及聯交所網站上。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Pan Rongrong and Ms. Chan Sin Man Nico have been appointed as the Company's joint company secretaries with effect from February 19, 2021. Ms. Chan Sin Man Nico is a senior manager of corporate service of Tricor Services Limited.

Subsequent to the Reporting Period, Ms. Chan has resigned as the joint company secretary and Ms. Pan will act as the company secretary of the Company with effect from March 28, 2024.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the company secretary on corporate governance and board practices and matters. Ms. Pan Rongrong has been designated as the primary contact person at the Company on the Company's corporate governance and secretarial and administrative matters.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company engages with shareholders through various communication channels.

To safeguard shareholder interests and rights, separate resolution should be proposed for each substantially separate issue at general meetings, including the election of individual Director. All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after each general meeting.

召開股東特別大會

根據組織章程細則第12.3條,本公司亦可按 任何一名或多名股東的書面要求召開股東 大會,條件是該等請求人於存放請求書之 日共同持有本公司不少於十分之一具有本公 司股東大會投票權的繳足股本的股份。書 面請求應存放於本公司在香港之主要辦事 處,倘本公司不再擁有上述主要辦事處,則 存放於本公司註冊辦事處,指明本次會議的 目標, 並由請求人簽署。如果董事並未於存 放請求書之日起21日內正式召開一個將於另 外21日內舉行的會議,請求人本身或彼等當 中任何超過一半總投票權的人士,可以相 同的方式(盡可能接近董事召開會議的方式) 召開股東大會,條件是如此召開的任何會 議不得在存放請求書之日起三個月期滿後 舉行,以及請求人因董事會未召開會議而產 生的一切合理費用應當由本公司向請求人作 出賠償。

股東召開股東大會應遵守組織章程細則所 載的規定及程式。

於股東大會上提呈議案

根據開曼群島《公司法》或組織章程細則, 概無條文允許股東於股東大會上動議新決 議案。股東動議一項決議案,可依照前段 規定的程式請求本公司召開股東大會。

向董事會提出查詢

股東可將彼等向本公司董事會提出的任何 查詢以書面形式郵寄至本公司。本公司通常 將不會處理口頭或匿名的查詢。

聯繫方式

股東可將彼等查詢或上述請求發送至以下 地址:

地址: 中國上海市淮海中路381號中環廣

場22樓(提請公司秘書注意)

郵箱: ir@sciclone.com

為免生疑問,股東必須存放並寄發已正式簽署的書面請求、通告或聲明或查詢(視情況而定)的原件至上述地址,並提供其全名、聯絡詳情及身份,以便本公司回覆。股東資料可按法律要求進行披露。

Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting

Pursuant to Articles 12.3 of the Articles of Association, general meetings shall also be convened on the written requisition of any one or more members holding together, as at the date of deposit of the requisition, shares representing not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carry the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. The written requisition shall be deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office of the Company, specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionist(s). If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting to be held within a further 21 days, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

Shareholders should follow the requirements and procedures as set out in the Articles of Association, for convening a general meeting.

Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

There is no provision allowing shareholders to move new resolutions at general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Law or the Articles of Association. Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting following the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board of the Company, shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company. The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries.

Contact Details

Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests as mentioned above to the following:

Address: 22/F, Central Plaza, 381 Middle Huaihai Road, Shanghai, PRC (For the

attention of the Company Secretary)

Email: ir@sciclone.com

For the avoidance of doubt, shareholder(s) must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the above address, and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

與股東及投資者溝通

本公司認為,與股東的有效溝通對加強投資者關係以及加深投資者對本集團業務表現及策略的認識尤關重要。本公司致力與股東保持溝通,特別是於股東週年大會及其他股東大會上。董事(或適合的彼等代表)將出席股東週年大會,以會見股東及回答彼等的提問。

本公司於2023年5月25日舉行的股東週年大會採納第二份經修訂及重訂之組織章程細則,其自股東在股東週年大會上批准後生效。本公司網站及聯交所網站均提供最新版本的組織章程細則。除上文所披露者外,截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司的章程文件概無任何變更。

與股東相關的政策

本公司已制定股東溝通政策,以確保股東 的觀點及顧慮得以適當解決。該等政策會 被定期審查以確保其有效性。本公司已檢 討股東溝通政策,認為該政策在報告期內 有效執行。

本公司已於股息支付時採納股息政策。根據本公司及本集團的財務狀況以及股息政策所載列的條件及因素,董事會可於一個財政年度內建議及/或宣派股息,該財政年度的任何股息均須經股東批准。

本公司已建立下列多個渠道以維持與股東 的持續溝通:

(a) 股東查詢

股東應將有關其股權的問題直接提交 予本公司股份過戶登記處。

股東及投資人士可隨時要求索取有關 本公司的公開資料。

本公司須向股東及投資人士提供本公司之指定聯絡人,以便他們作出任何 有關本公司之任何查詢。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company considers that effective communication with shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings and other general meetings. At the annual general meeting, directors (or their delegates as appropriate) are available to meet shareholders and answer their enquiries.

The Company's annual general meeting was held on May 25, 2023, and adopted, among others, the second amended and restated memorandum and articles of association, which has become effective upon the approval by Shareholders at the annual general meeting. An up-to-date version of the Articles of Association is available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website. Save as disclosed above, there was no change in the constitutional documents of the Company during the year ended December 31, 2023.

Policies Relating to Shareholders

The Company has in place a Shareholders' Communication Policy to ensure that shareholders' views and concerns are appropriately addressed. The policy is regularly reviewed to ensure its effectiveness. The Company has reviewed the Shareholders' Communication Policy and considered that the policy was effectively implemented during the Reporting Period.

The Company has adopted a Dividend Policy on payment of dividends. Depending on the financial conditions of the Company and the Group and the conditions and factors as set out in the Dividend Policy, dividends may be proposed and/or declared by the Board during a financial year and any final dividend for a financial year will be subject to the shareholders' approval.

The Company has established a number of channels for maintaining an on-going dialogue with its Shareholders as follows:

(a) Shareholders' Enquiries

Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's share registrar.

Shareholders and the investment community may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available.

Shareholders and the investment community shall be provided with designated contacts in order to enable them to make any query in respect of the Company.

(b) 公司通訊

向股東發放的公司通訊以淺白中、英 雙語編寫,以便於股東理解通訊內容。 股東有權選擇公司通訊的語言(英文 或中文)或收取方式(印刷本或電子方 式)。

本公司鼓勵股東向本公司提供(其中 尤其包括)電郵地址,以便及時有效溝 通。

(c) 公司網站

本公司網站(www.sciclone.com)的資料會定期更新。

本公司於香港聯交所網站發佈的資料亦會隨即登載在本公司的公司通訊網站。有關資料包括財務報表、業績公告、通函及股東大會通告以及相關説明文件等。

(d) 股東大會

股東宜參與股東大會,如未能出席,可委派代表代其出席並於會上投票。

股東週年大會應有適當安排,以鼓勵 股東參與。

本公司會監察及定期檢討股東大會程序,如有需要會作出改動,以確保其 切合股東需要。

董事會成員(尤其是董事委員會主席 或其代表)、適當的行政管理人員及外 聘核數師均會出席股東週年大會回答 股東提問。

本公司鼓勵股東出席本公司組織的股東活動,會上將傳達有關本公司的資料(包括其最新策略計劃)。

(e) 投資市場溝通

本公司將定期舉行投資者/分析員簡報會及個別單獨會議、路演(國內及國際)、媒體訪談、投資者營銷活動及專業行業論壇等,以促進本公司、股東與投資社群之間的溝通。

(b) Corporate Communication

Corporate communication will be provided to Shareholders in plain language and in both English and Chinese versions to facilitate Shareholders' understanding. Shareholders have the right to choose the language (either English or Chinese) or means of receipt of the corporate communications (in hard copy or through electronic means).

Shareholders are encouraged to provide, amongst other things, in particular, their email addresses to the Company in order to facilitate timely and effective communications.

(c) Corporate Website

Information on the Company's website (www.sciclone.com) is updated on a regular basis.

Information released by the Company to the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange is also posted on the Company's website for corporate communications immediately thereafter. Such information includes financial statements, results announcements, circulars and notices of general meetings and associated explanatory documents etc.

(d) Shareholders' Meetings

Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings.

Appropriate arrangements for the annual general meetings shall be in place to encourage Shareholders' participation.

The process of the Company's general meeting will be monitored and reviewed on a regular basis, and, if necessary, changes will be made to ensure that Shareholders' needs are best served.

Board members, in particular, the chairmen of Board committees or their delegates, appropriate management executives and external auditors will attend annual general meetings to answer Shareholders' questions.

Shareholders are encouraged to attend shareholders' activities organized by the Company, where information about the Company, including its latest strategic plan, will be communicated.

(e) Investment Market Communications

Investor/analysts briefings and one-on-one meetings, roadshows (both domestic and international), media interviews, marketing activities for investors and specialist industry forums etc. will be available on a regular basis in order to facilitate communication between the Company, Shareholders and the investment community.

董事會欣然呈報本公司截至2023年12月31日 的年度報告連同經審計的合併財務報表。 The Board is pleased to present the Annual Report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2023.

主要活動

我們是一間擁有產品開發和商業化集成平台的生物製藥公司。我們在戰略上專注於中國一些最大且發展迅速的存在重大未滿足醫療需求的治療領域,主要包括腫瘤及重症感染。憑藉我們的集成平台,我們力圖在重點治療領域開發優質上市產品(包括我們的自有產品日達仙)及在研藥物的組合並對其進行商業化。

本集團各業務部門的收入及貢獻分析報表 載於本年度報告「管理層討論與分析」一節及 合併財務報表附註7。

業績

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度的業績載 於本年度報告中本集團合併全面收益表第 102至103頁。

財務摘要

本公司最新五個財政年度的業績、資產及負債摘要載於本年度報告第226頁。

業務回顧

本集團截至報告期內的業務回顧及表現分析載於本年度報告「主席報告」及「管理層討論與分析」一節。關於本集團的環境政管政策表現的討論詳情載於環境、社會及管治報告第227至251頁,及本集團遵守對本集產生重大影響的相關法律法規的情況載於「遵守法律法規」一節中第91頁以及本公司風險管理及內部控制的描述載於「企業管治報告」下「風險管理及內部控制」一節中第54至55頁。上述討論構成董事會報告的一部分。

重要客戶及供應商

截至2023年12月31日止年度,五大供應商採購總額的百分比約佔本集團採購總額的 51%,向最大供應商作出的採購額約佔本 集團採購總額的16%。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

We are a biopharmaceutical company with an integrated platform for product development and commercialization. We strategically focus on some of the largest and fast-growing therapeutic areas with significant unmet medical needs in China, primarily including oncology and severe infection. Leveraging our integrated platform, we strive to develop and commercialize a portfolio of high-quality marketed products, including our proprietary product, Zadaxin, and pipeline drugs in our focused therapeutic areas.

The analytical statements for income and contribution from results of business segments of the Group are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" and Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of the Group on pages 102 to 103 of this Annual Report.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the Company's results, assets and liabilities for the last five financial years is set out on page 226 of this Annual Report.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review and performance analysis of the Group as of the Reporting Period are set out in the section headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this Annual Report. Discussion details on the Group's environmental policies and performance are set out on pages 227 to 251 of the Environmental, Social and Governance Report and the status of the Group's compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have material impact on the Group is set out in the section headed "Compliance with Laws and Regulations" on page 91 and the description of the risk management and internal controls of the Company is set out in the section headed "Risk Management and Internal Control" in the "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 54 to 55. The aforesaid discussion forms a part of the Directors' Report.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the percentage of the total purchases attributable to the five largest suppliers was approximately 51% of the total purchase of the Group, and purchases from the largest supplier accounted for approximately 16% of the total purchase of the Group.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,五大客戶總收入的百分比約佔本集團總收入的88%,向最大客戶作出的銷售額約佔本集團總收入的81%。

董事或彼等任何緊密聯繫人(定義見《上市規則》)或任何股東(據董事所深知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上者)概無於本集團五大供應商或本集團五大客戶中擁有任何實益權益。

物業、廠房及設備

截至2023年12月31日止年度期間,本集團物業、廠房及設備的變動詳情載於合併財務報表附許18。

借款

於2023年12月31日,本集團的借款詳情載於合併財務報表附註30。

股本

截至2023年12月31日止年度期間,本公司股本的變動詳情載於合併財務報表附註32。

儲備

截至2023年12月31日止年度期間,本集團及 本公司的儲備變動詳情分別載於經審計的 合併財務報表附註34。

全球發售所得款項用途

本公司股份已於上市日期於聯交所主板上市,經扣除包銷佣金及所有相關開支後,本公司收取的全球發售所得款項淨額約為2,083.6 百萬港元。 For the year ended December 31, 2023, the percentage of the total revenue attributable to the five largest customers was approximately 88% of the total revenue of the Group, and sales to the largest customer accounted for approximately 81% of the total revenue of the Group.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates (as defined under the Listing Rules) or any Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) has any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest suppliers or the Group's five largest customers.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended December 31, 2023 are set out in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

BORROWINGS

Details of the borrowings of the Group as at December 31, 2023 are set out in Note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year ended December 31, 2023 are set out in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of the movement in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended December 31, 2023 are set out in Notes 34 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM GLOBAL OFFERING

The Shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on the Listing Date with net proceeds received by the Company from the global offering in the amount of approximately HK\$2,083.6 million after deducting underwriting commissions and all related expenses.

所得款項淨額已根據招股章程所載用途動用,截至2023年12月31日,約1,152.4百萬港元仍未獲動用。下表載列所得款項淨額的計劃用途及截至2023年12月31日的實際用途:

The net proceeds have been utilized in accordance with the purposes set out in the Prospectus and approximately HK\$1,152.4 million remained unutilized up to December 31, 2023. The table below sets out the planned applications of the net proceeds and actual usage as of December 31, 2023:

			截至2023年		截至2023年	截至2023年
			1月1日	於報告期內的	12月31日的	12月31日的
		所得款項	的所得款項	已動用所得	所得款項	已動用所得
		淨額分配	淨額餘額	款項淨額	淨額餘額	款項淨額
				Amount of		
			Balance of	net proceeds	Balance of	Amount of
			net proceeds	utilized	net proceeds	net proceeds
			as of	during the	as of	utilized as of
	Intended use of net	Allocation of	January 1,	Reporting	December 31,	December 31,
所得款項淨額擬定用途	proceeds	net proceeds	2023	Period	2023	2023
			百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
			HK\$ in million	HK\$ in million	HK\$ in million	HK\$ in million
潛在收購新候選藥物的 投資	Investment in potential acquisition of new drug					
	candidates	30%	561.5	78.4	483.1	142.0
償還現有債務	Repayment of existing debts	28%	_	_	_	583.4
為臨床階段候選產品的開 發及商業化提供資金	Funds to the development and commercialization of our clinical-stage product					
	candidates	26%	506.7	40.2	466.5	75.2
招聘及擴充僱員的投資	Investment in recruitment and					
	employee expansion	10%	128.7	30.5	98.2	110.2
為我們上市產品組合進行 額外臨床應用的持續臨 床研究提供資金	Funds to ongoing clinical studies for additional clinical adoptions of our marketed					
\(product portfolio	6%	111.7	7.1	104.6	20.4
/						
		100%	1,308.6	156.2	1,152.4	931.2

除上文所披露者外,由上市日期起,本集團並未動用所得款項淨額的任何其他都分別 招股章程先前披露的所得款項淨額的任何其他 遊並無變動。最初,本公司預期所得款可淨額將於2024年12月31日之前悉數動用。 而,由於動用所得款項淨額取決於2027年 12月31日之前悉數動用所得款項淨額。 預別合適的機遇,因此現預期將於2027年 12月31日之前悉數動用所得款項淨額。 預期 時間表乃基於本公司目前對市場狀況及業務 營運的估計,且可根據未來市況發展及本公司實際業務需求而變動。 Save as disclosed above, since the Listing Date, the Group has not utilized any other portion of the net proceeds. There was no change in the intended use of net proceeds as previously disclosed in the Prospectus. Initially, the Company anticipated the net proceeds to be fully utilized by December 31, 2024. However, as the utilization of net proceeds is contingent upon the Company identifying suitable opportunities, the net proceeds are now expected to be fully utilized by December 31, 2027. The expected timeline is based on the current estimation by the Company of the market conditions and its business operations, and remains subject to change based on the future development of market conditions and actual business needs of the Company.

董事

截至本年度報告日期,董事成員為:

執行董事

趙宏先生(首席執行官兼總裁) 潘蓉容女士(首席財務官兼副总裁)

非執行董事*

Li Zhenfu先生(董事會主席)
Daniel Luzius Vasella博士
Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien女士
王海霞女士

獨立非執行董事

劉國恩博士 Chen Ping博士 Gu Alex Yushao先生 Wendy Hayes女士

* 石岑先生於2023年5月25日因個人工作安排 辭任非執行董事。

根據組織章程細則第16.2條,潘蓉容女士將於股東週年大會退任。根據組織章程細則第16.19條,Danel Luzius Vasella博士、王海霞女士和劉國恩博士將於股東週年大會退任。上述所有董事於合資格的情況下,可於股東週年大會上重選連任。

董事的服務合約

執行董事趙宏先生已與本公司訂立服務合約,初始任期自上市日期起計為期三年。執行董事潘蓉容女士已與本公司訂立服務合約,為期三年,自2023年5月25日生效。

各位非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任函,初 始任期自上市日期起計為期三年。

各位獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任函, 初始任期自上市日期起計為期三年。

概無董事與本公司訂立任何由本公司於一年 內免付賠償(法定賠償除外)而未終止的服 務合約。

DIRECTORS

The Directors as of the date of this Annual Report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhao Hong *(Chief Executive Officer and President)*Ms. Pan Rongrong *(Chief Financial Officer and Vice President)*

Non-executive Directors*

Mr. Li Zhenfu (Chairman) Dr. Daniel Luzius Vasella Ms. Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien Ms. Wang Haixia

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Liu Guoen Dr. Chen Ping Mr. Gu Alex Yushao Ms. Wendy Hayes

* Mr. Shi Cen resigned as a non-executive director on May 25, 2023 due to personal work arrangement.

In accordance with Article 16.2 of the Articles of Association, Ms. Pan Rongrong shall retire at the Annua General Meeting. In accordance with Article 16.19 of the Articles of Association, Dr. Danel Luzius Vasella, Ms. Wang Haixia and Dr. Liu Guoen shall retire at the Annual General Meeting. All of the above Directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for reelection at the Annual General Meeting.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Mr. Zhao Hong, an executive Director, has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from the Listing Date. Ms. Pan Rongrong, the executive Director has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years effect from May 25, 2023.

Each of the non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from the Listing Date.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from the Listing Date.

None of the Directors has entered into any service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

僱員、薪酬及退休金計劃

薪酬委員會已告成立,以審閱有關本集團董事及本集團高級管理層所有薪酬的本集團高級管理層所有薪酬的的策及結構,當中考慮本集團的的及及管理層的個人表現以及內市場慣例。本公司向執行董事及高級管理層(作為其僱員)提供薪酬、津貼、款區積入數學金、以股份為基礎的新計數。以股份為基礎的薪酬。以股份為基礎的薪酬。包括擔任董事會委員會成員或主席)獲得報酬。包括擔任董事會委員會成員或主席)獲得報酬

董事的薪酬乃根據彼等的職責及職務,並經參考市況、本公司的薪酬政策及現行市況後釐定,惟須待股東於股東大會上批准方可作實。於本報告期,董事及本公司五名最高薪酬人士薪酬的詳情載列於合併財務報表附註13(c)及13(d)。

董事及高級管理層薪酬

本集團董事及高級管理層薪酬乃由董事會 經參考薪酬委員會建議以及本集團的經營 業績、個人表現及可資比較市場統計數據 後釐定。

董事薪酬及本集團五名最高薪酬人士薪酬的詳情載列於合併財務報表附註13(c)及13(d)。於報告期內,概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬的協議。

除上文所披露者外,截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團概無向任何董事或代表任何董事支付或應付任何其他款項。

EMPLOYEES, REMUNERATION AND PENSION SCHEME

A remuneration committee was set up for reviewing the Group's emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance of the Directors and senior management and comparable market practices. The Company offers the executive Directors and senior management, as its employees, with remuneration in the form of salaries, allowances, benefits in kind, performance related bonuses, share based payments, pensions, and other social insurance benefits. Non-executive Directors and Independent non-executive Directors receive compensation according to their duties (including serving as members or chairmen of the Board committees).

Remuneration of Directors is determined based on their roles and duties and with reference to the market conditions, the Company's remuneration policy and the prevailing market conditions, subject to the approval of the shareholders general meeting. Details of remuneration of Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Company during the Reporting Period are set out in Note 13 (c) and 13(d) to the consolidated financial statements.

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The emoluments of the Directors and senior management of the Group are decided by the Board with reference to the recommendation given by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

Details of the Directors' emoluments and emoluments of the five highest paid individual in the Group are set out in Note 13(c) and 13(d) to the consolidated financial statements. There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the Reporting Period.

Except as disclosed above, no other payments have been made or are payable, for the year ended December 31, 2023, by our Group to or on behalf of any of the Directors.

董事於競爭業務中的權益

截至本年度報告日期,我們的非執行董事兼 董事會主席Li Zhenfu先生在若干德福製藥投 資組合公司擔任非執行董事,但並不參與 該等公司的日常管理及營運。

除上文所披露者外,根據《上市規則》第8.10 條,概無董事於與或可能與本集團業務直 接或間接競爭的任何業務(本集團業務除外) 中擁有任何權益。

管理合約

截至2023年12月31日止年度期間,概無訂立 或存續任何與本公司全部或任何實質部分 業務的管理及行政有關的合約。

董事於重要交易、安排或合約中 的權益

於本報告期內,概無任何董事於本公司或其 任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司參與的與本公 司業務有重大關係的任何交易、安排或契 約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

控股股東於合約的權益

除本年報所披露者外,於報告期內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無與控股股東(定義見上市規則)或其任何附屬公司訂立任何重大合約,亦無就控股股東或其任何附屬公司向本公司或其任何附屬公司提供服務而訂立任何重大合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As of the date of this Annual Report, Mr. Li Zhenfu, being our non-executive Director and Chairman, held non-executive directorships in certain GL Pharmaceutical Portfolio Companies, but was not involved in the daily management and operations of such companies.

Save as disclosed above, none of our Directors is interested in any businesses apart from our Group's business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with our Group's business under Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company were entered into or subsisted during the year ended December 31, 2023.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the business of the Company to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the Reporting Period.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, at no time during the Reporting Period had the Company or any of its subsidiaries entered into any contract of significance with the controlling shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules) or any of its subsidiaries, nor had any contract of significance been entered into for the services provided by the controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries to the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或 其相聯法團股份、相關股份及債 權證的權益及淡倉

於2023年12月31日,各董事及本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁有(a)根據《證券及期貨條例》第352條須登記於本文所述登記冊;或(b)根據《標準守則》須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

(i) 於股份或相關股份中的權益

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at December 31, 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which (a) were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register referred to therein; or (b) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

(i) Interest in Shares and underlying Shares

本公司已發行 股本的概約百分比

(%)⁽¹⁾

董事/最高行政人員姓名 Name of Director/Chief Executive	權益性質 Nature of Interest	股份或相關 股份數目 Number of Shares or underlying Shares	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company (%)(1)
Li Zhenfu先生 Mr. Li Zhenfu	受控法團權益⑵ Interest in controlled corporation ^⑵	195,104,060	31.12%
趙宏先生 Mr. Zhao Hong	受控法團權益 ⁽³⁾ Interest in Controlled corporation ⁽³⁾	11,979,690	1.91%
	實益擁有人 ⁽⁴⁾ Beneficial owner ⁽⁴⁾	20,498,742	3.27%
潘蓉容女士 Ms. Pan Rongrong	實益擁有人 ⁽⁵⁾ Beneficial owner ⁽⁵⁾	4,378,167	0.70%

附註:

- (1) 根據截至2023年12月31日的已發行股份總 數626,972,772股計算。
- GL Trade Investment L.P.(「GL Trade」) 持 有133.318.370股股份(包括GL Trade以代 名人身份為GL China Opportunities Carry L.P. (一間於開曼群島註冊之有限合夥企 業) 持有的28,350,000股股份, GL China Opportunities Carry L.P. 的普通合夥人為 GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited) • GL Trade 的 普 通 合 夥 人 為 GL Capital Management GP II B.C. I Ltd., 一間於加 拿大註冊成立之公司,並由GL Capital Management Limited全資擁有。GL Capital Management Limited 持有51%的股權,並 由 Lion River I N.V. 持有49%的股權。Lion River I N.V. 為一間於荷蘭註冊成立之公司, 並由Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A全資擁有。 Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A 為一間於意大 利證券交易所上市之公司。GL Partners Capital Management Limited為一間於開曼 群島註冊成立之有限責任公司,並由GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited控制 70%的股權。GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited 為一間於開曼群島註冊成立之有 限責任公司,並由Li Zhenfu先生全資擁有。 據此, Li Zhenfu先生被視為於GL Trade所持 股份中擁有權益。

GL Glee Investment Limited (「GL Glee」) 持 有61,785,690股股份。GL Glee為一間於開 曼群島註冊成立之有限責任公司,並由GL China Opportunities Fund L.P. 全資擁有。GL China Opportunities Fund L.P.為一間於開曼 群島註冊之有限合夥企業,其普通合夥人 為GL Capital Management GP L.P., 一間於 開曼群島註冊之有限合夥企業,其普通合 夥人為GL Capital Management GP Limited。 GL Capital Management GP Limited 由 GL Partners Capital Management Limited 持有 51%的股權,並由Lion River I N.V.持有49% 的股權。Lion River I N.V. 為一間於荷蘭註 冊成立之公司,並由Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A全資擁有。 Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A 為一間於意大利證券交易所上市之公司。 GL Partners Capital Management Limited 為一間於開曼群島註冊成立之有限責任 公司,並由GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited 控制70%的股權。GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited為一間於開 曼群島許冊成立之有限責任公司,並由Li Zhenfu 先生全資擁有。據此, Li Zhenfu 先 生被視為於GL Glee所持股份中擁有權益。

Notes:

- The calculation is based on the total number of 626,972,772 Shares in issue as of December 31, 2023.
- (2) GL Trade Investment L.P. ("**GL Trade**") held 133,318,370 Shares (including 28,350,000 Shares which are held by GL Trade as a nominee for GL China Opportunities Carry L.P. (a limited partnership registered in Cayman Islands), whose general partner is GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited). GL Trade's general partner is GL Capital Management GP II B.C. I Ltd., a company incorporated in Canada which is wholly owned by GL Capital Management Limited, which is held by GL Partners Capital Management Limited as to 51% and Lion River I N.V. as to 49%. Lion River I N.V. is a company incorporated in Netherlands and is wholly owned by Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A, a company listed on Italian Stock Exchange. GL Partners Capital Management Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and is controlled by GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited as to 70%. GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and is wholly owned by Mr. Li Zhenfu. As such, Mr. Li Zhenfu is deemed to be interested in Shares held by GL Trade.

GL Glee Investment Limited ("**GL Glee**") held 61,785,690 Shares. GL Glee is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and is wholly owned by GL China Opportunities Fund L.P., a limited partnership registered in Cayman Islands whose general partner is GL Capital Management GP L.P., a limited partnership registered in Cayman Islands, whose general partner is GL Capital Management GP Limited, which is held by GL Partners Capital Management Limited as to 51% and Lion River I N.V. as to 49%. Lion River I N.V. is a company incorporated in Netherlands and is wholly owned by Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A, a company listed on Italian Stock Exchange. GL Partners Capital Management Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and is controlled by GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited as to 70%. GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and is wholly owned by Mr. Li Zhenfu. As such, Mr. Li Zhenfu is deemed to be interested in Shares held by GL Glee.

- (3) Convergence International Holdings Ltd (「Convergence」)持有11,979,690股股份。 Convergence由北京諾盛衡康管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥)全資擁有,北京諾盛衡康管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥)則由其普通合夥人炬力信息諮詢(北京)有限公司(「炬力信息」)持有0.000003957%的權益,由其有限合夥人舟山康諾股權投資合夥企業(有限合夥)(「舟山康諾」)持有99.99996043%的權益。由於趙宏先生持有炬力信息32.44%的股權和舟山康諾40.96%的合夥權益,趙宏先生被視為於Convergence持有的11,979,690股股份中擁有權益。
- 趙宏先生(i)個人持有500,000股股份:(ii)持 有購股權激勵計劃項下11,198,742份購股 權:(iii)持有首次公開發售後購股權計劃項 下7.900.000份購股權;及(jv)持有首次公開 發售後受限制股份單位計劃項下900,000 個受限制股份單位。購股權激勵計劃項下 11,198,742份 購股權當中,(a) 5,880,000份 購股權已於2018年12月15日授出,行使價 為1.6562港元(將於四年期限內授出日期的 各個周年日平均歸屬):(b) 818,742份購股 權已於2020年4月1日授出,行使價為1.6562 港元(將於兩年期限內授出日期的各個周年 日平均歸屬);及(c)4,500,000份購股權已於 2020年7月1日授出, 行使價為1.6562港元(將 於授出日期的第一個周年日歸屬)。首次公 開發售後購股權計劃項下7.900.000份購股 權當中, (a)4,000,000份購股權已於2022年 4月19日授出,行使價為7.892港元(將於兩 年期限內授出日期的各個周年日平均歸屬) 和 (b)3,900,000份 購 股 權 已 於2023年6月5日 授出, 行使價為10.434港元(50%將於2024 年3月31日歸屬,剩餘50%將於2025年3月31 日歸屬)。首次公開發售後受限制股份單位 計劃項下900,000個受限制股份單位當中, (a)300,000個受限制股份單位已於2022年4 月19日授出(將於兩年期限內授出日期的各 個周年日平均歸屬)及(b)600,000個受限制 股份單位已於2023年6月5日授出(50%將於 2024年3月31日歸屬,剩餘50%將於2025年 3月31日歸屬)。
- (3) Convergence International Holdings Ltd ("Convergence") held 11,979,690 Shares. Convergence is wholly owned by Beijing Convergence Management Consulting Partnership Enterprise (Limited Partnership) (北京諾盛衡康管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥)), which was in turn owned by its general partner, Juli Information Consulting (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (炬力信息諮詢(北京) 有限公司) ("Juli Information"), as to 0.000003957%, and its limited partner, Zhoushan Kangnuo Equity Investment Partnership Enterprise (Limited Partnership) (舟山康諾股權投資合夥企業(有限合夥) ("Zhoushan Kangnuo"), as to 99.999996043%. As Mr. Zhao Hong is interested in 32.44% equity interests in Juli Information and 40.96% partnership interests in Zhoushan Kangnuo, Mr. Zhao Hong is deemed to be interested in 11,979,690 Shares held by Convergence.
- Mr. Zhao Hong holds (i) 500,000 Shares personally, (ii) 11,198,742 Share Options under the Option Incentive Plan, (iii) 7,900,000 Share Options under the Post-IPO Option Plan and (iv) 900,000 RSUs under the Post-IPO RSU Plan. Of the 11,198,742 Share Options under the Option Incentive Plan, (a) 5,880,000 Share Options were granted on December 15, 2018 with an exercise price of HK\$1.6562 (which shall be vested equally upon each anniversary of the grant date during a four-year term), (b) 818,742 Share Options were granted on April 1, 2020, with an exercise price of HK\$1.6562 (which shall be vested equally upon each anniversary of the grant date during a two-year term), and (c) 4,500,000 Share Options were granted on July 1, 2020 with an exercise price of HK\$1.6562 (which shall be vested upon first anniversary of the grant date). Of the 7,900,000 Share Options under the Post-IPO Option Plan, (a) 4,000,000 Share Options were granted on April 19, 2022 with an exercise price of HK\$7.892 (which shall be vested equally upon each anniversary of the grant date during a two-year term) and (b) 3,900,000 Share Options were granted on June 5, 2023 with an exercise price of HK\$10.434 (which 50% shall be vested on March 31, 2024 and remaining 50% shall be vested on March 31, 2025). Of the 900,000 RSUs under the Post-IPO RSU Plan, (a) 300,000 RSUs were granted on April 19, 2022 (which shall be vested equally upon each anniversary of the grant date during a two-year term) and (b) 600,000 RSUs were granted on June 5, 2023 (which 50% shall be vested on March 31, 2024 and remaining 50% shall be vested on March 31, 2025).

- 潘 蓉 容 女 士 (i) 個 人 持 有45,667股 股 份 ; (ii) 持有購股權激勵計劃項下3,470,000份購股 權:(iii)持有首次公開發售後購股權計劃項 下690,000份購股權:及(iv)持有首次公開 發售後受限制股份單位計劃項下172,500 個受限制股份單位。購股權激勵計劃項下 3.470.000份購股權當中, (a)2.000.000份購 股權已於2018年12月15日授出, 行使價為 1.6562港元(將於四年期限內授出日期的各 個周年日平均歸屬);(b)1,470,000份購股權 已於2020年7月1日授出,行使價為1.6562港 元(將於授出日期的第一個周年日歸屬)。首 次公開發售後購股權計劃項下690,000份購 股權當中, (a)230,000份購股權已於2022年 4月19日授出,行使價為7.892港元(將於兩 年期限內授出日期的各個周年日平均歸屬) 和(b)460,000份購股權已於2023年6月5日授 出, 行使價為10.434港元(50%將於2024年 3月31日 歸屬, 剩餘50%將於2025年3月31 日歸屬)。首次公開發售後受限制股份單位 計劃項下172.500個受限制股份單位當中, (a)57,500個受限制股份單位已於2022年4月 19日授出(將於兩年期限內授出日期的各個 周年日平均歸屬)及(b)115,000個受限制股份 單位已於2023年6月5日授出(50%將於2024 年3月31日歸屬,剩餘50%將於2025年3月31 日歸屬)。
- Ms. Pan Rongrong holds (i) 45,667 Shares personally, (ii) 3,470,000 Share Options under the Option Incentive Plan, (iii) 690,000 Share Options under the Post-IPO Option Plan and (iv) 172,500 RSUs under the Post-IPO RSU Plan. Of the 3,470,000 Share Options under the Option Incentive Plan, (a) 2,000,000 Share Options were granted on December 15, 2018 with an exercise price of HK\$1.6562 (which shall be vested equally upon each anniversary of the grant date during a four-year term), and (b) 1,470,000 Share Options were granted on July 1, 2020 with an exercise price of HK\$1.6562 (which shall be vested upon first anniversary of the grant date). Of the 690,000 Share Options under the Post-IPO Option Plan, (a) 230,000 Share Options were granted on April 19, 2022 with an exercise price of HK\$7.892 (which shall be vested equally upon each anniversary of the grant date during a two-year term) and (b) 460,000 Share Options were granted on June 5, 2023 with an exercise price of HK\$10.434 (which 50% shall be vested on March 31, 2024 and remaining 50% shall be vested on March 31, 2025). Of the 172,500 RSUs under the Post-IPO RSU Plan, (a) 57,500 RSUs were granted on April 19, 2022 (which shall be vested equally upon each anniversary of the grant date during a two-year term) and (b) 115,000 RSUs were granted on June 5, 2023 (which 50% shall be vested on March 31, 2024 and remaining 50% shall be vested on March 31, 2025).

除上文所披露者外,於2023年12月31日,概無本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團的股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》第352條須登記於登記冊,或根據《標準守則》須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

Save as disclosed above, as at December 31, 2023, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations, recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

主要股東於本公司股份或相關股份的權益及淡倉

於2023年12月31日,據本公司董事或最高行政人員所知,主要股東(除本公司董事或首席執行官以外)擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》第336條須由本公司存置的登記冊所登記的股份或相關股份的權益或淡倉如下:

GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited

GL Partners Capital Management Ltd

GL Capital Management GP II B.C. I Ltd.

Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A

GL Capital Management Ltd.

GL Glee Investment Limited

GL China Opportunities Fund L.P

GL Capital Management GP L.P.

GL Capital Management GP Limited

GL China Opportunities Carry L.P.

Beneficial interest(3)

Beneficial interest(4)

實益擁有人(4)

Lion River I N.V

GL Trade Investment L.P.

股東姓名/名稱 Name of shareholder

Li Zhenfu先生 Mr. Li Zhenfu

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES OR UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at December 31, 2023, so far as the Directors or the chief executive of the Company were aware, the Substantial Shareholders, other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company, who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, were as follows:

company ander section 550 or the s	or o, were as ronows.	
權益性質 Nature of Interest	股份或相關 股份數目 Number of Shares or underlying Shares	本公司已發行 股本的概約 百分比(%) ⁽¹⁾ Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company (%) ⁽¹⁾
wature of interest	Silates	(70).7
受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest in controlled corporation ⁽²⁾	195,104,060	31.12%
受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest in controlled corporation ⁽²⁾	195,104,060	31.12%
受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest in controlled corporation ⁽²⁾	195,104,060	31.12%
受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest in controlled corporation ⁽²⁾	195,104,060	31.12%
實益擁有人 ⁽²⁾ Beneficial interest ⁽²⁾	104,968,370	16.74%
另一人的代名人(被動受托人除外) ⁽²⁾ Nominee for another person (other than a bare trustee) ⁽²⁾	28,350,000	4.52%
受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest in controlled corporation ⁽²⁾	133,318,370	21.26%
受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest in controlled corporation ⁽²⁾	133,318,370	21.26%
受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest in controlled corporation ⁽²⁾	195,104,060	31.12%
實益擁有人 ⁽³⁾ Beneficial interest ⁽³⁾	61,785,690	9.85%
受控法團權益 ⁽³⁾ Interest in controlled corporation ⁽³⁾	61,785,690	9.85%
受控法團權益 ⁽³⁾ Interest in controlled corporation ⁽³⁾	61,785,690	9.85%
受控法團權益 ⁽³⁾ Interest in controlled corporation ⁽³⁾	61,785,690	9.85%
實益擁有人 ⁽³⁾	28,350,000	4.52%

47,426,727

7.56%

安瀚有限公司

Ocean Falcon Limited

	Approximate
股份數目	百分比(%)⑴
股份或相關	股本的概約
	本公司已發行

percentage of the

股東姓名/名稱	權益性質	or underlying	
Name of shareholder	Nature of Interest	Shares	(%) ⁽¹⁾
中銀集團投資有限公司	受控法團權益⑷	47,426,727	7.56%
Bank of China Group Investment Limited	Interest in controlled corporation ⁽⁴⁾		
中國銀行股份有限公司	受控法團權益⑷	47,426,727	7.56%
Bank of China Limited	Interest in controlled corporation ⁽⁴⁾		
中央匯金投資有限責任公司	受控法團權益⑷	47,426,727	7.56%
Central Huijin Investment Ltd.	Interest in controlled corporation ⁽⁴⁾		
中國投資有限責任公司	受控法團權益⑷	47,426,727	7.56%
China Investment Corporation	Interest in controlled corporation ⁽⁴⁾		
趙宏先生	受控法團權益(5)	11,979,690	1.91%
Mr. Zhao Hong	Interest in controlled corporation(5)		
	實益擁有人(6)	20,498,742	3.27%
	Beneficial interest(6)		

附註:

- (1) 根據截至2023年12月31日的已發行股份總 數626,972,772股計算。
- GL Trade 是一間於2015年3月25日於加拿大 註冊成立的獲豁免有限合夥。其普通合 夥人為GL Capital Management GP II B.C. I Ltd (一間於加拿大註冊成立的公司),由 GL Capital Management Ltd 全資擁有,而 GL Capital Management Ltd GL Partners Capital Management Ltd及Lion River I N.V.分 別 持 有51% 及49% 的 股 權。Lion River I N.V. 是一間於荷蘭計冊成立的公司,由 Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A (一間於意大 利證券交易所上市的公司)全資擁有。GL Partners Capital Management Ltd是一間於 開曼群島註冊成立之有限責任公司,並 由GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited 控制70%的股權。GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited是一間於開曼群島註冊成 立之有限責任公司,由本公司非執行董事 Li Zhenfu先生全資擁有。因此,GL Capital Management GP II B.C.I Ltd. GL Capital Management Ltd , GL Partners Capital Management Ltd · GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited . Lion River I N.V. . Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A及Li Zhenfu先生 各自被視為於GL Trade所持本公司股份中擁 有權益。

Notes:

- The calculation is based on the total number of 626,972,772 Shares in issue as of December 31, 2023.
- (2) GL Trade is an exempted limited partnership registered in Canada on March 25, 2015. Its general partner is GL Capital Management GP II B.C. I Ltd., a company incorporated in Canada which is wholly owned by GL Capital Management Ltd, which is held by GL Partners Capital Management Ltd as to 51% and Lion River I N.V. as to 49%. Lion River I N.V. is a company incorporated in Netherlands and is wholly owned by Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A, a company listed on Italian Stock Exchange. GL Partners Capital Management Ltd was a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and is controlled by GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited as to 70%. GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and is wholly owned by Mr. Li Zhenfu, a non-executive director of our Company. As such, each of GL Capital Management GP II B.C. I Ltd., GL Capital Management Ltd, GL Partners Capital Management Ltd, GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited, Lion River I N.V., Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A and Mr. Li Zhenfu is deemed to be interested in our Shares held by GL Trade.

- GL Glee 是 一 間 於2011年3月10日 在 開 曼 群島註冊成立的有限責任公司,由GL China Opportunities Fund L.P.(一間於開 曼群島註冊成立的有限合夥)全資擁有。 GL China Opportunities Fund L.P.的普通合 夥人為GL Capital Management GP L.P.(一 間於開曼群島註冊成立的有限合夥)。GL Capital Management GP L.P.的普通合夥人 為GL Capital Management GP Limited,由 GL Partners Capital Management Ltd及Lion River I N.V. 分别持有51%及49%的股權。 Lion River I N.V. 為一間於荷蘭註冊成立的 公司, 由Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A (一間 於意大利證券交易所上市的公司)全資擁 有。GL Partners Capital Management Ltd 是一間於開曼群島註冊成立之有限責任 公司,並由GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited 控 制70% 的 股 權。GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited 是 一 間 於 開曼群島註冊成立之有限責任公司,由 本公司非執行董事Li Zhenfu先生全資擁 有。 因此,GL China Opportunities Fund L.P. · GL Capital Management GP L.P. · GL Capital Management GP Limited . Lion River I N.V. Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A GL Partners Capital Management Ltd . GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited及Li Zhenfu先 生被視為於GL Glee所持本公司股份中擁有 權益。
- GL Glee is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on March 10, 2011 and is wholly owned by GL China Opportunities Fund L.P., a limited partnership registered in Cayman Islands whose general partner was GL Capital Management GP L.P., a limited partnership registered in Cayman Islands, whose general partner was GL Capital Management GP Limited, which is held by GL Partners Capital Management Ltd as to 51% and Lion River I N.V. as to 49%. Lion River I N.V. is a company incorporated in Netherlands and is wholly owned by Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A, a company listed on Italian Stock Exchange. GL Partners Capital Management Ltd is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and is controlled by GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited as to 70%. GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and is wholly owned by Mr. Li Zhenfu, a non-executive director of our Company. As such, each of GL China Opportunities Fund L.P., GL Capital Management GP L.P., GL Capital Management GP Limited, Lion River I N.V., Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A, GL Partners Capital Management Ltd, GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited and Mr. Li Zhenfu is deemed to be interested in our Shares held by GL Glee.

- 安瀚有限公司是一間於2017年3月15日在香 港註冊成立的有限公司,由中銀集團投資 有限公司全資擁有。中銀集團投資有限公 司是一間在香港註冊成立的有限公司,由 中國銀行股份有限公司全資擁有。中國銀 行股份有限公司是一間在中國成立的股份 有限公司,由中央匯金投資有限責任公司 持有64.02%的股權。中央匯金投資有限責 任公司是一間在中國成立的有限責任公司, 由中國投資有限責任公司全資擁有。中國 投資有限責任公司是一間由中華人民共和 國國務院全資擁有的有限責任公司。因此, 中銀集團投資有限公司、中國銀行股份有 限公司、中央匯金投資有限責任公司、中 國投資有限責任公司及中華人民共和國國 務院各自被視為於安瀚有限公司所持本公 司股份中擁有權益。
- (4) Ocean Falcon Limited is a limited company incorporated in Hong Kong on March 15, 2017 and is wholly owned by Bank of China Group Investment Limited, a limited company incorporated in Hong Kong which in turn is wholly owned by Bank of China Limited, a joint stock company established in the PRC with limited liability which in turn is held by Central Huijin Investment Ltd. as to 64.02%, a limited liability company established in the PRC which in turn is wholly owned by China Investment Corporation, a limited liability company which is wholly owned by the State Council of the PRC. As such, each of Bank of China Group Investment Limited, Bank of China Limited, Central Huijin Investment Ltd., China Investment Corporation, and State Council of the PRC is deemed to be interested in our Shares held by Ocean Falcon Limited.

- (5) Convergence持有11,979,690股股份。Convergence 由北京諾盛衡康管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥) 全資擁有,北京諾盛衡康管理諮詢合夥企業 (有限合夥)則由其普通合夥人炬力信息及其有 限合夥人舟山康諾分別擁有0.000003957%及 99.999996043%的權益。由於趙宏先生持有炬 力信息32.44%的股權及舟山康諾40.96%的合 夥權益,趙宏先生被視為於Convergence持有的 11,979,690股股份中擁有權益。
- (6) 購股權激勵計劃、首次公開發售後購股權計劃及首次公開發售後受限制股份單位計劃下分別授予趙宏先生的11,198,742股股份的購股權、7,900,000股股份的購股權及900,000股受限制股份單位。此外,趙宏先生私人擁有500,000股股份。

就董事所知悉,除上文所披露者外,於2023年12月31日,概無其他人士(董事及首席執行官除外)擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之規定須向本公司披露之股份及相關股份之權益或淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定記入本公司股東名冊之權益或淡倉,或直接或間接擁有本公司股份5%或以上權益。

股份計劃

1. 購股權激勵計劃

(a) 購股權的授予和調整

向本公司首席執行官授出購股權應由董事會主席提議,並經董事會批准。向除首席執行官外的任何參與者授出購股權應由本公司的企業執行委員會審議,並經本公司首席執行官批准。

- (5) Convergence held 11,979,690 Shares. Convergence is wholly owned by Beijing Convergence Management Consulting Partnership Enterprise (Limited Partnership) (北京諾盛衡康管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥)), which was in turn owned by its general partner, Juli Information, as to 0.000003957%, and its limited partner, Zhoushan Kangnuo, as to 99.999996043%. As Mr. Zhao Hong is interested in 32.44% equity interests in Juli Information and 40.96% partnership interests in Zhoushan Kangnuo, Mr. Zhao Hong is deemed to be interested in 11,979,690 Shares held by Convergence.
- (6) Being options for 11,198,742 Shares, options for 7,900,000 Shares, and 900,000 RSUs granted to Mr. Zhao Hong under the Option Incentive Plan, the Post-IPO Option Plan and the Post-IPO RSU Plan, respectively. In addition, there are 500,000 Shares personally owned by Mr. Zhao Hong.

Save as disclosed above, as at December 31, 2023, so far as the Directors were aware, no other persons (other than the Directors or chief executive) had any interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, or who was, directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the Shares of the Company.

SHARE PLANS

1. Option Incentive Plan

The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Option Incentive Plan as adopted by our Company on June 24, 2018 and as amended on November 13, 2019. The terms of the Option Incentive Plan are not subject to the provisions of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules. The purpose of the Option Incentive Plan is to provide performance-driven, equitable and ongoing option incentives for eligible management and key employees with the view to retaining key talents of our Company, aligning the interests of our Company and its employees and Shareholders, making its employees to attend to long-term development of our Company and to share increased value of our Company. The participants of the Option Incentive Plan shall be an employee who has completed his or her probation period.

(a) Grant and adjustment of options

Any grant to chief executive officer of our Company shall be proposed by the chairman of the Board and subject to approval of the Board. Any grant to any participants (excluding chief executive officer) shall be considered by the corporate executive committee of our Company and subject to approval of chief executive officer of our Company.

(b) 購股權激勵計劃下的最大股 份數目

購股權激勵計劃項下購股權所 涉及的股份為本公司將予發行的 股份。

購股權激勵計劃項下購股權所 涉及的最大股份數目不得超過 54,778,710股,佔上市日期已發 行股份總數的8.08%。

(c) 行使價及付款

購股權激勵計劃項下購股權的 行使價為1.6562港元(可予調整)。經董事會或其授權代表確 認購股權行使申請後,承授人可 於按行使價實際支付後行使購 股權。

(d) 購股權的行使及失效

Supplementary grants to the employees who are newly engaged, promoted, or have made special contributions to our Company and eligible under the Option Incentive Plan may be made subject to approval of the Board. In the event that any participant becomes ineligible under the Option Incentive Plan, or is transferred to any other position or terminates his or her employment with our Company, or dies, our Company may make adjustments to such participant pursuant to the Option Incentive Plan. Any adjustments in respect of chief executive officer of our Company shall be proposed by the chairman of the Board and subject to approval of the Board, whilst any adjustments in respect of any participants other than chief executive officer shall be considered by the corporate executive committee of our Company and subject to approval of the chief executive officer of our Company.

(b) Maximum number of shares subject to the Option Incentive Plan

The underlying shares of the options under the Option Incentive Plan shall be the Shares to be issued by our Company.

The maximum number of shares underlying the options under the Option Incentive Plan shall be no more than 54,778,710 Shares, representing 8.08% of the total number of Shares in issue on the Listing Date.

(c) Exercise price and payment

The exercise price of options under the Option Incentive Plan shall be HKD1.6562 (subject to adjustment). Upon confirmation by the Board or its authorized representatives on the application of exercising the options, the options shall be exercised upon the actual payment based on the exercise price by the grantees.

(d) Exercise and lapse of options

The term of options under the Option Incentive Plan shall be eight years since grant date. Subject to satisfaction of the exercising conditions, participants shall have the right to exercise the options vested to such participant under the Option Incentive Plan or to waive such right during the term. Any options not exercised during the term due to any reason of participants shall be automatically cancelled by the Board upon expiration of the term.

(e) 歸屬時間表

對於初始授予,於四年期限內, 購股權激勵計劃下所授予購股 權的25%將在授予日期的各週年 日獲歸屬。

對於2019年作出的補充授予,於三年期限內,購股權激勵計劃下所授予購股權的33%、33%和34%將分別在授予日期的各週年日獲歸屬。

對於2020年作出的補充授予, 於兩年期限內,購股權激勵計 劃下所授予購股權的50%及50% 將分別在授予日期的各週年日獲 歸屬。

作為關鍵非銷售僱員且榮獲本公司年度最佳員工獎的參與者,可在滿足特定歸屬條件的前提下,於授予日期的首個週年日歸屬其獲授予購股權的100%。

購股權激勵計劃下參與者將獲 歸屬的購股權數目將基於年度 績效評估結果決定,未達到年 度績效目標的參與者將不獲歸 屬任何購股權。

(f) 尚未行使的授予

截至2023年12月31日,本公司根據購股權激勵計劃以零對價向合共130名合資格參與者授出關構合共54,778,710股股份的購股權,佔上市日期已發行股份總數的8.08%。購股權激勵計劃軍下的所有購股權均於2018年12月15日至2021年3月3日(上市日期)期間授予,上市後本公司將不會工步授出購股權激勵計劃項下的購股權。

(e) Vesting schedule

For initial grants, 25% of options granted under the Option Incentive Plan shall be vested upon each anniversary of grant date during a four-year term.

For supplementary grants during the year of 2019, 33%, 33% and 34% of options granted under the Option Incentive Plan shall be vested upon each anniversary of grant date during a three-year term.

For supplementary grants during the year of 2020, 50% and 50% of options granted under the Option Incentive Plan shall be vested upon each anniversary of grant date during a two-year term.

Participants who are key non-sales employees and winner of annual Top Staff awards of our Company may vest 100% of options granted to them at the first anniversary of grant date, subject to satisfaction of certain vesting conditions.

The number of options to be vested over participants under the Option Incentive Plan shall be determined based on annual performance evaluation results, and there is no vesting of options if none of annual performance targets is met.

(f) Outstanding grants

As of the December 31, 2023, options to subscribe for an aggregate of 54,778,710 Shares have been granted to a total of 130 eligible participants by our Company at nil consideration under the Option Incentive Plan, representing 8.08% of the total number of Shares in issue on the Listing Date. All the options under the Share Option Incentive Plan were granted between December 15, 2018 and March 3, 2021 (the Listing Date) and the Company will not grant further options under the Option Incentive Plan after the Listing.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,購股權激勵計劃項下授予購股權的變動如下:

Movement of the options, which were granted under the Option Incentive Plan, for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

截至2023年12月31日止年度購股權數目

Number of	ontions	for the vea	r ended	December 31	2023

				Number of o	otions for the year	ended Decem	ber 31, 2023		_
承授人 Grantee	授出日期 Date of grant	購股權期間 Option period	截至2023年 1月1日尚未 行使 Outstanding as of January 1, 2023	已授予 Granted	已行使 Exercised	已失效/ 已註銷 Lapsed/ Cancelled	截至2023年 12月31日尚未 行使(附註2) Outstanding as of December 31, 2023 (Note 2)	行使價(港幣/ 每份購股權) (附註3) Exercise Price (HKD/per option) (Note 3)	歸屬時間表 Vesting Schedule
董事									
Director									
趙宏先生	自2018年12月15日及 上市日期前	自授出日期起計8年	11,198,742	_	_	_	11,198,742	1.6562	授出日期起一年至四 年
Mr. ZHAO Hong	Since December 15, 2018 and before the	8 years since the date of grant							One year to four years from the date of grant
潘蓉容女士(附註1)	Listing Date 自2018年12月15日及 上市日期前	自授出日期起計8年	3,470,000	-	_	-	3,470,000	1.6562	授出日期起一年至 四年
Ms. Pan Rongrong (Note 1)	Since December 15, 2018 and before the	8 years since the date of grant							One year to four years from the date of gran
	Listing Date								
十年 田 世 ル 后 日									
本集團其他僱員									
Other employees of the Grou	p 自2018年12月15日及	自授出日期起計8年	17,395,700		(11,571,600)		5,824,100	1.6562	授出日期起一年至
	上市日期前	日仅山口粉起前 0 牛	17,393,700	_	(11,5/1,000)	_	3,024,100	1.0302	四年
	Since December 15,	8 years since the date							One year to four years
	2018 and before the	of grant							from the date of gran
	Listing Date	0. g.u							
合計			32,064,442		(11,571,600)		20,492,842	1.6562	
Total			32,004,442	_	(11,371,000)	_	20,432,042	1.0302	
lotai	1								
附註1:潘蓉容女士 公司執行董 份購股權	- 於2023年5月25日 董事,其於該日持		Note 1:		grong was ap 00 options as				Лау 25, 2023 and
註2: 不包括已沒	收或註銷的購股	權	Note 2:	excluding opt	ions forfeited	or cancelle	d		
註3: 按股息分派	進行調整		Note 3:	adjusted due	to dividend di	stribution			

(g) 為購股權激勵計劃設立受託 人

本公司已委聘專業受托人,以持有和管理根據購股權激勵計劃將予發行的股份。本公司將向受托人發行最多54,778,710股股份。

2. 首次公開發售後購股權計劃

首次公開發售後購股權計劃旨在為選 定參與者提供機會獲得於本公司的所 有人權益,並激勵選定參與者為本公 司及其股東的整體利益作出努力,提 升本公司及其股份的價值。首次公開 發售後購股權計劃將使本公司靈活留 任、激勵、獎勵選定參與者並給予酬 勞、補償及/或福利。董事會或其代 表全權酌情認為已經或將為本集團作 出貢獻的任何個人(即本集團任何成 員公司或任何聯屬人士的僱員、董事、 高級人員、顧問、諮詢人、分銷商、 承包商、客戶、供應商、代理、業務 合作夥伴、合營企業業務合作夥伴或 服務供應商)有權獲提供及獲授購股 權。惟倘任何個人,其所處居住地的 法律及規例禁止根據首次公開發售後 購股權計劃授出、接納或行使購股權, 或董事會或其代表認為,為遵守該地 的適用法律及規例而排除該有關個人 屬必要或合滴,則有關人士不合資格 獲提供或授予購股權。

(g) Establishment of trustee for the Option Incentive Plan

Our Company has engaged a professional trustee to hold and manage a portion of the Shares to be issued under the Option Incentive Plan. Our Company will issue up to 54,778,710 Shares to the trustee.

2. Post-IPO Option Plan

The purpose of the Post-IPO Option Plan is to provide selected participants with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in our Company and to encourage selected participants to work towards enhancing the value of our Company and its Shares for the benefit of our Company and Shareholders as a whole. The Post-IPO Option Plan will provide our Company with a flexible means of retaining, incentivising, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to selected participants. Any individual, being an employee, director, officer, consultant, adviser, distributor, contractor, customer, supplier, agent, business partner, joint venture business partner or service provider of any member of our Group or any affiliate who the Board or its delegate(s) considers, in their sole discretion, to have contributed or will contribute to our Group is entitled to be offered and granted options. However, no individual who is resident in a place where the grant, acceptance or exercise of options pursuant to the Post-IPO Option Plan is not permitted under the laws and regulations of such place or where, in the view of the Board or its delegate(s), compliance with applicable laws and regulations in such place makes it necessary or expedient to exclude such individual, is eligible to be offered or granted options.

(a) 最高股份數目

因根據首次公開發售後購股權 計劃及任何其他計劃將予授出 的全部購股權獲行使而可能發 行的股份總數將由股東於採納 首次公開發售後購股權計劃後 決定,且在任何情況下,不超過 67,787,426股股份,相當於上市 日期已發行股份總數之10%以及 於本年報日的10.79%(假設於本 年報日已發行股份總數依舊為 2024年4月23日的發行股份總數 628,481,632(「購股權計劃授權 上限」)(不包括因行使根據首次 公開發售前股份激勵計劃授出 的購股權而可能發行的任何股 份)。於計算購股權計劃授權上 限時,根據首次公開發售後購 股權計劃(或本公司任何其他購 股權計劃)規則條款已失效的購 股權將不予計算。

(a) Maximum number of Shares

The total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Post-IPO Option Plan and any other schemes shall be decided by the Shareholders upon adoption of the Post-IPO Option Plan and in no event shall such total number of Shares exceed 67,787,426 Shares, representing 10% of the total number of Shares in issue on the Listing Date (the "Option Scheme Mandate Limit") (excluding any Shares which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of the options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Incentive Plan) and 10.79% of the total number of Shares in issue (assuming the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of this annual report remains as 628,481,632, the total number of Shares in issue as at April 23, 2024). Options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the rules of the Post-IPO Option Plan (or any other share option schemes of our Company) shall not be counted for the purpose of calculating the Option Scheme Mandate Limit.

The overall limit on the number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Post-IPO Option Plan and any other share option schemes of our Company at any time (and to which the provisions of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules are applicable) must not exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time (the "Option Scheme Limit"). No options may be granted under any schemes of our Company (or its subsidiaries) if this will result in the Option Scheme Limit being exceeded.

The Option Scheme Mandate Limit may be refreshed at any time by obtaining prior approval of the Shareholders in general meeting and/ or such other requirements prescribed under the Listing Rules from time to time. However, the refreshed Option Scheme Mandate Limit cannot exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of such approval. Options previously granted under the Post-IPO Option Plan and any other share option schemes of our Company (and to which provisions of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules are applicable) (including those outstanding, cancelled or lapsed in accordance with its terms or exercised), shall not be counted for the purpose of calculating the refreshed Option Scheme Mandate Limit.

本公司亦可授出超出購<mark>股權計</mark>劃授權上限的購股權,惟限授予指明合資格選定參與者,且 須先經股東於股東大會批准。

(b) 承授人獲授之最高數目

除非經股東批准,否則因根據 首次公開發售後購股權計劃及 本公司任何其他購股權計劃授 出及將予授出的購股權(包括已 行使及尚未行使的購股權)於任 何12個月期間內獲行使而已向及 將向各選定參與者發行的股份 總數,不得超出已發行股份總 數的1%(「個別限額」)。倘向選 定參與者進一步授出購股權將 引致已向及將向該選定參與者 授出的所有購股權(包括已行使、 已註銷及尚未行使的購股權)於 直至進一步授出當日(包括該日) 止12個月期間內獲行使而發行 及將予發行的股份總數超出個 別限額,則須經股東另行批准, 而該選定參與者及其聯繫人須 放棄投票。根據《上市規則》第 17.03(9) 條,將向有關參與者授 出的購股權的數量和條款(包括 行使價)須於股東批准之前確定, 及建議進一步授出購股權的董 事會會議的日期應被視作用於 計算行使價的日期。

(c) 行使購股權的時間

於滿足購股權授出條款及條件 後,承授人以董事會不時確定 的形式向本公司發出書面通知(聲 明購股權已獲行使及獲行使的 股份數量),可全部或部分行使 購股權。 Our Company may also grant options in excess of the Option Scheme Mandate Limit, provided such grant is to specifically identified selected participant and is first approved by Shareholders in general meeting.

(b) Maximum entitlement of a grantee

Unless approved by our Shareholders, the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted under the Post-IPO Option Plan and any other share option scheme(s) of our Company to each selected participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue (the "Individual Limit"). Any further grant of options to a selected participant which would result in the aggregate number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such selected participant (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12 month period up to and including the date of such further grant exceeding the Individual Limit shall be subject to separate approval of our Shareholders (with such selected participant and his associates abstaining from voting). The number and terms (including the exercise price) of options to be granted to such participant must be fixed before Shareholders' approval and the date of Board meeting for proposing such further grant should be taken as the date for the purpose of calculating the exercise price pursuant to LR17.03(9).

(c) Time of exercise of an option

An option may, subject to the terms and conditions upon which such option is granted, be exercised in whole or in part by the grantee giving notice in writing to our Company in such form as the Board may from time to time determine stating that the option is thereby exercised and the number of Shares in respect of which it is exercised.

(d) 申請或接納購股權時應付款 項

(e) 認購價

於行使購股權時,認購購股權項下每股股份應付之金額(「認購價」)由董事會釐定,但不得低於下列各項中最高者:

- (i) 於授出日期聯交所發出的 每日報價表所示股份收市 價:
- (ii) 股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日聯交所發出的每日報價表所示平均收市價;及
- (iii) 股份於授出日期的面值。

(f) 期限

(d) Amount payable on application or acceptance of the option

An offer shall be deemed to have been accepted and the option to which the offer relates shall be deemed to have been granted and to have taken effect when the duplicate of the offer letter comprising acceptance of the offer duly signed by the grantee with the number of Shares in respect of which the offer is accepted clearly stated therein, together with a remittance in favour of our Company of HKD1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof, which must be received by our Company within 20 business days from the date on which the offer letter is delivered to the grantee.

(e) Subscription price

The amount payable for each Share to be subscribed for under an option ("Subscription Price") in the event of the option being exercised shall be determined by the Board but shall be not less than the greater of:

- (i) the closing price of a Share as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant;
- (ii) the average closing price of our Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a Share on the date of grant.

(f) Duration

The Post-IPO Option Plan shall be valid and effective for the period of ten years commencing on the Listing Date (after which, no further options shall be offered or granted under the Post-IPO Option Plan), but in all other respects the provisions of the Post-IPO Option Plan shall remain in full force and effect to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any options granted prior thereto or otherwise as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the rules of the Post-IPO Option Plan.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,根據首次公開發售後購股權計劃 授出的購股權的變動情況如下: Movement of the options, which were granted under the Post-IPO Option Plan, for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

截至2023年12月31日止年度的購股權數目 Number of options for the year ended December 31, 2023

			Rulliber of Options for the year ended December 51, 2025								
承授人	授出日期	購股權期間	截至2023年 1月1日 尚未行使 (附註1)	緊接用 接勝之 一 一 一 大 購 股權前市每權 人 股權	已授予 (附註 2)	已行使 (附註 3)	已失效 (附註6)	截至2023年 12月31日 尚未行使 (附註1)	行使價 (港元/ 每份購股權)	一 於 授	歸屬時間表 (附註4、8和9)
Grantee	Date of grant	Option period	Outstanding as of January 1, 2023 (Note 1)	Closing price immediately prior to date of grant (HKD/ per option)	Granted (Note 2)		Lapsed		Exercise price (HKD/ per option)	of option at the date of grant HKD/per option) (Note 5)	Vesting schedule (Note 4, 8 and 9)
董事											
<i>Director</i> 趙宏先生 Mr. ZHAO Hong	2022年4月19日 April 19, 2022	自授出日期起計10年 10 years since the date of	4,000,000	7.86	_	_	_	4,000,000	7.892	3.60	自授出日期起計兩年 Two years from the date
	2023年6月5日 June, 5,2023	grant 自授出日期起計10年 10 years since the date of grant	_	9.93	3,900,000	-	-	3,900,000	10.434	4.92	of grant 自授出日期起計22個月 22 months from the date of grant
潘蓉容女士	2022年4月19日	自授出日期起計10年	230,000 (附註7) (Note 7)	7.86	-	-	-	230,000	7.892	3.60	自授出日期起計兩年
Ms. PAN Rongrong	April 19,2023	10 years since the date of	(Note 1)								Two years from the date of grant
	2023年6月5日 June 5,2023	grant 自授出日期起計10年 10 years since the date of grant	_	9.93	460,000	-	-	460,000	10.434	4.92	自授出日期起計22個月 22 months from the date of grant
本集團其他僱員(附註7)	7										
Other employees of the Group (Not	e // 2021年11月9日 November 9, 2021	自授出日期起計10年 10 years since the date of	3,119,970	10.00	-	(30,000)	(98,500)	2,991,470	10.18	4.66	自授出日期起計22個月 22 months from the date
	2021年12月1日 December 1, 2021	grant 自授出日期起計10年 10 years since the date of	57,000	9.07	-	(3,100)	(3,100)	50,800	9.29	3.79	of grant 自授出日期起計兩年 Two years from the date
	2022年1月31日 January 31, 2022	grant 自授出日期起計10年 10 years since the date of	63,600	8.25	-	-	-	63,600	8.40	3.82	of grant 自授出日期起計兩年 Two years from the date
	2022年4月19日 April 19,2022	grant 自授出日期起計10年 10 years since the date of	13,081,200	7.86	-	(686,000)	(1,345,980)	11,049,220	7.892	3.43	of grant 自授出日期起計兩年 Two years from the date of grant
	2022年7月4日 July 4,2022	grant 自授出日期起計10年 10 years since the date of	515,000	8.70	-	-	(32,200)	482,800	8.48	3.89	自授出日期起計兩年 Two years from the date
	2022年9月8日 September 8,2022	grant 自授出日期起計10年 10 years since the date of	316,900	6.78	-	-	(38,400)	278,500	6.832	3.07	of grant 自授出日期起計兩年 Two years from the date
	2022年11月10日 November 10, 2022	grant 自授出日期起計10年 10 years since the date of	126,400	6.37	-	-	-	126,400	6.33	2.95	of grant 自授出日期起計兩年 Two years from the date
	2023年6月5日 June 5, 2023	grant 自授出日期起計10年 10 years since the date of	_	9.93	12,757,300	_	_	12,757,300	10.434	4.60	of grant 自授出日期起計22個月 22 months from the date
	2023年12月1日	grant 自授出日期起計10年	_	13.6	394,300	-	_	394,300	13.40	5.20	of grant 自授出日期起計 17至22個月
	December 1, 2023	10 years since the date of grant									17主22回刀 17–22 months from the date of grant
合計 Total			21,510,070		17,511,600	(1,789,700)	(2,440,480)	34,791,490			

附註1: 於2023年1月1日及2023年12

月31日,可根據首次公開發售購股權計劃授出的購股權總數分別為46,277,356份

及32,995,936份。

附註2(a): 向任何參與者授出首次公

開發售後購股權概無超過

1%個人限額。

附註2 (b): 於報告期內根據本公司首

次公開發售後購股權計劃授出的購股權可予發行的股份總數除以報告期內已發行股份的加權平均數為

2.85% 。

附註3: 緊接購股權獲行使日期前

的加權平均收市價為12.24

港元。

附註4: 待歸屬條件(包括各承授人

的定製績效目標)達成後, 購股權將按照歸屬時間表

歸屬。

附註5: 報告期內就首次公開發售 後購股權採納的估值以及

後購股權採納的估值以及 會計準則及政策詳情載於 合併財務報表附註27。

附註6: 在報告期內無首次公開發

售後購股權被註銷。

附註7: 潘蓉容女士於2023年5月25 日該委任為本公司執行董

事,其於該日持有230,000

份購股權。

效目標。

附註8: 根據首次公開發售後購股權計劃授出的購股權(「**購**

股權|)歸屬須待董事會全 權酌情釐定的若干績效目 標(按單一基準或一般基準) 達成後,方可作實。集團 層面績效:董事會將評估 本集團於相關期間的績效, 包括特定關鍵績效指標, 例如本集團的收入及本集 **團整體及適用業務的利潤。** 個人層面績效:本集團已 為僱員制定標準績效評核 系統,以評估僱員的績效 及對本集團的貢獻。本公 司將根據購股權承授人於 相關期間的績效評核結果 釐定彼等是否符合個人績

Note 1:

As at January 1, 2023 and December 31, 2023, the total numbers of options available for grant under the Post-IPO Option Plan

were 46,277,356 and 32,995,936, respectively.

Note 2 (a):

None of the grants of Post-IPO Option to any participant was in

excess of the 1% individual limit.

Note 2 (b):

The total number of Shares that may be issued in respect of the options granted under the Post-IPO Option Plan of the Company during the Reporting Period divided by the weighted average

number of the Shares in issue during the Reporting Period was

2.85%.

Note 3:

The weighted average closing price immediately before the date

on which the options were exercised was HKD12.24 per share.

Note 4:

Subject to fulfilment of vesting conditions including customized

performance targets for each grantee, the options shall be vested

according to the vesting schedule.

Note 5:

Details of the valuation and the accounting standard and policy adopted for the Post-IPO options during the Reporting Period are

set out in the Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

Note 6:

During the Reporting Period, no Post-IPO Option was cancelled.

Note 7:

Ms. Pan Rongrong was appointed as the executive Director

on May 25, 2023 and held 230,000 options as at the date of

The vesting of share options granted under the Post-IPO Option

appointment.

Note 8:

Plan ("Share Option(s)") is subject to satisfaction of certain performance targets as determined by the Board at its absolute discretion, either on a case-by-case basis or generally: Group level performance: The Board will assess the performance of the Group for the relevant period, including in particular key performance indicators, such as the Group's revenue and profit of the Group as a whole and of the applicable business. Individual level performance: The Group has established a

standard performance appraisal system for its employees to evaluate their performance and contribution to the Group. The Company will determine whether the grantees of the Share Options meet the individual performance target based on their

performance appraisal results for the relevant period.

附註9: 誠如本公司日期為2023年6 月5日有關上文所述已授出 購股權的公告所披露,首 次公開發售後購股權計劃 規定董事會可指定購股權 的歸屬期, 目並無規定任 何最短歸屬期。董事會及 本公司薪酬委員會認為, 經考慮:(i)購股權承授人(包 括趙宏先生及潘蓉容女士) 的薪酬包括授出購股權作 為激勵彼等的表現及為本 集團的增長及發展作出持 續貢獻之待遇的一部分, 以及保持本公司提供的待 遇相對於同業所提供待遇 的競爭力:(ii)就趙宏先生 及潘蓉容女士而言,彼等 各自的薪酬待遇經本公司 薪酬委員會審閱,乃符合 行業慣例以及表彰彼等於 本公司管理及策略發展方 面的領導職務及職責:及(iii) 就其他購股權承授人而言, 彼等的薪酬待遇乃根據本 公司內部政策,並經參考 彼等的行業經驗、於本集 團的任職年資及職務、對 本集團業務發展及增長的 貢獻後釐定,向購股權承 授人授予歸屬期少於12個 月的購股權乃屬適當之舉。 本公司薪酬委員會認為, 授出購股權可激勵及挽留 購 股 權 承 授 人, 為 本 集 團 的增長及發展持續作出貢 獻,符合本公司及股東的 利益。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,根 據首次公開發售後購股權計劃 授出的購股權的公允價值乃按 有關假設使用二項式期權定價 模型於每個授出日期作出估計, 包括:1) 行使價為10.434港元, 購股權期限為10年,無風險利 率為3.89%,相關股份的預期價 格波動47.93%。於向本集團董 事及其他僱員於報告期內授出 購股權的授出日期每份購股權 的公允價值分別為4.92港元及 4.60港元:及2)行使價為13.40港 元,購股權期限為10年,無風險 利率為4.43%,相關股份的預期 價格波動46.70%。於向本集團 其他僱員於報告期內授出購股 權的授出日期每份購股權的公 允價值為5.20港元。

Note 9:

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated June 5, 2023 in respect of the Share Options granted as described above, the Post-IPO Option Plan provides that the Board may specify the vesting period of the Share Options and does not provide for any minimum vesting period. The Board and the Remuneration Committee of the Company consider that, taking into account that: (i) the remuneration of the grantees of the Share Options (including that of Mr. Zhao Hong and Ms. Pan Rongrong) include the grant of share options as part of their package to incentive their performance and to make continuous contributions to the growth and development of the Group, as well as maintaining the competitiveness of the package offered by the Company as compared with those offered by the industry peers; (ii) in respect of Mr. Zhao Hong and Ms. Pan Rongrong, their respective remuneration packages have been reviewed by the Remuneration Committee of the Company to be in line with the industry practice and in recognition of their leading roles and responsibilities towards the management and strategic development of the Company; and (iii) in respect of other grantees of the Share Options, their respective remuneration packages are provided according to the internal policy of the Company with reference to their industry experience, tenure and roles with the Group, and contribution to the development and growth of the business of the Group, the grant of Share Options with vesting period less than 12 months to the Grantees of the Share Options is appropriate. The Remuneration Committee of the Company is of the view that the grant of Share Options will encourage and retain the Grantees of the Share Options to make continuous contributions to the growth and development of the Group and is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the fair value of options granted under the Post-IPO Option Plan were estimated on the date of each grant using the binomial option pricing model with the assumptions including: 1) the exercise price of HKD10.434, option life of 10 years, risk-free interest rate of 3.89%, and expected price volatility of the underlying shares of 47.93%. The fair value per option at grant date of the options granted to Directors and other employees of the Group during the Reporting Period is HKD4.92 and HKD4.60, respectively; and 2) the exercise price of HKD13.40, option life of 10 years, risk-free interest rate of 4.43%, and expected price volatility of the underlying shares of 46.70%. The fair value per option at grant date of the options granted to other employees of the Group during the Reporting Period is HKD5.20.

此外,本集團估計仍然受聘於本集團的承授人的預期百分比,或(如適用)在歸屬期末是否將滿足歸屬績效條件。本集團僅會確認預期於承授人可無條件享有該等以股份為基礎獎勵的歸屬的該等購股權的開支。

該等估計及假設的變動可能會對購股權公允價值及預期將歸屬的有關以股份為基礎獎勵金額的釐定產生重大影響,進而可能對以股份為基礎酬金開支的釐定產生重大影響。

3. 首次公開發售後受限制股份單位 計劃

股東於2021年1月22日批准及採納首次公開發售後受限制股份單位計劃據劃據劃據劃據劃據劃據劃據對時代單位計劃據劃據劃據對的股份單位計劃與所有,689,963股股份。在不影響前述與開發的情況下,任何財政年度首次公開發出的獎勵相關股份總數將不超過於對時數年度初已發行股份的百分之三(3%)。

於2021年2月10日,本公司向作為信 託受托人的 Maples Trustee Services (Cayman) Limited 發 行 及 配 發 合 共 6,689,963股股份,佔於本年報日的已 發行股份總數之1.06%(假設年報日 已發行股份總數依舊為2024年4月23 日的發行股份總數628,481,632),目 的是最終由SCLN ESOP Management Limited持有該數目的股份。於2021年2 月11日, 該數目的股份獲分配予SCLN ESOP Management Limited以根據首次 公開發售後受限制股份單位計劃以信 託形式為及代表承授人(將於上市後確 定)持有股份。本公司已向聯交所申請 批准SCLN ESOP Management Limited 所持該等數目的股份上市及買賣。

In addition, the Group estimates the expected percentage of grantees that will remain in employment with the Group or, where applicable, if the performance conditions for vesting will be met at the end of the vesting period. The Group only recognizes an expense for those share options expected to vest over the vesting period during which the grantees become unconditionally entitled to these share-based awards.

Changes in these estimates and assumptions could have a material effect on the determination of the fair value of the share options and the amount of such share-based awards expected to become vested, which may in turn significantly impact the determination of the share-based compensation expenses.

3. Post-IPO RSU Plan

The Post-IPO RSU Plan was approved and adopted by the Shareholders on January 22, 2021 and is valid for a period of ten years from the date of the Listing. The total number of Shares underlying the awards to be granted under the Post-IPO RSU Plan shall be 6,689,963 Shares. Without prejudice to the foregoing, the total number of Shares underlying the awards to be granted under the Post-IPO RSU Plan in any financial year will not exceed three per cent (3%) of the issued Shares as at the beginning of that financial year.

On February 10, 2021, the Company issued and allotted an aggregate of 6,689,963 Shares, representing 1.06% of the total number of Shares in issue (assuming the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of this annual report remains as 628,481,632, the total number of Shares in issue as at April 23, 2024), to Maples Trustee Services (Cayman) Limited as trustee of a trust with the intent that such number of Shares would ultimately be held by SCLN ESOP Management Limited. On February 11, 2021, such number of Shares were directed to SCLN ESOP Management Limited for the purpose of holding Shares under the Post-IPO RSU Plan on trust for and on behalf of grantees to be determined after the Listing. Application has been made to the Stock Exchange for the listing of and permission to deal in such number of Shares held by SCLN ESOP Management Limited.

(a) 受限制股份單位

獎勵是指向承授人(「承授人」)授 出受限制股份單位(「受限制股份 單位」)。各受限制股份單位有權 於歸屬後收取一股股份(或會因 本公司股本變動而根據首次公 開發售後受限制股份單位計劃 條款作出任何調整)。根據首次 公開發售後受限制股份單位計 劃授出的尚未行使的受限制股 份單位獎勵(「獎勵」)所涉股份數 目於任何時候不得超過根據首 次公開發售後受限制股份單位 計劃仍可供分派的受限制股份 單位總數。向一名承授人授出 一份獎勵應以獎勵協議作文件 證明且受獎勵協議(「獎勵協議」) 所規限,由董事會釐定的獎勵 條款及條件應於獎勵協議中載 明。

(b) 授出獎勵

董事會在授出時須説明日期及/ 或歸屬或根據獎勵授出的明題 制股份單位獲歸屬的任何受聘 條款及條件(可能包括持續受聘 (或其他服務關係)、達到預先 定的績效目標及目的及/或華 定的績效目標及目的認為 會全權及絕對酌情認為 其他條件)。

The purpose of the Post-IPO RSU Plan is to enable the directors, officers, and other key contributors and employees of our Group to share the success of our Company, in order to ensure a closer identification of the interests of such persons with those of our Group and stimulate the efforts of such persons on the Group's behalf. Participants who can receive RSUs under the Post-IPO RSU Plan shall be directors, officers and employees of the Group.

(a) Restricted Share Unit

An Award represents a grant of restricted share unit ("Restricted Share Unit", each a "RSU" or collectively "RSUs") to the grantees (the "Grantees"). Each RSU shall represent the right to receive one Share (subject to any adjustment in accordance with the terms of the Post-IPO RSU Plan due to changes of share capital of our Company) upon vesting. The number of Shares that are subject to outstanding awards of RSUs granted under the Post-IPO RSU Plan (the "Awards" and each of them, an Award) at any time shall not exceed the aggregate number of RSUs that then remain available for distribution under the Post-IPO RSU Plan. The grant of an Award to a Grantee shall be documented by and subject to an award agreement (the "Award Agreement"), in which the terms and conditions of the Award determined by the Board shall be set out.

(b) Grant of Award

At the time of grant, the Board shall specify the date or dates and/ or any vesting or any other terms and conditions (which may include continuing employment or other service relationship, achievement of pre-established performance goals and objectives and/or such other conditions that the Board deems appropriate in its sole and absolute discretion) on which RSUs under an Award shall become vested.

To receive Shares underlying their RSUs, Grantees must: (i) have been an employee of any member of our Group on a continuous and uninterrupted basis throughout the vesting periods of their Grant, and (ii) comply with any other additional obligations determined by the Board (the "Continued Employment Condition"). If the Grantee ceases to meet the Continued Employment Condition at any time during any of the vesting periods of their Grant, he or she will automatically and without prior notice or consideration forfeit his or her RSUs.

若任何受限制股份單位於根據 獎勵協議的條款及條件歸屬前 喪失,則該受限制股份單位將 即時喪失及無進一步效力或作 用,且將不會就此向承授人作出 任何付款。

受限制股份單位以零對價形式 授予承授人,並將在歸屬時以零 對價形式轉讓給承授人。

(c) 歸屬

(d) 首次公開發售後受限制股份單位計劃未規定每名參與人可獲授權益上限。

截至2023年12月31日,本公司已向本集團董事及僱員授出尚未行使的受限制股份單位(為3,509,350股股份),佔本公司截至2023年12月31日已發行股份總數約0.56%。

If any RSU is forfeited prior to vesting in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Award Agreement, then such RSU shall be forfeited with immediate effect and of no further force or effect, and no payment shall be made to the Grantee in respect thereof.

The RSUs were granted at nil consideration to the grantees and will be transferred to the grantees upon vesting at nil consideration.

(c) Vesting

Subject to the terms of the Post-IPO RSU Plan and the specific terms and conditions applicable to each Award, the RSUs granted shall be subject to vesting schedule and to the satisfaction of performance and/or other conditions to be determined by the Board (if any) in its absolute discretion. If such conditions are not satisfied, the RSU shall automatically lapse on the date on which such conditions are not satisfied, as determined by the Board in its absolute discretion. The vesting period shall be detailed in the Award Agreement to the grantee.

(d) The Post-IPO RSU Plan does not provide for the maximum entitlement of each participant.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company had granted to Directors and employees of the Group outstanding RSUs representing 3,509,350 Shares, accounting for approximately 0.56% of the total issued Shares of the Company as of December 31, 2023.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,根據首次公開發售後受限制股份單位計劃授出的受限制股份單位的變動情況如下:

Movement of the RSUs, which were granted under the Post-IPO RSU Plan, for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

截至2023年12月31日止年度受限制股份單位數目 Number of RSUs for the year ended December 31, 2023

			Nullib	ei oi koos ioi tile y	cai cilucu Del	Leilinei 31, 2023)		
承授人 Grantee	授出日期 Date of grant	截至2023年 1月1日 尚未行使 (附註4) Outstanding as of January 1, 2023 (Note 4)	緊接受限制股份 單位授出日期之 前的收事價 (港元/每份 受限制股份位) Closing price immediately prior to date of grant (HKD/per RSU)	於授出日期受限 制股份單位公允 價值(港元/每份 受限制股份單位) (附註1) Fair value of RSU at the date of grant (HKD/per RSU) (Note 1)	已授予 (附註2) Granted (Note 2)	已歸屬 (附註3) Vested (Note 3)	已失效 (附註5) Lapsed (Note 5)	截至2023年 12月31日 尚未行使 (附註6) Outstanding as of December 31, 2023 (Note 6)	歸屬時間表 (附註8) Vesting schedule (Note 8)
	-		-						
<i>董事</i> <i>Director</i> 趙宏先生 Mr. ZHAO Hong	2022年4月19日 April 19, 2022	600,000	7.86	7.78	_	(300,000)	_	300,000	授出日期起兩年 Two years from the date of grant
	2023年6月5日 June 5, 2023	-	9.93	10.18	600,000	_	-	600,000	授出日期起22個月 22 months from the date of grant
潘蓉容女士	2022年4月19日	57,500 (附註7) (Note 7)	7.86	7.78	-	-	-	57,500	授出日期起兩年
Ms. PAN Rongrong	April 19, 2022 2023年6月5日 June 5, 2023	_	9.93	10.18	115,000	-	-	115,000	Two years from the date of grant 授出日期起22個月 22 months from the date of grant
本集團五名最高薪酬人士 合計(不包括亦為本公司 董事的人士)(附註7)	2022年4月19日 April 19, 2022	255,000	7.86	7.78	_	(156,250)	_	98,750	授出日期起兩年 Two years from the date of grant
重 争りハエハ州 エバ The five highest paid individual of the Group in aggregate (excluding those who are also Directors of the	2022年7月4日 July 4, 2022	150,000	8.7	8.48	_	(75,000)	_	75,000	授出日期起兩年 Two years from the date of grant
Company) (Note 7)	2023年6月5日 June 5, 2023	-	9.93	10.18	280,000	_	_	280,000	授出日期起22個月 22 months from the date of grant
本集團其他僱員 Other employees of the Group	2022年4月19日 April 19, 2022	1,415,000	7.86	7.78	_	(630,800)	(154,700)	629,500	授出日期起兩年 Two years from the date of grant
	2022年9月8日 September 8, 2022	41,500	6.78	6.73	_	(17,450)	(6,050)	18,000	授出日期起兩年 Two years from the date of grant
	2023年6月5日 June 5, 2023	_	9.93	10.18	1,335,600	-	-	1,335,600	授出日期起22個月 22 months from the date of grant
슴計 Total		2,519,000	-	-	2,330,600	(1,179,500)	(160,750)	3,509,350	

附註5: 於報告期內無受限制股份

單位被註銷。

附註1 (a):	受限制股份單位以零對價 形式授予承授人,並將在 歸屬時以零對價形式轉讓 給承授人。	Note 1 (a):	The RSUs were granted at nil consideration to the grantees and will be transferred to the grantees upon vesting at nil consideration.
附註1 (b):	2023年就首次公開發售後受限制股份單位採納的估值以及會計準則及政策詳情載於合併財務報表附註27。	Note 1 (b):	Details of the valuation and the accounting standard and policy adopted for the Post-IPO RSUs during the year of 2023 are set out in the Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.
附註2:	待歸屬條件(包括首次公開發售後受限制股份單位承授人定製的績效目標)達成後,受限制股份單位將按照歸屬時間表歸屬。	Note 2:	Subject to fulfilment of vesting conditions including customized performance targets for each grantee, the RSUs shall be vested according to the vesting schedule.
附註3:	緊接受限制股份單位歸屬 日期前的加權平均收市價 為11.66港元。	Note 3:	The weighted average closing price immediately before the date on which the RSUs were vested was HKD11.66.
附註4:	報告期內授出的受限制股份單位相關股份數目除以於2023年1月1日已發行股份總數的總百分比為0.34%,並無超過首次公開發售後受限制股份單位計劃設定的3%限額。	Note 4:	The aggregate percentage of number of Shares underlying the RSUs granted during the Reporting Period divided by the total number of Shares in issue as at January 1, 2023 was 0.34% which did not exceed the 3% limit set in the Post-IPO RSU Plan.

Note 5:

During the Reporting Period, no RSU was cancelled.

附註6: 就首次公開發售後受限 制股份單位計劃而言,於 2023年1月1日 及2023年12月 31日,首次公開發售後受 限制股份單位計劃項下可 供授出的受限制股份單位 總數為4.170.963及2.001.113 份。由於本公司已就根據 首次公開發售後受限制股 份單位計劃以信託形式代 表所有承授人持有股份而 向 SCLN ESOP Management Limited 發行首次公開發售 後受限制股份單位計劃相 關 的6.689.963股 股份,故 本公司不會就首次公開發 售後受限制股份單位計劃 授出的受限制股份單位授 出任何新股份。於報告期 內,根據本公司所有計劃 授出的購股權及獎勵可發 行的股份總數應相等於報 告期內首次公開發售後受 限制股份單位計劃項下購 股權可發行股份的總數, 而除以於報告期內已發行 股份數目的加權平均數則 為2.85%。

附註7: 潘蓉容女士於2023年5月25 日被委任為本公司執行董 事,其於該日持有57,500 份受限制股份單位。

附註8: 待歸屬條件(包括截至 2023年12月31日止年度所 授出受限制股份單位承授 人的定製績效目標)達成 後,2023年6月5日 授 出 的 受限制股份單位各承授人 的50%受限制股份單位將 於2024年3月31日 歸屬,及 餘下50%將於2025年3月31 日歸屬。董事(包括獨立非 執行董事)認為,授出該等 受限制股份單位乃於本公 司日常一般業務過程中按 一般商業條款進行,屬公 平合理,並符合本公司及 股東的整體利益。

Note 6: In respect of the Post-IPO RSU Plan, as at January 1, 2023 and December 31, 2023, the total numbers of RSUs available for grant under the Post-IPO RSU Plan were 4,170,963 and 2,001,113. No new Shares will be issued in respect of RSUs granted under the Post-IPO RSU Plan as the 6,689,963 Shares underlying the Post-IPO RSU Plan have already been issued by the Company to SCLN ESOP Management Limited for the purpose of holding Shares under the Post-IPO RSU Plan in trust for and on behalf of all grantees under the Post-IPO RSU Plan. The total number of Shares that may be issued in respect of the options and awards granted under all schemes of the Company during the Reporting

Period, was 2.85%.

Period shall equal to the total number of Shares that may be

issued in respect of the options under the Post-IPO Option Plan

during the Reporting Period, and when divided by the weighted

average number of the Shares in issue during the Reporting

Note 7: Ms. Pan Rongrong was appointed as the executive Director on May 25, 2023 and held 57,500 RSUs as at the date of appointment.

Subject to fulfillment of vesting conditions including customized performance targets of the grantees of RSUs granted during the year ended December 31, 2023, 50% of the RSUs granted on June 5, 2023 to each of the Grantees of RSUs shall be vested on March 31, 2024 and remaining 50% shall be vested on March 31, 2025 and the Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) are of the view that such grant of the RSUs are conducted in the ordinary and usual business of the Company and are on normal commercial terms, fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

Note 8:

購買股份或債權證之安排

除本年度報告另行所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至2023年12月31日止年度任何時間概無訂立任何安排,容許董事以購買本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證的方式購買權益,亦無董事或任何彼等之配偶或18歲以下子女獲授予任何權利以認購本公司或任何其他法人團體之股本或債務證券或行使任何相關權利。

股本掛鈎協議

除受限制股份單位計劃外,截至2023年12月 31日止年度,本公司概無訂立任何股本掛鈎 協議。

優先購買權

組織章程細則或開曼群島法律並無規定本公司須按比例發售新股份予現有股東的優 先購買權條文。

税務寬免及豁免

本公司並不知悉本公司股東因持有本公司證券而享有任何稅務寬免或豁免。

附屬公司

於2023年12月31日,本公司附屬公司之詳情載於合併財務報表附註40(c)。

獲准許的彌償

根據組織章程細則,對於每名董事、核數師或本公司其他高級人員因其以董事、核數師或本公司其他高級人員身份在作出對其有利判決或其被判無罪釋放的任何民事或刑事訴訟中進行辯護所招致或蒙受的所有損失或責任,彼等有權獲得以本公司資產作出的彌償。

本公司已就其董事及高級人員所面臨的法 律訴訟作出適當的投保安排。

發行債權證

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司並無發行任何債權證。

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as otherwise disclosed in this Annual Report, at no time during the year ended December 31, 2023 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement that would enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 were granted any right to subscribe for the equity or debt securities of the Company or any other body corporate or had exercised any such right.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the RSU Plan, during the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company has not entered into any equity-linked agreement.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands that would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Company is not aware of any tax relief or exemption available to the Shareholders of the Company by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries as at December 31, 2023 are set out in Note 40(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

Under the Articles of Association, every Director, Auditor or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a Director, Auditor or other officer of the Company in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour, or in which he is acquitted.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its Directors and officers.

ISSUANCE OF DEBENTURES

During the year ended December 31, 2023, no issuance of debentures was made by the Company.

捐款

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司作出合 共人民幣4.7百萬元的慈善及其他捐款。

企業管治

有關本公司所採納的企業管治實務資料載於本年度報告第40至59頁的企業管治報告。

重大法律訴訟

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司並無牽涉任何重大訴訟或仲裁,且據董事所知並無針對本公司提出或威脅提出的任何重大訴訟或申索。

遵守法律法規

本集團已採納內部控制及風險管理政策, 以對持續遵守相關法律法規的情況加以監 控。據董事會所知,本集團在各方面均已遵 守對本公司及其附屬公司的業務及營運產生 重大影響的相關法律法規。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於2023年3月1日,本公司以現金要約方式以每股10.06港元購回77,534,791股股份,總代價為780百萬港元。透過現金要約購回的股份已於2023年3月10日註銷。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司已在聯交所購回合共3,209,500股股份,詳情載列如下:

DONATIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company made charitable and other donations in a total amount of RMB4.7 million.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 40 to 59 of this Annual Report.

SIGNIFICANT LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company was not engaged in any litigation or arbitration of material importance and no litigation or claim of material importance is known to the directors to be pending or threatening against the Company.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Our Group has adopted internal control and risk management policies to monitor the on-going compliance with relevant laws and regulations. As far as the Board is concerned, our Group has complied with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Company and its subsidiaries in all aspects.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

On March 1, 2023, the Company repurchased 77,534,791 Shares at HK\$10.06 per share with a total consideration of HKD780 million through a cash offer. The Shares repurchased through the cash offer have been cancelled on March 10, 2023.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company has repurchased a total of 3,209,500 Shares on the Stock Exchange and the details are set out below:

每股股份價格 Price Per Share

Month of	F12月31日止年度購回月份 Repurchase in the year December 31, 2023	購回股份數目 Number of Shares Repurchased	最高 Highest 港元 HK\$	最低 Lowest 港元 HK\$	Aggregate Consideration 港元 HK\$
4月	April	80,000	11.70	11.42	923,552.00
5月	May	100,000	12.02	11.86	1,194,420.00
6月	June	1,864,500	10.94	10.12	19,611,419.90
7月	July	865,000	10.80	10.48	9,170,811.60
8月	August	300,000	9.80	9.47	2,918,100.00
合計	Total	3,209,500			33,818,303.50

於2023年12月31日,3,209,500股購回股份已 獲註銷。

董事會相信,於聯交所購回股份及於其後 註銷所購回的股份可提升股份的價值,從 而提高本公司股東的回報。

除上文及期後事項中所披露者外,本公司或 其任何附屬公司並無於2023年12月31日止年 度購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市股份的 權益。

末期股息

董事會建議並不就截至2023年12月31日止年度派付末期股息(2022年:每股0.39港元)。

股東週年大會

本公司股東週年大會定於2024年6月28日(星期五)舉行。股東週年大會通告將根據上市規則規定的方式適時刊發及寄發予股東。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為釐定有權出席股東週年大會並進行投票的股東的名單,本公司將於2024年6月25日(星期二)(包括首尾兩日)暫停股東登記,期間將不會辦理任何股份過戶手續。所有股份轉讓文件連同相關股票須於2024年6月24日(星期一)下午四時三十分前送交本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開資料及董事會所知,於本年度報告日期,本公司根據《上市規則》的規定保持足夠公眾持股量。

As at December 31, 2023, 3,209,500 repurchased Shares were cancelled.

The Board believed that repurchase of Shares on the Stock Exchange and the subsequent cancellation of the repurchased Shares would enhance the value of the Shares thereby improving the return to the Shareholders of the Company.

Save for the above and disclosure in the Subsequent Event, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed interest in any of the Company's listed Shares for the year ended December 31, 2023.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to pay final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2023 (2022: HKD0.39 per Share).

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The AGM of the Company will be held on Friday, June 28, 2024. A notice convening the AGM will be published and dispatched to the Shareholders in the manner required by the Listing Rules in due course.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

In order to ascertain the Shareholders' entitlements to attend and vote at the AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, June 25, 2024 to Friday, June 28, 2024, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered. All Share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, June 24, 2024.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

According to information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Board, as at the date of this Annual Report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules.

核數師

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團合併財務報表已經羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審計。關於續任羅兵咸永道會計師事務所擔任本公司核數師的決議案將於股東週年大會上提出。本公司在過去三年內任何一年,概無更換核數師。

承董事會命 賽生藥業控股有限公司

香港,2024年3月28日

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2023 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers. A resolution for the reappointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as the auditor of the Company will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting. The Company has not changed auditor during any of the past three years.

For and on behalf of the Board
SciClone Pharmaceuticals (Holdings) Limited

Hong Kong, March 28, 2024

致賽生藥業控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計的內容

賽生藥業控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第 102至225頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於2023年12月31日的綜合資產負債表、
- 截至該日止年度的合併全面收益表、
- 截至該日止年度的合併權益變動表、
- 截至該日止年度的合併現金流量表;及
- 合併財務報表附註,包括重大會計政 策信息及其他解釋信息。

我們的意見

我們認為,該等合併財務報表已根據《國際財務報告會計準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於2023年12月31日的合併財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的合併財務表現及合併現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

To the Shareholders of SciClone Pharmaceuticals (Holdings) Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of SciClone Pharmaceuticals (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 102 to 225, comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2023;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended:
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見的基礎

我們已根據《國際審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足 及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

獨立性

根據國際會計師職業道德準則理事會頒佈 的《國際會計師職業道德守則(包含國際獨 立性標準)》(以下簡稱「**道德守則**」),我們獨 立於 貴集團,並已履行道德守則中的其他 職業道德責任。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體合併財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項是關於 尚未達到可使用狀態的無形資產之減值估 計。

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in our audit is related to impairment assessment on intangible assets that are not ready for use.

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matters (continued)

關鍵審計事項 **Key Audit Matter** 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

尚未達到可使用狀態的無形資產之減值估計 Impairment assessment on intangible assets that are not 計所實施的程序包括下列各項: ready for use

請參閱合併財務報表附註2.1(c)、附註2.1(d)、附註6(a)及附 use mainly include the following:

Refer to Note 2.1(c), 2.1(d), 6(a) and 19 to the consolidated • financial statements.

於2023年12月31日, 貴集團尚未達到可使用狀態的無形資 產的賬面原值為人民幣327.97百萬元,無形資產減值準備為 人民幣141.80百萬元,其每年度須就減值進行測試,或當有 事件出現或情況改變顯示其可能發生減值時會更頻密地進 • 行減值測試。

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had intangible assets that are not ready for use with the gross amount of RMB327.97 million and impairment provision of RMB141.80 million, which are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired.

管理層在發現減值跡象時進行減值估計,並在獨立外部估 值師的協助下,採用多期超額收益法,根據與該無形資產 有關的現金產出單位的可收回金額,於年末進行年度減值 估計。

Management performed impairment assessment when impairment indicators were identified, and also performed • annual impairment assessment at year end with the assistance of an independent external valuer based on the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the intangible asset is related to using the multi-period excess earnings method.

我們就管理層對尚未達到可使用狀態的無形資產作出的減值估

Our procedures performed in relation to management's impairment assessment on intangible assets that are not ready for

- 了解並評估管理層的內部控制及其對尚未達到可使用狀 態的無形資產進行減值估計的流程(包括對在研產品研發 階段的持續監測,在研產品減值跡象的識別和估計,釐 定可收回金額所用關鍵假設的制定等),及通過考慮估計 不確定性的程度及其他固有風險因素(如所用重大假設的 主觀性)水平評估重大錯誤陳述的固有風險;
 - Understanding and evaluating management's internal control and assessment process of the impairment of intangible assets that are not ready for use (including on-going monitor of the development stage of pipeline products, identification and assessment of impairment indicators of pipeline products, development of the key assumptions applied in determining the recoverable amount, etc.), and assessing the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as subjectivity of significant assumptions used;
- 向管理層詢問並檢視有關各在研產品之預期達成藥物開 發里程碑、商業化成功率及新藥開發結果的相關證明文件;
- Inquiring management and inspecting the relevant supporting documents about the expected achievement of drug development milestones, success rate of commercialization and the outcome of new drug development for each pipeline product;
- 向管理層詢問以了解 貴集團在研產品的技術、市場、經 濟、法律環境以及許可方的財務狀況,並檢視相關證明 文件、監管公告和行業出版物,以評估管理層對在研產 品減值跡象的識別和估計;
- Inquiring management to understand the technological, market, economic and legal environment, as well as the financial conditions of licensors of the Group's pipeline products, and inspecting relevant supporting documents, regulatory announcements as well as industry publications so as to evaluate management's identification and assessment of impairment indicators of pipeline products;

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matters (continued)

關鍵審計事項 Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們將尚未達到可使用狀態的無形資產之減值估計作為關 • 鍵審計事項,乃由於該估計涉及基於管理層重大估計及判 • 斷的關鍵假設,其中包括預期達成藥物開發里程碑、商業 化成功率、新藥開發結果、對應許可安排下各在研產品的 收入增長率及多期超額收益法所使用的貼現率。 • •

We consider the impairment assessment of intangible assets that are not ready for use is a key audit matter because the assessment involves key assumptions which are subject to significant management's estimates and judgements, including the expected achievement of drug development milestones, success rate of commercialization, the outcome of new drug development, the revenue growth rate of each pipeline products under respective license arrangements and the discount rate used in the multi-period excess earnings method.

- 評估管理層聘用的外部獨立估值師的資格、能力及客觀性;
- Assessing the competence, capability and objectivity of the independent external valuer engaged by management;
- 在我們的估值專家的協助下,評估管理層通過考慮行業 慣例在釐定減值估計中無形資產的可收回金額時所用的 多期超額收益法的適當性;及所用關鍵假設(如通過比 較 貴集團業務計劃及市場數據所得的收入增長率及貼現率) 的合理性;
- Evaluating, with the assistance of our valuation specialist, the appropriateness of multi-period excess earnings method used by management to determine the recoverable amount of intangible assets in the impairment assessment by considering the industry practice; and the reasonableness of key assumptions used, including revenue growth rate and discount rate by comparing with the Group's business plan and market data:
- 通過比較本年度實際業績與 貴集團於上年度所編製的 預測進行可追溯性審閱,以評估管理層估計流程的有效性;
- Performing retrospective review by comparing the actual results for the current year with the Group's forecasts prepared in the prior year to assess the effectiveness of management's estimation process;
- 評估多期超額收益法所用關鍵假設的敏感性,考慮評估 值高於賬面值的充分性;
- Assessing sensitivities over the key assumptions used in multi-period excess earnings method in considering the sufficiency of headroom;
- 評估合併財務報表中無形資產減值估計披露的充分性。
- Evaluating the adequacy of disclosure of impairment assessment of intangible assets in the consolidated financial statements.

根據所執行的審計程序,我們認為管理層在尚未達到可使用狀態的無形資產之減值估計中所用的關鍵假設獲有效證據支持。Based on the audit procedures performed, we found management's key assumptions used in impairment assessment of intangible assets that are not ready for use to be supportable by the available evidence.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包 括年報內的所有信息,但不包括合併財務報 表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對合併財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對合併財務報表的審計,我們的 責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其 他信息是否與合併財務報表或我們在審計 過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似 乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其 他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告 該事實。在這方面,我們並無任何報告。

董事及審核委員會就合併財務 報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據《國際財務報告會計準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的合併財務報表,並對其認為為使合併財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備合併財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披 露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續 經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團 清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代 方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors and the Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

核數師就審計合併財務報表承 擔的責任

在根據《國際審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致合併財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險, 設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險, 以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑可能 為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能 為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可以 及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述, 或淩駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發 現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風 險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大 錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴 集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計合併財務報表承 擔的責任(續)

- 評價合併財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,以及合併財 務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務 信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以 便對合併財務報表發表意見。我們負 責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。 我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動或採取的防範措施。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審計合併財務報表承 擔的責任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在法數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通 某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 黎英傑。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執*業會計師* 香港・2024年3月28日

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Jack Li.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 28 March 2024

合併全面收益表 Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

	the Company		1,121,902	855,355
本公司擁有人應佔年內利潤	Profit for the year attributable to owners of			
所得税開支	Income tax expense	14	(95,495)	(84,725)
所得税前利潤	Profit before income tax		1,217,397	940,080
融資收入/(成本)淨額	Finance income/(costs), net		12,291	(10,524)
融資成本	Finance costs	11	(58,193)	(46,593)
融資收入	Finance income	11	70,484	36,069
經營溢利	Operating profit		1,205,106	950,604
其他虧損淨額	Other losses — net	10	(52,081)	(155,392)
其他收入	Other income	9	41,770	12,125
研發開支	Research and development ("R&D") expenses	12	(170,679)	(123,860)
行政開支	Administrative expenses	12	(257,295)	(225,003)
銷售及營銷開支	Sales and marketing expenses	12	(712,810)	(627,751)
毛利	Gross profit		2,356,201	2,070,485
收入成本	Cost of revenue	12	(799,413)	(679,196)
收入	Revenue	8	3,155,614	2,749,681
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			2023	2022
			2023年	2022年

合併全面收益表 Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		附註 Note	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB′000	2022年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB′000
其他全面收益 不會重新分類至損益的項 目 以公允價值計量且其變動 計入其他全面收益的變動 本投資的公允價值變動 本公司貨幣換算差額 之後可能重新分類至損益 的項目 本公司附屬公司貨幣換算	Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Changes in the fair value of equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") Currency translation differences of the Company Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss Currency translation differences of the Company's subsidiaries	26	(18,599) 104,419 (94,397)	(221,573) 730,862 (521,092)
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year		1,113,325	843,552
以下人士應佔全面收益 總額: 本公司擁有人	Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the Company		1,113,325	843,552
本公司擁有人應佔每股盈利 (人民幣元) 每股基本盈利 每股攤薄盈利	Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company (RMB) Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	15	1.83	1.27

合併資產負債表 Consolidated Balance Sheet

於2023年12月31日 As at 31 December 2023

於12月31日 As at 31 December

			, 13 at 51 bt	ecinibe.
			2023年	2022年
			2023	2022
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		Note	KIVID UUU	KIVID UUU
資產	Assets			
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	17	32,403	18,829
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	18	7,018	9,796
無形資產	Intangible assets	19	396,039	542,241
以公允價值計量且其變動	Financial assets at fair value through			
計入當期損益的金融資產		25, 26	4,033	19,806
以公允價值計量且其變動	Financial assets at FVOCI			
計入其他全面收益的				
金融資產		25, 26	106,604	123,295
	Deferred tax assets	31	_	651
其他資產	Other assets	20, 25	7,046	5,301
<u> </u>		20, 23	7,0.0	3/301
非流動資產總額	Total non-current assets		553,143	719,919
流動資產	Current assets			
存貨	Inventories	21	308,285	140,560
貿易應收款項	Trade receivables	22, 25	867,954	780,962
其他流動資產	Other current assets	23	274,201	804,435
以公允價值計量且其變動計	Financial assets at FVPL			
入當期損益的金融資產		25, 26	187,476	202,701
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	24, 25	1,809,191	1,671,829
流動資產總值	Total current assets		3,447,107	3,600,487
資產總額	Total assets		4,000,250	4,320,406

合併資產負債表 Consolidated Balance Sheet

於2023年12月31日 As at 31 December 2023

於12月31日 As at 31 December

			2023年	2022年
		附註	2023 人民幣千元	2022 人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
權益及負債	Equity and liabilities			
負債	Liabilities			
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
借款	Borrowings	30	_	414,682
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	31	16,963	14,570
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	25, 29,		
		35(c)	19,768	7,355
其他非流動負債	Other non-current liabilities		208	205
非流動負債總額	Total non-current liabilities		36,939	436,812
流動負債	Current liabilities			
貿易及其他應付賬款	Trade and other payables	28	623,100	418,752
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	25, 29,		
		35(c)	13,064	12,714
借款	Borrowings	30	_	417,876
即期税項負債	Current tax liabilities		62,080	42,090
流動負債總額	Total current liabilities		698,244	891,432
				, ,
負債總額	Total liabilities	1	735,183	1,328,244
資產淨值	Net assets		3,265,067	2,992,162
本公司擁有人應佔權益	Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
股本	Share capital	32	216	237
股份溢價	Share premium	32	1,014,517	1,710,429
其他權益	Other equity	33	(8)	(7)
其他儲備	Other reserves	34	410,564	347,484
保留盈利	Retained earnings		1,839,778	934,019
權益總額	Total equity		3,265,067	2,992,162

第110頁至225頁的附註為該等財務報表的組成部分。

The notes on pages 110 to 225 are an integral part of these financial statements.

第102頁至225頁的財務報表由董事會於2024 年3月28日批准並以其名義簽署。 The financial statements on pages 102 to 225 were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2024 and were signed on its behalf.

道宏 Zhao Hong 董事 Director

合併權益變動表 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

本公司擁有人應佔

			Attributable to owners of the Company					_
			股本	股份溢價	其他股權	其他儲備	保留盈利	總計
			Share	Share	Other	Other	Retained	
			capital	premium	equity	reserves	earnings	Total
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於2022年1月1日的結餘	Balance at 1 January 2022		232	1,727,026	(3)	299,759	290,394	2,317,408
全面收益	Comprehensive income							
年內利潤	Profit for the year		_	_	_	_	855,355	855,355
以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面	Changes in the fair value of equity							
收益的股權投資的公允價值變動	investments at FVOCI	26	_	_	_	(221,573)	_	(221,573)
外幣匯兑	Foreign currency translation	34	_	_	_	209,770	_	209,770
全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income		_		_	(11,803)	855,355	843,552
與本集團股權持有人的交易	Transactions with equity holders of the Group							
轉撥至法定儲備	Appropriation to statutory reserves	34	_	_	_	7,185	(7,185)	_
股份酬金開支	Share based compensation expenses	27	_	_	_	52,343	_	52,343
向僱員股份計劃信託發行普通股	Issuance of ordinary shares to the							
	employee share scheme trust	32,33	6	_	(6)	_	_	_
購買及註銷普通股	Repurchase and cancellation of ordinary							
	shares	32,33	(1)	(32,726)	_	_	_	(32,727)
行使購股權	Exercise of share options	32,33	_	16,129	2	_	_	16,131
股息	Dividends	16	_	_	_	_	(204,545)	(204,545)
與本集團股權持有人的交易總額	Total transactions with equity							
	holders of the Group		5	(16,597)	(4)	59,528	(211,730)	(168,798)
於2022年12月31日的結餘	Balance at 31 December 2022		237	1,710,429	(7)	347,484	934,019	2,992,162

合併權益變動表 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

			本公司擁有人應佔 Attributable to owners of the Company					
				股份溢價	其他股權	其他儲備	保留盈利	總計
			Share	Share	Other	Other	Retained	
		7/1 \	capital	premium	equity	reserves	earnings	Total
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於2023年1月1日的結餘	Balance at 1 January 2023		237	1,710,429	(7)	347,484	934,019	2,992,162
全面收益	Comprehensive income							
年內利潤	Profit for the year		_	_	_	_	1,121,902	1,121,902
以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面	Changes in the fair value of equity							
收益的股權投資的公允價值變動	investments at FVOCI	26	_	_	_	(18,599)	_	(18,599)
外幣匯兑	Foreign currency translation	34	_	_	_	10,022	_	10,022
全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income		_			(8,577)	1,121,902	1,113,325
與本集團股權持有人的交易	Transactions with equity holders of							
	the Group							
轉撥至法定儲備	Appropriation to statutory reserves	34	_	_	_	4,690	(4,690)	_
股份酬金開支	Share based compensation expenses	27	_	_	_	66,967	_	66,967
向僱員股份計劃信託發行普通股	Issuance of ordinary shares to the				(4)			
味 品 立 方 外 来 泫 m	employee share scheme trust	32,33	4	_	(4)	_	_	_
購買及註銷普通股	Repurchase and cancellation of ordinary shares	32,33	(26)	(720,455)				(720,481)
行使購股權	Exercise of share options	32,33	(20)	24,544	_	_	_	24,547
17 使	Exercise of restricted shares units	32,33		24,344	2			24,347
(「受限制股份單位」)	("RSUs")	32,33		(1)	1			
股息	Dividends	16		(1) —		_	(211,453)	(211,453)
							(==:(:==)	(= ,)
與本集團股權持有人的交易總額	Total transactions with equity							
	holders of the Group		(21)	(695,912)	(1)	71,657	(216,143)	(840,420)
N								
於2023年12月31日的結餘	Balance at 31 December 2023		216	1,014,517	(8)	410,564	1,839,778	3,265,067

第110頁至225頁的附註為該等財務報表的 組成部分。 The notes on pages 110 to 225 are an integral part of these financial statements.

合併現金流量表 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

			real chaca 51 December		
			2023年	2022年	
			2023	2022	
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	
經營活動所得現金流量	Cash flows from operating activities				
經營所得的現金	Cash generated from operations	35	1,466,812	1,268,804	
已收利息	Interest received		76,079	28,762	
已付利息	Interest paid		(55,209)	(46,786)	
已付所得税	Income tax paid		(83,403)	(67,212)	
經營活動所得現金淨額	Net cash generated from operating activities		1,404,279	1,183,568	
投資活動所得現金流量	Cash flows from investing activities				
物業、廠房及設備付款	Payments for property, plant and equipment		(3,223)	(5,768)	
軟件付款	Payments for software		(1,878)	(1,817)	
許可付款	Payments for licenses		(72,472)	(188,548)	
收購定期存款	Acquisition of time deposits		(312,000)	(4,255,592)	
收購以公允價值計量且其變 動計入當期損益的金融資	Acquisition of financial assets at FVPL				
產			(1,248,065)	(673,588)	
出售以公允價值計量且其變 動計入當期損益的金融資	Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at FVPL				
產所得款項			330,894	531,712	
出售定期存款所得款項	Proceeds from disposal of time deposits		1,814,983	3,561,245	
	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and				
得款項	equipment		1,247	448	
債務投資到期所得款項 ————————————————————————————————————	Proceeds from maturity of debt investment		_	6,359	
投資活動所得/(所用)現金	Net cash generated from/(used in) investing				
淨額	activities		509,486	(1,025,549)	

合併現金流量表 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023年 2023	2022年 2022
	附許	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
融資活動所得現金流量	Cash flows from financing activities		
行使購股權	Exercising of share options	24,537	16,005
支付銀行借款	Payment for bank borrowing	(860,352)	(435,330)
購回普通股付款	Payments for repurchase of ordinary shares	(714,645)	(32,727)
購回股份成本付款	Payments for share repurchasing costs	(5,836)	(106)
已付股息	Dividends paid 16	(215,018)	(205,622)
租賃付款的本金部分	Principal elements of lease payments 17	(13,164)	(12,482)
融資活動所用現金淨額	Net cash used in financing activities	(1,784,478)	(670,262)
71 A 7 71 A 67 /F /L			
現金及現金等價物	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash		/=
增加/(減少)淨額	equivalents	129,287	(512,243)
年初現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,671,829	2,127,488
匯率變動對現金及	Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and		
現金等價物的影響	cash equivalents	8,075	56,584
年末現金及現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	1,809,191	1,671,829

第110頁至225頁的附註為該等財務報表的 組成部分。

The notes on pages 110 to 225 are an integral part of these financial statements.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

1 一般資料

本公司於2020年5月13日根據開曼群島《公司法》(第22章·1961年第3號法例·經合併及修訂)於開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司的註冊辦公室地址為PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands。

本公司是一間投資控股公司。本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事開發及商業化上市產品組合以及在其重點治療領域(包括腫瘤及重症感染)具有潛力的在研產品。

於2021年3月3日,本公司完成首次公開發售(「首次公開發售」)且其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」)上市。

除另有指明外,合併財務報表均以人 民幣(「**人民幣**」)呈列。

2 會計政策概要

擬備合併財務報表所應用的主要會計 政策載列如下。除另有指明外,已於 所有呈列年度持續應用該等政策。

1 General information

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 13 May 2020 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961 as combined and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "**Group**") are principally engaged in developing and commercializing a portfolio of marketed products as well as pipelines with potential in their focused therapeutic areas including oncology and severe infection.

The Company completed the initial public offering ("IPO") and had its shares listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("HKEx") on 3 March 2021.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), unless otherwise stated.

2 Summary of accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要

(a) 編製基準

集團公司間的公司間交易、 結餘及未變現交易收益/ 虧損於合併入賬時予以對 銷。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS Accounting Standards") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cop. 622. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at FVPL or FVOCI which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 6.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains/ losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated on consolidation.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

- 2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)
 - (a) 編製基準(續)
 - 本集團已採納的 新訂及經修訂準 則

本集團於2023年1月 1日開始的年度報告 期間應用以下新訂 及經修訂準則:

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

- 2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)
 - (a) Basis of preparation (continued)
 - New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following new and amended standards for its annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2023:

準則

於以下日期或之後開始的年度期間生效 Effective for annual periods beginning

Standards on or after

《國際財務報告準則》第17號「保險合約」	2023年1月1日
IFRS 17, "Insurance Contracts"	1 January 2023
《國際會計準則》第1號及《國際財務報告準則實務報告》第2號(修訂本)「會計政策的披露」	2023年1月1日
Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2, "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"	1 January 2023
《國際會計準則》第8號(修訂本)「會計估計的定義」	2023年1月1日
Amendments to IAS 8, "Definition of Accounting Estimates"	1 January 2023
《國際會計準則》第12號(修訂本)「與單一交易產生的資產及負債相關的遞延税項」	2023年1月1日
Amendments to IAS 12 — Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
經濟合作與發展組織支柱二規則	2023年1月1日
OECD Pillar Two Rules	1 January 2023

上述修訂對過往期間確認的金額並無任何影響,且預計不會對當前或未來期間產生重大影響。

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognized in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (a) 編製基準(續)
 - 尚未採納的新 訂準則及詮釋

已頒佈但尚未生效且本集團並無提早採納的準則、修訂及詮釋如下:

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

- 2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)
 - (a) Basis of preparation (continued)
 - New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but not yet effective and not been early adopted by the Group are as follows:

準則

於以下日期或之後開始的年度期間生效 Effective for annual periods beginning

Standards on or after

《國際會計準則》第1號(修訂本)「負債分類為流動及非流動」、「附有契諾的非流動負債」

2024年1月1日

Amendments to IAS 1, "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current", "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"

1 January 2024

《國際財務報告準則》第16號(修訂本)「銷售及售後租回的租賃負債」

2024年1月1日

Amendments to IFRS 16, "Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback"

1 January 2024

《國際會計準則》第7號及《國際財務報告準則》第7號(修訂本)「供應商融資安排」

2024年1月1日

Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, "Supplier finance arrangements"

1 January 2024

《國際財務報告準則》第10號及《國際會計準則》第28號(修訂本)「投資者與其聯營公司或合資企業之間的資產出售或注入」

待定

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, "Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture"

To be determined

董事已對新準則及修訂本進行評估,知步得出結論,這些新準則及修訂本集則及修對本生效後不會對務報。

The directors have performed assessment on the new standards and amendments, and has concluded on a preliminary basis that these new standards and amendments would not have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements when they become effective.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(b) 附屬公司

綜合

本集團內各公司間的公司 間交易、結餘及未變現交 易收益/虧損於合併入賬 時予以對銷。

(i) 業務合併

- 所轉讓資產的 公允價值
- 所收購業務的 前擁有人招致 的負債
- 本集團發行的 股本權益
- 因或有對價安 排產生的任何 資產或負債的 公允價值,及
- 附屬公司任何 先前存在的股 本權益的公允 價值。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Subsidiaries

Consolidation

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains/ losses on transactions between the companies within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

(i) Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations other than those under common control, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- fair values of the assets transferred
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business
- equity interests issued by the Group
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, and
- fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(b) 附屬公司(續)

綜合(續)

(i) 業務合併(續)

在購以或其允外團按控購淨認任業入及有於價情按公股實值於何務的承負收值況逐允權體的被非合可擔債購計除項價益可相收控併辨的,當量外購值所辨應購權過認負初日少。基或佔認比實盡程資債步的數本準按被資例體。中產及按公例集,非收產確的。中產及按公例集,非收產確的

收購相關成本於產 生時支銷。

所收控何體購超資的商低辨允直為轉購股先的日逾產差譽於認價接觸實權前股期所淨額。所資值於價質的金被權公購公乃該購淨該益院本的收值,倘收產,損實價的金被權公購公乃該購淨該益院不可允賬等業值差內。於何及購於價辨價列金務的額確被非任實收值認值作額可公會認

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Subsidiaries (continued)

Consolidation (continued)

(i) Business combinations (continued)

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognizes any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the consideration transferred, amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity, and acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognized directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(b) 附屬公司(續)

綜合(續)

(i) 業務合併(續)

倘現金對價任何部 分的結算延後,未 來應付數額會貼現 至交易日期的現值。 所採用的貼現率為 該實體的遞增借貸 率,即根據相若的 條款及條件, 向獨 立融資人獲取相似 借貸的借貸率。或 有對價分類為權益 或金融負債。分類 為金融負債的金額 其後將重新按公允 價值計量,而公允價 值變動於損益中確 認。

不會導致控制權 (ii) 變動的附屬公司 所有權權益變動 不會導致失去控制 權的非控股權益交 易入賬列作權益交 易 — 即以彼等的擁 有人身份與附屬公 司擁有人進行交易。 任何已付對價公允 價值與附屬公司資 產淨值賬面值相關 已收購部分的差額 入賬列作權益。向 非控股權益出售的 收益或虧損亦入賬 列作權益。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Subsidiaries (continued)

Consolidation (continued)

(i) Business combinations (continued)

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently re-measured to fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions — that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(b) 附屬公司(續)

綜合(續)

(iii) 出售附屬公司

若本集團不再擁有 控制權,其於該實 體的任何保留權益 按其於失去控制權 當日的公允價值重新 計量,而賬面值變 動則於損益中確認。 就保留權益其後入 賬列作聯營公司、 合資企業或金融資 產之目的而言,公允 價值為初始賬面值。 此外,先前於其他 全面收益(「其他全面 收益|)內確認與該 實體有關的任何金 額按猶如本集團已 直接出售有關資產 或負債的方式入賬。 即先前在其他全面 收益內確認的金額 重新分類至損益。

獨立財務報表

本公司獨立財務報表中於 附屬公司的投資按成本扣 除減值入賬。成本包括直 接應佔投資成本。本公司 按已收及應收股息基準入 賬附屬公司的業績。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Subsidiaries (continued)

Consolidation (continued)

(iii) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognized in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI") in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognized in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries in the separate financial statements of the Company are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(c) 無形資產

(i) 研發開支

研究活動所產生的研究開支在其產生時確認為開支。

源自開發活動的由內 部產生的無形資產, 只會在以下各項全被 證實的情況下確認:

- 技術上可完成 無形資產以供 使用:
- 管理層有意完 成及使用或出 售無形資產;
- 有能力使用或 出售無形資 產;
- 可以證明無形 資產將如何產 生可能的未來 經濟利益:
- 具有足夠技術、財務可完務可完成開發並使用發達無形資產;
- 能夠可靠地計量無形資產在開發階段應佔的開支。

於 截 至2023年 及 2022年12月31日止年 度,本集團招致的研 發開支並不符合上 述資本化原則,故 於產生時支銷。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(c) Intangible assets

(i) R&D expenditures

Research expenditure on research activities is recognized as an expense as incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development activities is recognized if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible assets so that it will be available for use;
- management intends to complete the intangible assets and use or sell it;
- there is an ability to use or sell the intangible assets:
- it can be demonstrated how the intangible assets will generate probable future economic benefits;
- adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible assets are available; and
- the expenditure attributable to the intangible assets during its development can be reliably measured.

The Group's R&D expenditures incurred did not meet the capitalization principle above and were expensed as incurred during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

截至2023年12月31日止年度

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(c) 無形資產(續)

(ii) 許可

為授權引入或收購 知識產權、化合物 及產品向第三方作 出付款(包括初始不 可退還預款、後續 里程碑付款及特許 權使用費)。預付款 及里程碑付款在產 生時資本化為無形 資產,除非該等款 項 遵 循 附 註 2.1(e)(i) 中資本化原則用於 外包研發工作。伴 隨着相關銷售所招 致的特許權使用費 於產生時支銷並計 入收入成本。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(c) Intangible assets (continued)

(ii) Licenses

Payments made to third parties to in-license or acquire intellectual property rights, compounds and products include initial non-refundable upfront payments, subsequent milestone payments and royalty payments. Upfront and milestone payments are capitalized as intangible assets when incurred, unless these payments are for outsourced R&D work which follow the capitalization principle in Note 2.1(e)(i). Royalty payments incurred along with the underlying sales are expensed as incurred and charged to cost of revenue.

Additional payments for purchase of intangible assets contingent on future events are not considered on initial recognition of the assets, but are added to the costs of the assets initially recorded when incurred, or when related liabilities are remeasured for changes in cash flows, if such payments are related to the costs of the assets.

Subsequent internal R&D expenses in relation to inlicense intellectual property rights, compounds and products are expensed unless capitalization principles are met in accordance with the accounting policy as mentioned in Note 2.1(e)(i).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(c) 無形資產(續)

(ii) 許可(續)

確認與授權引入安產引入安產有關的無形時用使用使用使用使用使用使用使用的數。 濟年期內攤銷(附註6(c))。

可供使用無形資產的估計可使用年期如下:

估計可使用年期 Estimated useful lives

sales, whichever is shorter)

—許可

— Licenses

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(c) Intangible assets (continued)

(ii) Licenses (continued)

Intangible assets associated with in-license arrangements that have an indefinite useful life or not available for use are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired (Note 2.1(d)).

Intangible assets recognized related to in-license arrangements are amortized on the straight-line basis over their useful economic lives when they become available for use (Note 6(c)).

Estimated useful lives of available for-use intangible assets are as follows:

(iii) Software

5-20 years (based on the terms of the in-license arrangements or the estimated duration of product

5至20年(基於授權引入安排期限或預計產品銷售期限(以較短者為準))

Costs incurred to acquire and bring to use of software are capitalized as intangible assets and amortized over their estimated useful lives (generally 3 years).

(iii) 軟件

軟件購置及投放使 用所涉成本將作為 無形資產予以資本 化,並在其估計可使 用年期(通常為3年) 內予以攤銷。

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(d) 非金融資產之減值

商譽及具無限可使用年期 的無形資產毋須攤銷,惟 每年須進行減值測試,或 倘有事件發生或情況變化 顯示可能出現減值,則更 頻密地進行減值測試。其 他資產於有事件發生或情 況變化顯示其賬面值可能 無法收回時進行減值檢討。 減值虧損按資產賬面值招 出其可收回金額的差額確 認。可收回金額為資產公 允價值減出售成本與使用 價值的較高者。為評估減 值,資產按可獨立識別現 金流量(現金產生單位)的 最低層級分類。倘商譽以 外的非金融資產出現減值, 則會在各報告期末就減值 可否撥回進行檢討。

(e) 投資及其他金融資產

(i) 分類

本集團將其金融資產劃分為以下計量類別:

- 一 其後將以公允 價值計量(且 其變動計入其 他全面收 或計入當期 益);及
- 將按攤銷成本 計量。

該分類取決於該實 體管理金融資產的 業務模式及現金流 量的合約期限。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(d) Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cashgenerating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

(e) Investments and other financial assets

(i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through OCI or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(e) 投資及其他金融資產 (續)

(i) 分類(續)

對量虧益對的將否作以量他投於的損或於權取在出對且全資公產計全非工於步彻不以其面行。入重持具本確銷允動益持具本確銷允動益計與實資團時擇值入股理值益期益買資團時擇值入股理計及損。賣,是已,計其權。

有關各種金融資產的詳情,請參閱附計25。

當且僅當管理該等資產的業務模式有變時,本集團方重新 分類債務投資。

(ii) 確認及終止確認

常產集當融量已轉部將融買於承確產權讓所風止產賣交諾認收利,有險確。的易買。取已本權讓所風止產配的易買。取已本權及認能與資從金滿團絕時關稅。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(e) Investments and other financial assets

(continued)

(i) Classification (continued)

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will be recorded either in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at FVOCI.

See Note 25 for details of each type of financial assets.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(e) 投資及其他金融資產

(續)

(iii) 計量

於集其以其益購應量量期的內物團公公變的該佔。且損交支步的允允動金金的以其益易銷確金價價計融融交公變的成。時資就計當產產成價計融於本本按非且損收接計計當產益

當量定具嵌入衍產僅大工現金流金及利息強力本金及利息強力。 會從有關金慮的整體作考慮。

債務工具

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(e) Investments and other financial assets

(continued)

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at FVPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Group classifies its debt instruments into the following measurement categories:

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

- 2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)
 - (e) 投資及其他金融資產

(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

攤銷成本:倘 為收取合約現 金流量而持有 的資產的現金 流量僅為支付 本金及利息, 則該等資產按 攤銷成本計 量。該等金融 資產的利息收 入按實際利率 法計入融資收 入。終止確認 產生的任何收 益或虧損直接 於損益確認, 並與外匯收益 及虧損一同於 「其他收益/ (虧損)—淨額」 內呈列。減值 虧損於合併全 面收益表以單 獨條目呈列。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

- 2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)
 - (e) Investments and other financial assets

(continued)

(iii) Measurement (continued)

Debt instruments (continued)

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection
of contractual cash flows where those cash flows
represent solely payments of principal and interest
are measured at amortized cost. Interest income
from these financial assets is included in finance
income using the effective interest rate method. Any
gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognized
directly in profit or loss and presented in "Other
gains/(losses) — net" together with foreign exchange
gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as
separate line item in the consolidated statement of
comprehensive income.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(e) 投資及其他金融資產

(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

以公允價值計 量且其變動計 入其他全面收 益: 倘為收取 合約現金流量 及出售金融資 產而持有的資 產的現金流量 僅為支付本金 及利息,則該 等資產以公允 價值計量且其 變動計入其他 全面收益。賬 面值變動計入 其他全面收 益,惟於損益 確認的減值收 益或虧損、利 息收入及匯兑 收益及虧損的 確認除外。終 **止確認金融資** 產時, 先前於 其他全面收益 確認的累計收 益或虧損由權 益重新分類至 損益,並在「其 他 收 益/(虧 損) — 淨額」內 確認。該等金 融資產的利息 收入按實際利 率法計入融資 收入。匯兑收 益及虧損於「其 他 收 益/(虧 損) — 淨額」內 呈列,而減值 開支於合併全 面收益表以單 獨條目呈列。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

- 2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)
 - (e) Investments and other financial assets

(continued)

(iii) Measurement (continued)

Debt instruments (continued)

FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in "Other gains/(losses) — net". Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in "Other gains/(losses) — net" and impairment expenses are presented as a separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(e) 投資及其他金融資產

(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

以公允價值計 量且其變動計 入當期損益: 未達攤銷成本 或以公允價值 計量月其變動 計入其他全面 收益標準的 資產以公允價 值計量且其變 動計入當期損 益。其後以公 允價值計量且 其變動計入當 期損益的債務 投資的收益或 虧損於損益確 認, 並於其產 生期間在「其 他 收 益/(虧 損)—淨額」內 呈列淨額。

權益工具

本集團其後按公允 價值計量所有股權 投資。倘本集團管 理層選擇於其他全 面收益呈列股權投 資之公允價值收益 及虧損,則於終止 確認該項投資後, 公允價值收益及虧 損其後概不重新分 類至損益。當本集 團 收 取 股 息 之 權 利 確立時,該等投資 之股息繼續於損益 中確認為「其他收 入」。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(e) Investments and other financial assets

(continued)

(iii) Measurement (continued)

Debt instruments (continued)

 FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL.
 A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognized in profit or loss and presented net within "Other gains/(losses) — net" in the period in which it arises.

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss as "Other income" when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(e) 投資及其他金融資產

(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

權益工具(續)

(iv) 抵銷金融工具

當有在法律上可強 制執行的權利抵銷 已確認金額,並有意 按淨額基準結算或 同時變現資產及結 算負債時, 金融資 產與負債可互相抵 銷,並在合併資產負 **債表內呈報其淨額。** 該項在法律上可強 制執行的權利不得 取決於未來事件而 定,且須在一般業務 禍程中以及本公司或 對手方違約、無力償 還債務或破產時執 行。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(e) Investments and other financial assets

(continued)

(iii) Measurement (continued)

Equity instruments (continued)

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognized in "Other gains/(losses) — net" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(e) 投資及其他金融資產 (續)

(v) 減值

本準本相損貿他權採租息合所乎幅集評計關,易應收購賃)約應信增團估量的包應收入返按以產用貸加按與的預括收款應點金及生減風定前按債期收款應應金及生減風定前按債期收款應應及財的值險定瞻攤務信貸項包款款應務風方是。條對工貸款及括項項收擔險法否基成具虧、其授、、利保。視大基成具虧、其授、、利保。視大

其他應收款項(包括 授權收入應收款項、 採購返點應收款項、 租賃按金及應收利息) 及應收貸款的減值 按12個月預期信貸 虧損或存續期預期 信貸虧損計量,視 乎自初步確認起是 否出現信貸風險大 幅增加。倘應收款 項的信貸風險自初 步確認以後已顯著 增加,則減值以存 續期預期信貸虧損 計量。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(e) Investments and other financial assets

(continued)

(v) Impairment

The Group assesses the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortized cost, including loan receivables, trade receivables and other receivables (including receivables from licensing income, purchase rebate receivables, rental deposits and interest receivables) on a forward-looking basis, and with the exposure arising from financial guarantee contracts. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

Impairment on other receivables (including receivables from licensing income, purchase rebate receivables, rental deposits and interest receivables) and loan receivables is measured as either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit losses, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of a receivable has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit losses.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 即期及遞延所得税

即期所得税開支或抵免指 根據各司法管轄區的稅 時期應課稅的稅款,而有關 明稅 等稅率經暫時差額及未 明稅 項虧損所致的調整 明資產及負債變動調整。

(i) 即期所得税

(ii) 遞延所得稅

遞 延 所 得 税 採 用 負 債法就資產及負債 的税基與其於合併 財務報表的賬面值 之間的暫時差額中 確認。然而,倘遞 延税項負債於商譽 初始確認時產生, 則不予確認。倘遞 延所得税因初始確 認業務合併以外交 易的資產或負債而 產生,而在交易時並 不影響會計處理及 應課税利潤或虧損, 則不會入賬。遞延 所得税採用於合併 資產負債表日之前已 頒佈或實質頒佈的 税率(及税法)釐定, 並預期在有關遞延 所得税資產變現或 遞延所得税負債結 算時適用。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(f) Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

(i) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(ii) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognized, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the consolidated balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized, or the deferred income tax liability is settled

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(ii) 遞延所得稅(續)

遞於產差假制時在能所延附生額若暫間可不得公應提集差而見撥團額暫將回除人間,以撥差有遞,以撥差有遞,以撥差有遞,以撥差有遞,以撥差有遞。

遞於產差於在足抵行延附生額暫來課暫得公可認差的確時撥稅時期 個別溢差的減性很並利額

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

- (f) Current and deferred income tax (continued)
 - (ii) Deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognized only if it is probable that future taxable profit will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(ii) 遞延所得税(續)

當制期抵税機將與體制有算及抵與有執税銷結關遞負有執意或清銷稅在行項,餘相延債在行按同償即項法的資而與關所抵法權淨時負期負律權產遞同時得銷律利額變債稅債上利與延一,稅。上抵基現時項。」與實際負所稅則資當可銷準資,資強即債得務可產實強且結產則產

即損關或認此別或認期益於直的情於直,在主接項下他於目,他於相下他於相下他於相下他於相下他於相下他於在於相下他於強面益外項面益。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

- (f) Current and deferred income tax (continued)
 - (ii) Deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred income tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in OCI or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in OCI or directly in equity, respectively.

Companies within the Group may be entitled to claim special tax deductions for investments in qualifying assets or in relation to qualifying expenditure. The Group accounts for such allowances as tax credits, which means that the allowance reduces income tax payable and current tax expense.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.1 重大會計政策概要(續)

(g) 收入確認

本集團的收入主要來源於 銷售產品。

本集團與若干分銷商達成 的合約安排包含與價格機 制有關的可變對價。倘省 招標價低於或高於參考價 (基準價),則本集團可能 欠付分銷商應付價格補償, 或應從分銷商獲得應收價 格補償。省招標價是中國 省級主管部門批准的最終 終端售價。本集團採用預 期價值法估計可變對價, 並考慮於報告日的招標價 以及最近的市場趨勢。根 據《國際財務報告準則》第 15號的原則,可變對價(不 論是應付還是應收價格補 償)在確認相關原始銷售 時予以確認。

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(a) 分部報告

經營分部的呈報方式與向主要經營決策者作出內內。 呈報的方式一致。主報的方式一致。 營決策者負責分配資源及 評估經營分部表現,並已 被認定為作出策略決策的 執行董事。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(g) Revenue recognition

The Group principally derives revenue from sales of products.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amounts receivable for goods sold, stated net of discounts, returns and value-added taxes. The Group recognizes product revenue at the point in time when the performance obligation under the terms of a contract with the customer is satisfied and control of the product has been transferred to the customer.

The Group's contractual arrangements with certain of its distributors contain variable considerations in connection with the price mechanism. If the provincial tender price is below or above a reference price (baseline price), the Group may owe price compensation payable to or is due price compensation receivable from the distributor. The provincial tender price is the ultimate end-point sales price approved by provincial authorities in China. The Group estimates the variable consideration using the expected value method and takes into consideration the tender price as at the report date as well as the recent market trend. The variable consideration (whether price compensation payable or receivable), under the principles of IFRS 15, is recognized at the time when the underlying originating sale is recognized.

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies

(a) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decisionmaker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as executive directors that makes strategic decisions.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(b) 外幣匯兑

功能及列賬貨幣 本集團每個實體的 財務資料所列項目均 以該實體營運所在 的主要經濟環境的 貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計 量。本公司及其在中 國內地境外註冊成 立的附屬公司的功 能貨幣為美元、歐 元或港元,而本公 司在中國內地成立 的附屬公司的功能 貨幣為人民幣(「人民 幣」)。由於本集團的 主要業務在中國內 地,因此本集團決 定以人民幣(除非另 有説明)呈列其合併 財務報表。

(ii) 交易及結餘

外的新算算幣及換收全幣現計為有計負算益面安定電時能交的按導虧表交明按導虧表交的按導虧表交明的資易貨年致損內股本。以資匯外合認日重換結外產率匯併。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial information of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries incorporated outside of Mainland China are USD, EUR or HKD, while the functional currencies of the Company's subsidiaries established in Mainland China are Renminbi ("RMB"). As the major business of the Group are within Mainland China, the Group determined to present its consolidated financial statements in RMB (unless otherwise stated).

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation when items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(b) 外幣匯兑(續)

(ii) 交易及結餘(續)

以外幣公允價值計 量的非貨幣項目採 用公允價值釐定之 日的匯率換算。按公 允價值計量的資產 及負債的匯兑差額 作為公允價值收益 或虧損的一部分報 告。例如,以公允價 值計量且其變動計 入當期損益的所持 權益等非貨幣資產 及負債之匯兑差額 於損益內確認為公 允價值損益之一部 分,而分類為以公允 價值計量且其變動 計入其他全面收益 的權益等非貨幣資 產之匯兑差額於其 他全面收益內確認。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances (continued)

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a net basis within "Other gains/(losses) — net".

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equities held at FVPL are recognized in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss, and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equities classified as at FVOCI are recognized in OCI.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(b) 外幣匯兑(續)

(iii) 集團成員公司

功能貨幣與呈列與 實的的所概無實體(當中概無質膨脹經濟務 到貨膨脹經濟務所 對換算為呈列貨幣) 均換算為主列貨幣 計情如下:

- 每項資產產負債負債負債負債負債負債負債人產負收款結匯產負收額投算
- 各收按換均表率的在收交率項入照算匯交的合此入易換收和平(除率易累理情和日算益支均非並日計約況支期);表出匯此不期影數下出之及的均率平代匯響,,按匯
- 所有產生的外幣匯兑差額均於其他全面收益內確認。

因產價海負換匯面收生值外債算免費,的與實別與實別的實際,會差額實別。差額與實別的其生於資本產額確認。是內職的其。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet:
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting currency translation differences are recognized in OCI.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognized in OCI.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(c) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(「物業、廠房及設備」)按歷史成本 減折舊列賬。歷史成本包 括購置有關項目的直接應 佔開支。

物業、廠房及設備的折舊 採用直線法按其估計可使 用年期將成本分攤至剩餘 價值計算,詳情如下:

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment ("**PP&E**") is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes the expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of PP&E is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

估計可使用年期 Estimated useful lives

一辦公傢俱及設備3至5年Office furniture and equipment3-5 years4年

一車輛 4年Vehicle 4 years

—租賃物業裝修 剩餘租期及資產估計可使用年期中的較短者

— Leasehold improvements Shorter of remaining term of the lease and the estimated useful lives of assets

資產的剩餘價值及可使用 年期在各報告期末進行檢 討,並在適當時調整。

若資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回金額,其賬面值即時撇減至可收回金額(附註2.1(d))。

出售物業、廠房及設備的 損益按所得款項與賬面值 的差額釐定,並在合併全 面收益表的「其他收益/ (虧損)—淨額」內確認。 The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.1(d)).

Gains and losses on disposals of PP&E are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognized in "Other gains/(losses) — net" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(d) 存貨

(e) 貿易應收款項

貿易應收款項為在日常業務過程中就銷售貨品或現 供服務應收款項一般於90天 貿易應收款項一般於90天 內到期結算,因此全數分 類為流動款項。

(f) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金 、金融機構通已知 頭現全 、金融機構通已知 頭現金 且價值變動風險 類現金 且價值變動風險或則限在三個月短 大的其他高流動性的短期 投資。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(d) Inventories

Inventories, mainly consisting of raw materials, work in progress and finished goods, are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises amounts related to direct materials, direct labor and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(e) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement within 90 days and therefore all classified as current.

Trade receivables are recognized initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognized at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Details about the Group's impairment policies and the calculation of the loss allowance are disclosed in Note 2.1(e).

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(g) 股本

普通股分類為權益。

因發行新股份而直接遞增 的成本,於扣除稅項後於 權益中列賬為所得款項的 減項。

(h) 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項初步 按公允價值確認,其後採 用實際利率法按攤銷成本 計量。

(i) 借款

借款最初乃按公允價值(扣 除已產生的交易成本)確 認。借款其後按攤銷成本 計量。如扣除交易成本之 後的所得款項與贖回金額 之間出現任何差額,則於 借款期內以實際利率法在 損益內確認。就設立貸款 融通支付的費用乃確認為 貸款交易成本,惟以將可 能提取部分或全部融資額 為限。在此情況下,該費 用將遞延至提取貸款時。 倘無證據顯示可能提取部 分或全部融資額,該費用 將撥充資本作為流動資金 服務的預付款項,並於其 相關融資額年期內攤銷。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(g) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(h) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

(i) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要 (續)

(i) 借款(續)

除非本集團有權無條件將 負債結算日期遞延至報告 期結束後至少12個月,否 則借款會分類為流動負債。

(i) 借款成本

尚未用於合資格資產的特定借款作臨時投資所賺取的投資收入,自合資格撥充資本的借款成本中扣除。

其他借款成本將於其產生期間支銷。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(i) Borrowings (continued)

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, canceled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any noncash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss as other income or finance costs.

Where the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated and the entity issues equity instruments to a creditor to extinguish all or part of the liability (debt for equity swap), a gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss, which is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability and the fair value of the equity instruments issued.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

(j) Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings, pending their expenditure on qualifying assets, is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(k) 財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約在擔保發出 時確認為金融負債。該負 債初始按公允價值計量, 其後則按下列兩者中的較 高者計量:

- 按《國際財務報告準則》第9號金融工具的預期信貸虧損模式釐定的金額:及
- 初始確認的金額減去 (如適用)按《國際財 務報告準則》第15號 客戶合約收入原則 確認的累計收入金額。

財務擔保公允價值根據債務工具規定的合約付款與並無該擔保所需的付款之間的現金流量差異的現值,或就承擔該債務應付予第三方的估計金額釐定。

若無償提供與聯營公司貸款或其他應付款項相關之 擔保,則公允價值入賬列 作出資並確認為投資成本 之一部分。

(1) 股息分派

本公司就於報告期末或之前已宣派但於報告期末並未分派之任何股息金額(已經適當授權及不再由本公司及其附屬公司酌情決定)作出撥備。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(k) Financial guarantee contract

Financial guarantee contract is recognized as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued. The liability is initially measured at fair value and subsequently at the higher of:

- the amount determined in accordance with the expected credit loss model under IFRS 9 — Financial Instruments and
- the amount initially recognized less, where appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognized in accordance with the principles of IFRS 15 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The fair value of financial guarantees is determined based on the present value of the difference in cash flows between the contractual payments required under the debt instrument and the payments that would be required without the guarantee, or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.

Where guarantees in relation to loans or other payables of associates are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognized as part of the cost of the investment.

(I) Dividend distribution

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorized and no longer at the discretion of the Company and its subsidiaries, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(m) 僱員福利

(i) 短期責任

(ii) 退休金責任

本集團在中國內地 經營的附屬公司須 按照相關規則及法 規向當地有關政府 部門管理的員工狠 休計劃供款。有關 計劃的供款於產生 時計入合併全面收 益表。一旦本集團已 按照相關規則及法 規支付供款,本集團 即無支付額外供款 的法定或推定責任。 當地有關政府部門 負責應付退休僱員 的所有退休計劃責 任。向該等計劃作 出的供款會即時歸 屬。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(m) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the consolidated balance sheet.

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group's subsidiaries operating in Mainland China have to make contribution to staff retirement schemes managed by local government authorities in accordance with the relevant rules and regulations. Contributions to these schemes are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as and when incurred. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions once the contributions are paid by the Group in compliance with the relevant rules and regulations. The local government authorities are responsible for the entire retirement scheme obligations payable to the retired employees. Contributions made to these schemes vest immediately.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(m) 僱員福利(續)

(ii) 退休金責任(續)

本參計計金立持團須本後任性款集與劃劃計受有於每集即。公於團強(「強。的人本港向於其集金時已性性性獨資管團的劃支他團計支他團計支他團計支他團計支他團計支他團計支他團計支地屬計支地國計支地方在公公性產理及僱供付付對劃對

(iii) 住房公積金、醫 療保險及其他社 會保險

本集團於中國內地 的僱員有權參與多 項由政府監管的住 房公積金、醫療保 險及其他社會保險 計劃。本集團每月按 照僱員薪金的若干 百分比,向此等基金 供款,具一定上限。 本集團就此等基金 承擔的負債,以各年 度應付的供款為限。 住房公積金、醫療 保險及其他社會保 險的供款於產生時 支銷。

(iv) 僱員應享假期

僱僱確員日年出的確式員員認直提假撥病認休應。至供的備假,假事養本資服估。及直提假撥病試休假期就債產養務計僱產至止年假團負而負員假僱產至止。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(m) Employee benefits (continued)

(ii) Pension obligations (continued)

The Group also participates in the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held in a separate trustee-administered fund. Both the Group and the employees employed by the Group in Hong Kong are required to contribute to the scheme monthly. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The Group's contributions to the MPF Scheme are expensed as incurred.

(iii) Housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurances

Employees of the Group in Mainland China are entitled to participate in various government-supervised housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurance plan. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these funds based on certain percentages of the salaries of the employees, subject to certain ceiling. The Group's liability in respect of these funds is limited to the contributions payable in each year. Contributions to the housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurances are expensed as incurred.

(iv) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognized when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognized until the time of leave.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(m) 僱員福利(續)

(v) 獎金計劃

預集提獎定務確計一算額期團供金的能認劃年時計獎現的產債夠為的內預量 成就務法,靠債債 償支成就務法,靠債債 償支本因而定且估。預,付在僱支或該計獎期按的

(vi) 離職福利

職福利於本集團在 正常退休日前終止聘 用僱員或僱員接受 自願離職以換取該 等福利時支付。本 集團按以下日期(以 較早者為準)確認離 職福利:(a)於本集團 不再取消提供該等 福利時;及(b)本集團 確認屬《國際會計準 則》第37號範疇內及 涉及離職福利付款 的有關重組成本時。 在提出要約以鼓勵 自願離職的情況下, 離職福利乃根據預 期接受要約的僱員 人數計量。在報告 期末後超過12個月到 期支付的福利應貼 現為現值。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(m) Employee benefits (continued)

(v) Bonus plans

The expected cost of bonuses is recognized as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation for payment of bonus as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Liabilities for bonus plans are expected to be settled within 1 year and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

(vi) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognizes termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the Group recognizes costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of IAS 37 and involves the payment of terminations benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to present value.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要 (續)

(n) 以股份為基礎的付款

就授予僱員的受限制股份單位及期權而言,支銷的總金額乃經參考所授出權益工具(受限制股份單位及期權)的公允價值釐定:

- 包括任何市場表現 條件;
- 不包括任何服務及 非市場表現歸屬條 件的影響;及
- 包括任何非歸屬條 件的影響。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(n) Share-based payments

The Group operates share incentive plan, under which it receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (restricted shares units ("RSUs") and options) of the Company. The fair value of the services received in exchange for the grant of the equity instruments is recognized as an expense in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income with a corresponding increase in equity.

The fair values of share options granted are measured on the respective grant dates based on the fair value of the underlying shares. In addition, the Group is required to estimate the expected percentage of grantees that will remain in employment with the Group or, where applicable, if the performance conditions for vesting will be met at the end of the vesting period. The Group only recognizes an expense for those equity instruments expected to vest over the vesting period during which the grantees become unconditionally entitled to these share-based awards.

In terms of the RSUs and options awarded to employees, the total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of equity instruments (RSUs and options) granted:

- including any market performance conditions;
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions; and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions.

Non-marketing performance and service conditions are included in calculation of the number of RSUs and options that are expected to vest. The total amount expensed is recognized over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(n) 以股份為基礎的付款 (續)

在某些情況下,僱員或會 於授出日期前提供相關 務,因此會估計授出日期 的公允價值以確認於服務 開始至授出日期的期內開 支。

本公司於期權獲行使時發 行新普通股。所收取的所 得款項在扣除任何直接應 佔交易成本後撥入股本及 股份溢價。

(o) 每股盈利

- (i) 每股基本盈利 每股基本盈利按以 下方式計算:
 - 本公司擁有人不 應佔利潤,股 包括普通股股 外的服股權 之任何成本

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(n) Share-based payments (continued)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of RSUs and options that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing performance and service conditions. It recognizes the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

In some circumstances, employees may provide services in advance of the grant date and therefore the grant date fair value is estimated for the purposes of recognizing the expense during the period between service commencement period and grant date.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new ordinary shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital and share premium.

(o) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(o) 每股盈利(續)

(ii) 每股攤薄盈利

每股攤薄盈利透過 計及下列後調整於 釐定每股基本盈利 所用的數字而計算:

- 一 利息的所得税 後影響產在 與具應之 強關之 有關之 本:及
- 一 假設悉數轉換 具潛在攤雞內 應之普通股的 發行在股股 外普通數。 權平均數。

(p) 租賃

本集團作為承租人租賃辦公室及樓宇。租約一般按 1至3年的固定年期訂立, 不設重續權。租賃條款按 個別基準協商且包含多項 不同條款及條件。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(o) Earnings per share (continued)

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(p) Leases

The Group leases office and buildings as lessee. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 3 years with no extension option. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.

Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is amortized over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(p) 租賃(續)

租賃產生的資產及負債初 步以現值進行計量。租賃 負債包括下列租賃付款的 淨現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質 固定付款),扣除應 收的租賃優惠
- 基於指數或比率的 可變租賃付款
- 剩餘價值擔保下承租人預計應付的金額
- 採購權的行使價(倘 承租人合理地確定 行使該權利);及
- 終止租賃的罰款金額 (倘租賃期反映承租 人將行使該權利)。

使用權資產按照成本計量, 包括以下項目:

- 租賃負債初始計量 金額
- 在開始日或之前支付的任何租賃付款, 扣除所得任何租賃 優惠
- 任何初始直接成本; 及
- 修復成本。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(p) Leases (continued)

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- $\bullet \qquad \text{the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability} \\$
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(p) 租賃(續)

如可確定租賃內隱含利率, 則租賃付款按照該利率貼 現,或按照本集團的增量 借款利率貼現。

與短期租賃相關的付款按 直線法於損益確認為開支。 短期租賃指租賃期為12個 月或以下的租賃及截至初 始採納《國際財務報告準則》 第16號之日剩餘12個月或 以下的租賃。

使用權資產及租賃負債在 合併資產負債表內分開呈 列。

(a) 政府補助

倘能合理保證將會收到政府的補助且本集團符合所 有規定條件時,政府補助 按其公允價值確認。

與成本有關的政府補助予 以遞延,並在須將其與擬 補償成本配對的期間內於 損益確認。

與物業、廠房及設備有關的政府補助以遞延收入計入非流動負債,並在相關資產預期可使用年期內以直線法計入損益。

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(p) Leases (continued)

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be determined, or the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Payments associated with short-term leases are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less and leases with a remaining term of 12 months or less as of the date of initial adoption of IFRS 16.

The right-of-use assets and the lease liabilities are present separately on the consolidated balance sheet.

Lease transaction is considered as a single transaction in which the asset and liability are integrally linked, there is no net temporary difference recognition at inception. Subsequently, as differences arise on settlement of the liability and the amortization of the leased asset, there will be a net temporary difference on which deferred tax is recognized. The Group's deferred tax balances related to lease transactions were minimal as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

(g) Government grants

Grants from the government are recognized at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and the Group will comply with all required conditions

Government grants related to costs are deferred and recognized in profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants related to PP&E are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 會計政策概要(續)

2.2 其他潛在重大會計政策概要

(r) 利息收入

利息收入通過對金融資產(惟隨後發生信用減值的金融資產除外)的賬算會的賬用實際利率計算資產的總對於信用減值的金融該資產的賬面淨值(扣除虧資產的賬面淨值(扣除虧損撥備後)。

出於現金管理目的而持有 的金融資產的利息收入列 示為融資收入。任何其他 利息收入均計入其他收入。

3 金融風險管理

3.1 金融風險因素

2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

(r) Interest income

Interest income from financial assets at FVPL is included in the net fair value gains/(losses) on these assets. Interest income on financial assets at amortized cost and financial assets at FVOCI calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of other income.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Interest income is presented as finance income where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes. Any other interest income is included in other income.

3 Financial risk management

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The overall risk management program of the Group focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on financial performance of the Group.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

本公司的交易以功能 貨幣美元計值及結 算。本集團在開曼群 島及香港的附屬公 司面臨若干貨幣敞口 (主要與人民幣有關) 引致的外匯風險。 外匯風險主要與本 公司於開曼群島註 冊成立的附屬公司 在從業務合作夥伴 收取或將收取外幣, 或向業務合作夥伴 支付或將支付外幣 時的已確認資產及 自 信 有 關 。 本 集 團 面 臨外匯風險的主要 金融資產及負債主 要為以人民幣計量 的現金及現金等價 物及貿易應收款項, 分別披露於附註24 及附註22。

對於本集團功能貨 幣為美元的附屬公司 而言,倘人民幣兑美 元升值/貶值5%, 而所有其他變量保 持不變,主要因換 算以人民幣計值之 貨幣資產淨額的外 匯收益或虧損淨額 對 截 至2023年12月 31日止年度的所得税 前利潤的影響將增 加/減少約人民幣 101,345,000元(2022 年:增加/減少人民 幣61,302,000元)。

3 Financial risk management (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The transactions of the Company are denominated and settled in its functional currency, USD. The Group's subsidiaries in the Cayman Islands and Hong Kong are exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to RMB. Foreign exchange risk primarily arose from recognized assets and liabilities in the Company's subsidiaries incorporated in the Cayman Islands when receiving or to receive foreign currencies from, or paying or to pay foreign currencies to business partners. The Group's major financial assets and liabilities exposed to foreign exchange risk are mainly cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables in RMB which are disclosed in Note 24 and Note 22, respectively.

For the Group's subsidiaries whose functional currency is USD, if RMB had strengthened/weakened by 5% against USD with all other variables held constant, the impacts on the profit before income tax for the year ended 31 December 2023 would have been approximately RMB101,345,000 higher/lower (2022: RMB61,302,000 higher/lower), mainly as a result of net foreign exchange gains or losses on translation of net monetary assets denominated in RMB.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險

本集團的利借 2020年6月30), 新一個 1000年6月30), 1000年6月30 , 1000年6

倘按浮動利率計息的借款的利率上升/下降50個基點,則截至2023年12月31日止年度的所得税前利潤將減少/增加約人民幣3,713,000元(2022年:減少/增加人民幣5,829,000元)。

(b) 信貸風險

本集團所面臨的信貸風險 與其現金及現金等價物、 貿易應收款項、其他應收 款項(包括授權收入應收 款項、採購返點應收款項、 租賃按金及應收利息)、 應收貸款及財務擔保合約 有關。現金及現金等價物、 貿易應收款項、其他應收 款項(包括授權收入應收 款項、採購返點應收款項、 租賃按金及應收利息)、應 收貸款及財務擔保合約的 賬面值代表本集團所面臨 與金融資產有關的最大信 貸風險敞口。於截至2023 年 及2022年12月31日 止 年 度,本集團並無任何重大 信貸虧損。

3 Financial risk management (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risks arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings obtained in June 2020 (Note 30) at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash held at variable rates

If the interest rate of borrowings with floating rate had been 50 basis points higher/lower, the profit before income tax for the year ended 31 December 2023 would have been approximately RMB3,713,000 lower/higher (2022: RMB5,829,000 lower/higher).

(b) Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk in relation to its cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other receivables (including receivables from licensing income, purchase rebate receivables, rental deposits and interest receivables), loan receivables and financial guarantee contracts. The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other receivables (including receivables from licensing income, purchase rebate receivables, rental deposits and interest receivables), loan receivables and financial guarantee contracts represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets. The Group did not record any significant credit losses during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(i) 現金及現金等價 物的信貸風險

(ii) 貿易應收款項的 信貸風險

本務的期法款期量貿於衛期無利以關係。 新頭馬斯夫損貿存備資訊應同期應同期應同期應同期應同期應同期, 易續。 虧項風期分別, 數十, 易續。 虧項風期, 對號預方收預計, 基特。

預產少售期史史以償宏前或不期負債個款經貸失映收經前場長日期況的損行變率影款濟瞻環化率期間以相。調客能素資的於前的及應對整戶力的料重於前的及應對整戶力的料重資至銷此歷歷,清的當,大

於2023年及2022年12 月31日,由於貿易應 收款項被視為具有 低信貸風險,故預 期信貸虧損極小。

3 Financial risk management (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(i) Credit risk of cash and cash equivalents

To manage this risk arising from cash and cash equivalents, they are mainly placed with banks with high credit rating. There has been no recent history of default in relation to these financial institutions. The expected credit loss is close to zero.

(ii) Credit risk of trade receivables

The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivable has been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of at least 24 months before the balance sheet date and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables, or significant adverse changes in the market environment.

The expected credit loss was minimal at 31 December 2023 and 2022 as the trade receivables were considered to be of low credit risk.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

3 金融風險管理(續)

- 3.1 金融風險因素(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險(續)
 - (ii) 貿易應收款項的 信貸風險(續)

於2023年12月31日, 本集團約90%(2022 年:84%)的貿易應 收款項來自一間大 型國有控股藥品分 銷商的附屬公司(「客 戶A」)。

本集團客戶獲授的 信貸期通常不超過 90天,其信貸質量 會基於客戶財務狀 況、過往經驗等因 素評估。鑒於應收 客戶款項的收款紀 錄良好,管理層認 為本集團應收客戶 未償還貿易應收款 項結餘的信貸風險 並不重大。本集團在 計量預期信貸虧損 時已計及相關前瞻性 因素的影響,並確 定 於2023年 及2022 年12月31日的預期信 貸虧損仍屬極小。

3 Financial risk management (continued)

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)
 - (b) Credit risk (continued)
 - (ii) Credit risk of trade receivables (continued)

As at 31 December 2023 approximately 90% (2022: 84%) of the Group's trade receivables were due from a subsidiary of a sizeable state-controlled pharmaceutical product distributor ("**Customer A**").

The credit period granted to the Group's customers is usually no more than 90 days and the credit quality of these customers is assessed based on the financial positions of the customers, past experience and other factors. In view of the sound collection history of receivables due from the customers, management believes that the credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding trade receivables balances due from the customers is not significant. The Group considered the impact of related forward-looking factors to measure expected credit losses, and determined that the expected credit loss remained to be minimal as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

3 金融風險管理(續)

客戶A

- 3.1 金融風險因素(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險(續)
 - (ii) 貿易應收款項的 信貸風險(續)

下表概述結餘大於 貿易應收款項10%的 客戶:

Customer A

3 Financial risk management (continued)

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)
 - (b) Credit risk (continued)
 - (ii) Credit risk of trade receivables (continued)

The following table summarized customers with balances greater than 10% of trade receivables:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

21/	
2023 2023年	2022 2022年
2023 +	2022+
90%	84%

(iii) 其他按攤銷成本 計量的金融資產 的信貸風險

> 其他按攤銷成本計 量的金融資產主要 包括定期存款、授 權收入應收款項、 採購返點應收款項、 和賃按金及應收利 息。本集團在初始 確認資產時考慮違 約的可能性,亦於 截 至2023年 及2022 年12月31日止年度持 續評估信貸風險是 否會顯著增加。在 評估信貸風險是否 顯著增加時,本集團 將報告日期資產發 生違約的風險與初 始確認日期發生違 約的風險進行比較。 尤其會計及以下指 標:

(iii) Credit risk of other financial assets at amortized cost

Other financial assets at amortized cost mainly comprise time deposits, receivables from licensing income, purchase rebate receivables, rental deposits and interest receivables. The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group compares risk of a default occurring on the assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

 actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counter party's ability to meet its obligations;

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

3 金融風險管理(續)

- 3.1 金融風險因素(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險(續)
 - (iii) 其他按攤銷成本 計量的金融資產 的信貸風險(續)
 - 對手方的經營 業績實際或預 期發生重大變 動:
 - 對手方預期表 現及行為發動 重大變動,付款 括對手方付款 情況的變動。

於2023年12月31日, 自初始確認後 自初始雖無顯著本本等 (2022年:零)。該本本第 連資產於未來12個 開內的預期信 損並不重大。

3 Financial risk management (continued)

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)
 - (b) Credit risk (continued)
 - (iii) Credit risk of other financial assets at amortized cost (continued)
 - actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counter party;
 - significant changes in the expected performance and behavior of the counter party, including changes in the payment status of the counter party.

The credit risk on time deposits is limited because deposits are in banks with sound credit ratings and management does not expect any loss from non-performance by these counterparties.

As at 31 December 2023, there was no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition (2022: nil). The Group assessed that the expected credit losses for these financial assets within the next 12 months are not material.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險

本集團持有的現金及現金 等價物、貿易應收款項別 其他流動資產(不包括預 付款項)預計可隨時為管 理流動資金風險產生現金 流入。

於2023年12月31日,本集團的流動資產淨值為人民幣2,748,863,000元(2022年:人民幣2,709,055,000元)。考慮到預期經營擴重的於及支出團歷經濟量的能力,久量以及支出數值,不免量少數有足夠的現金流動資金風險。

3 Financial risk management (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through adequate committed credit facilities. The Group's primary cash requirements are for payments for acquisition of license arrangements, purchases of inventories, payments for operating expenses, capital injections into subsidiaries, and unexpected cash outflow due to other unforeseen crisis.

To manage the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group expects to fund its future cash flow needs through a combination of cash generated from operating activities, the net proceeds received from the global offering of the Company and other funds raised from the capital markets from time to time.

The cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and other current assets (excluding prepayments) held by the Group are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had net current assets of RMB2,748,863,000 (2022: RMB2,709,055,000). With the consideration of anticipated operation cash inflows, and the ability of adjusting the pace of its operation expansion and expenditures, the directors are of the opinion that the Group has sufficient cash flows in the near future to manage the liquidity risks.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyzes the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

		1年以內 Less than 1 year 人民幣千元 RMB'000	1至2年 Between 1 and 2 years 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2至5年 Between 2 and 5 years 人民幣千元 RMB'000	5年以上 More than 5 years 人民幣千元 RMB'000	合計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
N						
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023					
貿易及其他應付款項	Trade and other payables (excluding					
(不包括應付薪金及花紅)	salaries and bonus payables)	469,978	_	_	_	469,978
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	13,636	9,912	10,862	_	34,410
		483,614	9,912	10,862	_	504,388
於2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022					
貿易及其他應付款項	Trade and other payables (excluding					
(不包括應付薪金及花紅)	salaries and bonus payables)	279,966	_	_	_	279,966
借款	Borrowings	445,461	430,815	_	_	876,276
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	12,850	6,322	1,304	_	20,476
		738,277	437,137	1,304	_	1,176,718

於2023年及2022年12月31日, 本集團並無衍生金融負債。 As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group did not have derivative financial liability.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

4 資本管理

本集團的資本管理目標是保障本集團 能持續經營,以為股東提供回報及為 其他利益相關者提供利益,同時維持 最佳資本結構以降低資本成本。

本集團將其資本結構視為總股本及長期債務總額減去現金及現金等價物。 本集團對其資本結構進行管理及調整, 以在最大化股東回報以外,獲得可可 資金支持董事擬從事的業務活動。 事並不就管理制定資本回報量化標準, 而是依靠本集團管理層的專業知識以 維持未來的業務發展。

為開展當前運營及支付行政成本,本集團將投入其現有營運資金,並根據需要籌集額外款項。本集團會持續審查其資本管理方法,而鑒於本集團的相對規模,其認為該方法屬合理。

5 公允價值估計

下表根據用於計量公允價值的估值技術的輸入參數的層級,分析本集團截至各資產負債表日按公允價值入賬的金融工具。該等輸入參數按照公允價值層級歸類為如下三個層級:

- 相同資產或負債在活躍市場的報價(未經調整)(第一層級);
- 該資產或負債直接(即價格)或 間接(即源自價格)可觀察的除列 入第一層級之報價以外的輸入 參數(第二層級):及
- 並非依據可觀察市場數據的資產或負債的輸入參數(即非可觀察輸入參數)(第三層級)。

4 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group considers its capital structure as the aggregate of total equity and long-term debt less cash and cash equivalents. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in order to have funds available to support the business activities which the directors intend to pursue in addition to maximizing the return to shareholders. The directors do not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Group's management to sustain future development of the business.

In order to carry out current operations and pay for administrative costs, the Group will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Group reviews its capital management approach on an on-going basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Group, is reasonable.

5 Fair value estimation

The table below analyzes the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value as of each balance sheet date, by level of the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorized into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

5 公允價值估計(續)

下表列示於2023年及2022年12月31日按公允價值計量之本集團資產:

5 Fair value estimation (continued)

The following table presents the Group's assets that are measured at fair value as at 31 December 2023 and 2022:

		第一層級 Level 1 人民幣千元 RMB'000	第二層級 Level 2 人民幣千元 RMB'000	第三層級 Level 3 人民幣千元 RMB'000	合計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於2023年12月31日	As at 31 December 2023				
以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融資產一流動一結構性存款(附註26)	Financial assets at FVPL — Current_ transferable certificate of deposits (Note 26)	_	_	187,476	187,476
以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的 金融資產一非流動一股權投資(附註26) 以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融	Financial assets at FVOCI — Non-Current_ equity investments (Note 26) Financial assets at FVPL — Non-Current_	57,025	-	49,579	106,604
資產 — 非流動 — 股權投資(附註26)	equity investments (Note 26)	24		4,009	4,033
		57,049	_	241,064	298,113
於2022年12月31日	As at 31 December 2022				
以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融	Financial assets at FVPL — Current_				
資產 — 流動 — 結構性存款(附註26) 以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融	structured deposits (Note 26) Financial assets at FVPL — Current	_	141,000	_	141,000
資產一流動一可轉讓存款證(附註26)	transferable certificate of deposits (Note 26)	_	_	61,701	61,701
以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的	Financial assets at FVOCI — Non-Current_				
金融資產 — 非流動 — 股權投資(附註26) 以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融	equity investments (Note 26) Financial assets at FVPL — Non-Current	74,543	_	48,752	123,295
資產 — 非流動 — 股權投資(附註26)	equity investments (Note 26)	1,106	_	3,952	5,058
以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融	Financial assets at FVPL — Non-Current_	,		,	
資產 — 非流動 — 債務投資(附註26)	debt investments (Note 26)	_	_	14,748	14,748
		75,649	141,000	129,153	345,802

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

5 公允價值估計(續)

(a) 在第一層級內的金融工具

(b) 在第二層級內的金融工具

(c) 在第三層級內的金融工具

如一項或多項重大輸入參數並非根據可觀察市場數據,則該金融工具列入第三層級。即非上市股本證券及環境、社會及管治風險引致重大不可察觀調整的工具。

用以估值金融工具的特定估值技術包括:

- 同類型工具的市場報價或 交易商報價;
- 貼現現金流量模型及不可 觀察輸入參數,主要包括 預期未來現金流量及貼現 率假設;及
- 可觀察及不可觀察的輸入 參數之組合,包括無風險 利率及預期波幅等。

5 Fair value estimation (continued)

(a) Financial instruments in level 1

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at each of the reporting dates. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. The quoted market price incorporates the market's assumptions with respect to changes in economic climate such as rising interest rates and inflation, as well as changes due to ESG risk. These instruments are included in level 1.

(b) Financial instruments in level 2

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

(c) Financial instruments in level 3

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities and for instruments where ESG risk gives rise to a significant unobservable adjustment.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments;
- Discounted cash flow model and unobservable inputs mainly including assumptions of expected future cash flows and discount rate; and
- A combination of observable and unobservable inputs, including risk-free rate and expected volatility, etc.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

5 公允價值估計(續)

(c) 在第三層級內的金融工具(續)

本集團資產及負債的第三層級 工具包括以公允價值計量且及 數計入損益之長期股本計 務投資以及公允價值計量 其 變動計入其他全面收益的 期股權投資(附註26)。

下表呈列截至2023年及2022年 12月31日止年度以公允價值計量 且其變動計入損益之長期債務 投資的第三層級工具變動。

5 Fair value estimation (continued)

(c) Financial instruments in level 3 (continued)

Level 3 instruments of the Group's assets and liabilities include long-term equity and debt investments measured at FVPL and long-term equity investment measured at FVOCI (Note 26).

The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments of long-term debt investments measured at FVPL for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
年初	At beginning of the year	14,748	90,039
公允價值變動	Changes in fair value	(15,036)	(74,179)
債務投資到期	Maturity of a debt investment	_	(6,359)
匯兑差額	Exchange differences	288	5,247
年末	At the end of the year	_	14,748

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

5 公允價值估計(續)

(c) 在第三層級內的金融工具(續)

下表呈列截至2023年及2022年 12月31日止年度以公允價值計量 且其變動計入當期損益之存款 證的第三層級工具變動。

5 Fair value estimation (continued)

(c) Financial instruments in level 3 (continued)

The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments of certificate of deposits measured at FVPL for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於年初	At beginning of the year	61,701	10,005
添置	Addition	134,000	50,000
公允價值變動	Changes in fair value	2,080	2,042
收取的所得款項	Proceeds received	(10,305)	(346)
年末	At the end of the year	187,476	61,701

下表呈列截至2023年及2022年 12月31日止年度以公允價值計量 且其變動計入其他全面收益之 股權投資的第三層級工具變動。 The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments of equity investment measured at FVOCI for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

	2023年	2022年
	2023	2022
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000
於年初 At beginning of the year	48,752	44,630
匯兑差額 Exchange differences	827	4,122
年末 At the end of the year	49,579	48,752

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

5 公允價值估計(續)

(c) 在第三層級內的金融工具(續)

下表呈列截至2023年及2022年 12月31日止年度以公允價值計量 且其變動計入當期損益之股權 投資的第三層級工具變動。

5 Fair value estimation (continued)

(c) Financial instruments in level 3 (continued)

The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments of equity investment measured at FVPL for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於年初	At beginning of the year	3,952	_
添置	Addition	<u> </u>	3,588
匯兑差額	Exchange differences	57	364
年末	At the end of the year	4,009	3,952

附註:

鑑於經濟環境的變動,本集團進一步評估層級間轉移的需要,並考慮若干工具價值相關的因素是否存在缺乏可觀察資料。

截至截至2023年及2022年12月31 日止年度,公允價值層級分類的 第一層級、第二層級及第三層級 之間並無轉移。

本集團為進行財務申報設有管理第三層級工具估值的團隊。該團隊根據具體情況管理有關發的估值工作,至少每年一次使用估值技術釐定本集團第三層級工具的公允價值,必要時還會委聘外部估值專家參與。

Note:

The Group further assessed the need for transfers between levels in the hierarchy given the changes in economic conditions and considering whether a lack of observable information existed for factors relevant to the value of certain instruments.

There were no transfers between level 1, 2 and 3 of fair value hierarchy classifications during the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022

The Group has a team that manages the valuation of level 3 instruments for financial reporting purposes. The team manages the valuation exercise of the investments on a case by case basis. At least once every year, the team would use valuation techniques to determine the fair value of the Group's level 3 instruments. External valuation experts are involved when necessary.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

5 公允價值估計(續)

(c) 在第三層級內的金融工具(續)

下表概 述有關經常性第三層級公允價值計量所用重大不可觀察輸入參數的量化資料。

5 Fair value estimation (continued)

(c) Financial instruments in level 3 (continued)

The valuation of the level 3 instruments mainly included long-term debt investments measured at FVPL in unlisted companies (Note 26), a long-term equity investment measured at FVPL in an unlisted company (Note 26), short-term investments measured at FVPL (Note 26) and equity investments measured at FVOCI (Note 26). As these instruments are not traded in an active market, their fair values have been determined by using various applicable valuation techniques, including discounted cash flows approach etc.

The following table summarizes the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in recurring level 3 fair value measurements.

概述	公允價值的	於12月31日	不可觀察輸入數據	輸入參 於 12 月		不可觀察輸入參數與公允價 值的關係 Relationship of
Description		alue at ember	Unobservable inputs	Range o 31 Dec	•	unobservable inputs to fair value
	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB′000	2022年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000		2023年 2023	2022年 2022	
以公允價值計量且其變動計入 當期損益的債務投資 Debt investments measured at FVPL	-	14,748	預期波幅 Expected volatility	不適用 N/A	47.30%	預期波幅越高, 公允價值越低 The higher the expected volatility, the lower the fair value
以公允價值計量且其變動計入 當期損益的可轉讓存款證 Transferable certificate of deposits measured at FVPL	187,476	61,701	貼現率 Discount rate	3.05%-3.55%	3.36%-3.55%	貼現率越高, 公允價值越低 The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

5 公允價值估計(續)

(c) 在第三層級內的金融工具(續)

倘預期波幅下降/上升5%而所有其他變量保持不變,截至2022年12月31日,以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的債務投資的公允價值將增加/減少約人民幣8.260元。

倘預期貼現率下降/上升5%而所有其他變量保持不變,截至2023年12月31日,以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的可轉讓存款證的公允價值將減少/增加約人民幣272,000元(2022年:減少/增加約人民幣174,000元)。

以下不可觀察輸入數據的金融 工具並無計入上並披露:

- 一 以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的股權投資基於最近交易價格的校準或未經調整的投資成本估值為人民幣49,579,000元(2022年:人民幣48,752,000元)。
- 一 以公允價值計量且其變動 計入當期損益的股權投資 基於對近期交易價格的校 準或未經調整的投資成本 進行估值,價值為人民幣 4,009,000元(2022年: 人 民幣3.952,000元)。

本集團已考慮被投資方的業務 營運及市場環境,並認為自投資 日期起並無重大公允價值變動 的證據。

5 Fair value estimation (continued)

(c) Financial instruments in level 3 (continued)

If the expected volatility had decreased/increased by 5% with all other variables held constant, the fair value of debt investments measured at FVPL would have been increased/decreased by approximately RMB8,260 as of 31 December 2022.

If the discount rate had decreased/increased by 5% with all other variables held constant, the fair value of transferable certificate of deposits measured at FVPL would have been increased/decreased by approximately RMB272,000 as of 31 December 2023 (2022: increased/decreased by approximately RMB174,000).

The following financial instruments with unobservable inputs are not included in the above disclosure:

- An equity investment measured at FVOCI is valued based on calibration to recent transaction prices or investment cost without adjustment amounted to RMB49,579,000 (2022: RMB48,752,000).
- An equity investment measured at FVPL is valued based on calibration to recent transaction prices or investment cost without adjustment amounted to RMB4,009,000 (2022: RMB3,952,000).

The Group has considered investees' business operations and market environments, and concluded there is no evidence of significant fair value changes since the investment date.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets that are not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, and other financial assets at amortized cost, and the Group's financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value, including trade and other payables and lease liabilities, approximate their fair values due to short maturities or the interest rates are close to the market interest rates.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

6 重大會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷會根據過往經驗及其他因素(包括預期在有關情況下相信會合理發生的未來事件)而持續評估。

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。按定義,所產生的會計估計大多有別於相關實際結果。於下個財政年度有重大風險造成資產與負債賬面值重大調整的估計和假設於下文闡述。

(a) 與授權安排相關的無形資產 減值

具無限使用年期或的或無限使用年期或的或無關便用年期就,或無關於不可使資事性,可使資事性,可能不知,可能不可能,可能不可能,可能不可能,可能不可能,可能不可能,可能不可能,可能不可能,可能不可能,可能不可能,可能不可能,可能不可能,可能不可能,可能不可能。

(b) 計量的公允價值

6 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(a) Impairment of intangible assets associated with license arrangements

Intangible assets associated with license arrangements that have an indefinite useful life or not available for use are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. The Group obtained license arrangements through acquisition for the purpose of continuing the research and development work and commercialization of the products, which are classified as license within intangible assets.

An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the intangible asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an intangible asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. The impairment assessment of intangible assets involves significant management's estimates and judgements, including the expected achievement of drug development milestones, success rate of commercialization, the outcome of new drug development, the revenue growth rate of each pipeline products under respective license arrangements and the discount rate used in the multi-period excess earnings method. The impairment test is based on the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit ("CGU") to which the intangible asset is related. Key assumptions are disclosed in Note 19.

(b) Fair value of measurement

Fair value of financial assets, in the absence of an active market, is estimated by using appropriate valuation techniques. Such valuations were based on certain assumptions about credit risk, volatility and liquidity risks associated with the instruments, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. Further details are disclosed in Note 5.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

6 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

(c) 無形資產的可使用年期

(d) 即期及遞延所得税

對於產生遞延稅項資產的暫時差額延稅項資等。本集團評估該等。本集團部估該性。資產的可能性資產的可能性資產的可稅稅項資產的可預見未來的持續經營所產生的應課稅收入中轉回,並延稅稅內數人數基礎確認遞延稅項資產。

(e) 可變客戶合約安排

6 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

(continued)

(c) Useful lives of intangible assets

The Group's finite life intangible assets generated from its in-license arrangements are amortized on a straight-line basis over their useful economic lives, which are estimated to be the period of the inlicense arrangement. If the Group's estimate of the duration of sale of product is shorter than the arrangement period, then the shorter period is used. Additional amortization is recognized if the estimated useful economic lives are different from the previous estimation. Useful lives are reviewed at the end of the year based on changes in circumstances.

(d) Current and deferred income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in different jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

For temporary differences which give rise to deferred tax assets, the Group assesses the likelihood that the deferred income tax assets could be recovered. Deferred tax assets are recognized based on the Group's estimates and assumptions that they will be recovered from taxable income arising from continuing operations in the foreseeable future

(e) Variable arrangement in contract with customers

When the consideration in a contract with customers includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

7 分部資料

主要營運決策者已被確定為本集團的 執行董事。執行董事整體審查本集團 的合併業績,以就資源分配及表現評 估作出決策。因此,經確定,本集團 的經營為單一經營分部。

截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度, 總收入的地區資料如下:

7 Segment information

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the executive directors of the Group, who reviews the Group's consolidated results as a whole when making decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance. Therefore, it is determined that the Group's operations represent a single operating segment.

For the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the geographical information on the total revenues is as follows:

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

	202	2023 年 2022年		Ξ
	20	23	2022	
	人民幣千元		人民幣千元	
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
中國內地 Mainland Ch	ina 3,052,797	97	2,668,454	97
其他 Others	102,817	3	81,227	3
	3,155,614		2,749,681	

按資產位置細分的除金融工具及遞延 税項資產外的非流動資產總額如下: The total of non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets, broken down by location of the assets, are shown as follows:

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023年			
		2023		2022	
		人民幣千元		人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
中國內地	Mainland China	32,306	7	29,402	5
其他	Others	403,154	93	541,464	95
		435,460		570,866	

截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度, 對本集團總收入貢獻超過10%的客戶 如下: The customers which contributed over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are listed as below:

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022 %
		%	%
客戶A	Customer A	81%	71%

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

8 收入 8 Revenue

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		Year ended 3	31 December
		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於某一時間點確認	Recognized at a point in time		
—產品銷售額	— Product sales	3,155,614	2,749,681

9 其他收入

9 Other income

		rear ended 3	o i December
		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
推廣補償	Promotion compensation	18,340	_
特許權收入	Royalty income	12,418	1,823
政府補助(a)	Government grants (a)	11,012	8,007
其他	Others	_	2,295
		41,770	12,125

⁽a) 政府補助均與收入有關,且不存在 政府補助所附帶的未滿足條件或其 他或有事項。

⁽a) Government grants are all income related and there exist no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attaching to these government grants.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

截至12月31日止年度
Vear ended 31 December

		Year ended 31 December		
		2023年	2022年	
		2023	2022	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期 損益的金融資產公允價值變動	Change in fair value of financial assets at FVPL (Note 26)			
(附註26)		12,431	70,473	
外匯虧損淨額	Net foreign exchange losses	40,147	85,305	
其他	Others	(497)	(386)	
		52,081	155,392	

11 融資收入/(成本)淨額

11 Finance income/(costs), net

		rear ended 51 December	
		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
銀行存款利息收入	Interest income from bank deposits	70,484	36,069
融資收入	Finance income	70,484	36,069
借款利息開支	Interest expenses on borrowings	(57,469)	(45,497)
租賃負債利息開支(附註17)	Interest expenses on lease liabilities (Note 17)	(724)	(1,096)
融資成本	Finance costs	(58,193)	(46,593)
融資收入/(成本)淨額	Finance income/(costs), net	12,291	(10,524)

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

12 按性質劃分的開支

12 Expenses by nature

			2023年 2023	2022年 2022
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		1		
成品及在製品存貨變動	Changes in inventories of finished goods and wo	ork in		
	process		(157,824)	30,825
消耗的原材料和貿易商品	Raw materials and trading merchandise consume	ed	717,711	432,830
僱員福利開支	Employee benefit expenses	13	577,364	517,816
市場開發和業務推廣開支	Market development and business promotion		200.054	170 522
加工公安文 拼 公	expenses	1.0	200,954	179,533
無形資產攤銷	Amortization of intangible assets	19	127,928	101,951
無形資產減值虧損	Impairment losses of intangible assets	19	100,000	99,467
差旅及會議開支	Travel and meeting expenses		84,373	41,392
	t Testing and clinical trial fees for R&D		68,763	36,002
運輸開支	Transportation expense		68,300	72,413
專業服務費	Professional service fees		40,598	37,946
特許權費	Royalty fee		30,673	29,566
不可收回增值税	Non-recoverable value-added tax		26,367	22,755
使用權資產攤銷	Amortization of right-of-use assets	17	12,818	13,354
公用設施及辦公開支	Utilities and office expense		12,065	10,452
存貨撇減	Write-downs of inventories	21	6,651	6,449
物業、廠房及設備折舊	Depreciation of PP&E	18	4,769	3,592
核數師薪酬	Auditors' remuneration			
—核數服務	— Audit services		4,284	4,028
—非核數服務	— Non-audit services		290	3,200
其他	Others		14,113	12,239
收入成本、銷售及營銷開支	Total cost of revenue, sales and marketing exper	ises,		
行政開支、研發開支及其				
他開支總額	expenses		1,940,197	1,655,810

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

13 僱員福利開支

13 Employee benefit expenses

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
工資、薪金和花紅	Wages, salaries, bonuses	423,740	388,275
以股份為基礎的付款(附註27)	Share-based payments (Note 27)	66,967	52,343
退休金計劃供款(a)	Contributions to pension plans (a)	35,720	31,477
住房公積金、醫療保險及其他社會保	Housing funds, medical insurance and other social		
險 (b)	welfare contributions (b)	50,937	45,721
		577,364	517,816

(a) 根據中華人民共和國法例法規的規定,本集團為其中國僱員向國家發起的退休計劃供款。本集團僱員按相關收入(包括工資、薪金、海其貼及花紅,且有上限)的約8%每月內計劃供款,而本集團按相關收入的14%至16%(設有一定上限)每月向計劃供款,且就供款以外退休後福利的實際付款並無進一步責任。國家發起的退休計劃負責應付退休僱員的所有退休後福利責任。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團動用代表於悉數歸屬供款之前退出計劃的僱員的沒收供款為66,000港元(相當於人民幣59,000元)(2022年:154,000港元(相當於人民幣137,000元)),因而於2023年12月31日本集團可供用作降低現有供款水平的供款(誠如上市規則附錄D2第26(2)段所述)為零(2022年:66,000港元(相當於人民幣59,000元))。

(b) 本集團於中國的僱員有權參與多項 政府監管的住房公積金、醫療保險、 失業保險和其他僱員社會保險計劃。 本集團每月按僱員薪金的約13.58% 至22.2%(設有一定上限)向該等基 金供款。本集團就該等基金的責任, 以各期間應付的供款為限。 (a) As stipulated by rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group contributes to state-sponsored retirement schemes for its employees in the PRC. The Group's employees make monthly contributions to the schemes at approximately 8% of the relevant income (comprising wages, salaries, allowances and bonus, and subject to maximum caps), while the Group contributes 14% to 16% of such relevant income, subject to certain ceiling and has no further obligations for the actual payment of postretirement benefits beyond the contributions. The state-sponsored retirement schemes are responsible for the entire post-retirement benefit obligations payable to the retired employees.

HKD66,000 (equivalent to RMB59,000) (2022: HKD154,000 (equivalent to RMB137,000)) of forfeited contributions by the Group on behalf of its employees who left the schemes prior to vesting fully in such contributions were utilized during the year ended 31 December 2023, leaving nil contributions (2022: HKD66,000 (equivalent to RMB59,000)) available as at 31 December 2023 for utilization by the Group to reduce the existing level of contributions as described in paragraph 26(2) of Appendix D2 to the Listing Rules.

(b) Employees of the Group in the PRC are entitled to participate in various government-supervised housing funds, medical insurance, unemployment insurance and other employee social insurance plan. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these funds based on approximately 13.58% to 22.2% of the salaries of the employees, subject to certain ceiling. The Group's liability in respect of these funds is limited to the contributions payable in each period.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

13 僱員福利開支(續)

(c) 董事福利及權益

一 董事酬金

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本 集團已付/應付本公司每名董事 的薪酬如下:

13 Employee benefit expenses (continued)

(c) Benefits and interests of directors

— Directors' emoluments

The remuneration of each director of the Company paid/payable by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out as follows:

				住房公積金、					
		工資、薪金和	退休金費用—	醫療保險和其他					
		花紅	界定供款計劃	社會福利供款	其他僱員福利	董事袍金	酌情花紅	股份酬金開支	合計
				Housing					
				funds, medical					
			Pension costs-	insurance					
		Wages,	defined	and other	Other			Share-based	
		salaries,	contribution	social welfare	employee		Discretionary	compensation	
		bonuses	plans	contributions	benefits	Director's fees	bonus	expenses	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
截至2023年12月31日	For the year ended								
止年度	31 December 2023								
執行董事(i)	Executive Director (i)								
趙宏先生	Mr. ZHAO Hong	8,259	39	43	148	_	_	16,845	25,334
潘蓉容女士(ii)	Ms. PAN Rongrong (ii)	5,329	68	75	92	_	_	1,354	6,918
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors								
Li Zhenfu先生	Mr. LI Zhenfu	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Daniel Luzius Vasella博士	Dr. Daniel Luzius VASELLA	_	_	_	_	658	_	_	658
Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien女士	Ms. LIN Shirley Yi-Hsien	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
石岑先生(iii)	Mr. SHI Cen (iii)	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
王海霞女士	Ms. WANG Haixia	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-								
A1=-10.	executive Directors								
劉國恩博士	Dr. LIU Guoen	_	_	_	_	658	_	_	658
Chen Ping博士	Dr. CHEN Ping	_	_	_	_	658	_	_	658
Gu Alex Yushao先生	Mr. GU Alex Yushao	_	_	_	_	658	_	_	658
Wendy Hayes女士	Ms. Wendy HAYES	_	_	_	_	658	_	_	658

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

13 僱員福利開支(續)

(c) 董事福利及權益(續)

一 董事酬金(續)

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本 集團已付/應付本公司每名董事 的薪酬如下:

13 Employee benefit expenses (continued)

(c) Benefits and interests of directors (continued)

— Directors' emoluments (continued)

The remuneration of each director of the Company paid/payable by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out as follows:

				住房公積金、					
		工資、薪金和	退休金費用 —	醫療保險和其他					
		花紅	界定供款計劃	社會福利供款	其他僱員福利	董事袍金	酌情花紅	股份酬金開支	合計
				Housing					
				funds, medical					
			Pension costs-	insurance					
			defined	and other	Other			Share-based	
		Wages,	contribution	social welfare	employee		Discretionary	compensation	
		salaries, bonuses	plans	contributions	benefits	Director's fees	bonus	expenses	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
截至2022年12月31日	Fandha wasan andad								
	For the year ended								
止年度	31 December 2022								
執行董事(i)	Executive Director (i)								
趙宏先生	Mr. ZHAO Hong	7,670	63	71	134	_	_	9,092	17,030
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors								
Li Zhenfu先生	Mr. LI Zhenfu	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daniel Luzius Vasella博士	Dr. Daniel Luzius VASELLA	_	_	_	_	658	_	_	658
Lin Shirley Yi-Hsien女士	Ms. LIN Shirley Yi-Hsien	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Ms. LI Quan (iv)	Ms. LI Quan (iv)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
石岑先生 (iii)	Mr. SHI Cen (iii)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
王海霞女士	Ms. WANG Haixia	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-								
	executive Directors								
劉國恩博士	Dr. LIU Guoen	_	_	_	_	658	_	_	658
Chen Ping博士	Dr. CHEN Ping	_	_	_	_	658	_	_	658
Gu Alex Yushao先生	Mr. GU Alex Yushao	_	_	_	_	658	_	_	658
Wendy Hayes女士	Ms. Wendy HAYES	-	_	_	_	658	_	_	658

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

13 僱員福利開支(續)

(c) 董事福利及權益(續)

— 董事酬金(續)

- (i) 上述執行董事的酬金主要用 於支付彼等在管理本公司及本 集團事務方面提供的服務。
- (ii) 潘蓉容女士於2023年5月25日 獲委任為本公司執行董事。 潘女士亦為本公司副總裁、首 席財務官及聯席公司秘書。上 文披露的酬金包括彼於截至 2023年12月31日止年度所提供 服務的酬金。
- (iii) 石 岑 先 生 於2023年5月25日 從 本公司辭任。
- (iv) 李泉女士於2022年12月19日從 本公司辭任。

— 董事退休福利及離職福 利

於截至2023年及2022年12月31日 止年度,並無任何董事接受任 何退休福利或離職福利。

— 就獲提供董事服務而向 第三方支付的對價

於截至2023年及2022年12月31日 止年度,本公司並未就獲提供董 事服務向任何第三方支付任何 對價。

— 惠及董事、其控制的法團 及實體的貸款、準貸款及其 他交易的相關資料

於2023年及2022年12月31日,並 無惠及董事、其控制的法團及 實體的貸款、準貸款及其他交 易安排。

— 董事於交易·安排或合約 中的重大權益

於截至2023年及2022年12月31日 止年度年末或年內任何時間,本 公司概無訂立與本集團業務有 關且本公司董事直接或間接擁 有重大權益的重大交易、安排 及合約。

13 Employee benefit expenses (continued)

- (c) Benefits and interests of directors (continued)
 - Directors' emoluments (continued)
 - (i) The executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.
 - (ii) Ms. PAN Rongrong was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 25 May 2023. Ms. PAN is also the vice president, chief financial officer, and joint company secretary of the Company. Her emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by her for the year ended 31 December 2023.
 - (iii) Mr. SHI Cen resigned from the Company on 25 May 2023.
 - (iv) Ms. LI Quan resigned from the Company on 19 December 2022.

— Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

None of the directors received or receive any retirement benefits or termination benefits during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

— Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Company did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available directors' services.

— Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favor of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and controlled entities with such directors

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, there were no loans, quasiloans and other dealings arrangement in favor of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and controlled entities with such directors.

— Directors' material interest in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business in which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly subsisted at the end of the years or at any time during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

13 僱員福利開支(續)

(d) 五名最高薪酬人士

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團五名最高酬金人士包括兩名董事(2022年:一名)(其酬金反映於上述分析)。於截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度,應付剩餘三名(2022年:四名)人士的酬金如下:

13 Employee benefit expenses (continued)

(d) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 include two directors (2022: one) whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis shown in analysis above. The emoluments payable to the remaining three (2022: four) individuals during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
工資和薪金	Wages and salaries	10,279	10,164
酌情花紅	Discretionary bonuses	3,614	4,723
以股份為基礎的付款	Share-based payments	5,860	2,986
住房公積金、醫療保險和其他社會福	Housing funds, medical insurance and other social		
利供款	welfare contributions	143	399
其他僱員福利	Other employee benefits	136	246
		20,032	18,518

每年薪酬屬以下範圍的最高薪酬人士(不包括董事)的人數如下:

Excluding the directors, the number of highest paid individuals whose remunerations for each year fell within the following band is as follows:

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
薪酬範圍	Emolument band		
人民幣3,000,001元至	RMB3,000,001 to RMB4,000,000		
人民幣4,000,000元		_	1
人民幣4,000,001元至	RMB4,000,001 to RMB5,000,000		
人民幣5,000,000元		_	1
人民幣5,000,001元至	RMB5,000,001 to RMB6,000,000		
人民幣6,000,000元		1	2
人民幣6,000,001元至	RMB6,000,001 to RMB7,000,000		
人民幣7,000,000元		1	_
人民幣8,000,001元至	RMB8,000,001 to RMB9,000,000		
人民幣9,000,000元		1	_

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

14 所得税開支

本集團的所得税開支分析如下:

14 Income tax expense

The income tax expense of the Group is analyzed as follows:

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

	Tear	enaca 3	or December
		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
	人民	2.幣千元	人民幣千元
	R	MB'000	RMB'000
即期所得税 Curre	nt income tax	92,451	84,267
遞延所得税 Defer	red income tax	3,044	458
所得税開支 Incor	ne tax expense	95,495	84,725

本集團税前利潤的税項有別於採用適 用於本集團旗下實體利潤的税率計算 得出的理論數額,具體如下: The tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate applicable to profit of the entities comprising the Group as follows:

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
所得税前利潤	Profit before income tax	1,217,397	940,080
按適用税率計算(a)	Calculated at applicable tax rates (a)	73,006	64,269
中國預扣税(b)	PRC withholding tax (b)	2,400	5,755
不可就所得税扣除的開支(c)	Expenses not deductible for income tax purposes (c)	21,358	21,351
未確認遞延所得税資產的税項虧損	Tax losses for which no deferred income tax assets		
	was recognized	253	395
利用此前未確認税項虧損	Utilization of previously unrecognized tax losses	(1,522)	(16)
往年超額撥備	Over provision in prior years	_	(7,029)
所得税開支	Income tax expense	95,495	84,725

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

14 所得税開支(續)

(a) 即期所得税

本集團就其在中國內地業務的 所得税撥備,是根據現行的相 關法律、詮釋及慣例,就所呈列 期間應課税利潤按25%的税率 計算而得出。

本公司及其若干附屬公司為根 據開曼群島公司法於開曼群島 註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司,因 此無須繳納開曼群島所得税。

在香港註冊成立的實體須繳納香港利得稅,首2百萬港元應課稅利潤的稅率為8.25%,超出部分則按16.5%的稅率繳稅。

(b) 中國預扣稅

(c) 不可就所得税扣除的開支

本集團於截至2023年及2022年 12月31日止年度不可扣除的開支 主要指中華人民共和國國家稅 務局及香港稅務局頒佈的有關 法律法規所規定的超過可抵扣 上限的不可扣除之業務招待費 及非貿易餘額之匯兑損失。

14 Income tax expense (continued)

(a) Current income tax

The income tax provision of the Group in respect of its operations in Mainland China was calculated at tax rate of 25% on the assessable profits for the periods presented, based on the existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

The Company and some of its subsidiaries are incorporated in the Cayman Islands as exempted companies with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and accordingly, are exempted from Cayman Islands income tax.

Entities incorporated in Hong Kong are subject to Hong Kong profits tax, of which, the tax rate is 8.25% for assessable profits in the first HKD2 million and 16.5% for any assessable profits in excess.

(b) PRC withholding tax

According to the applicable PRC tax regulations, dividends distributed by a company established in the PRC to a foreign investor with respect to profits derived after 1 January 2008 are generally subject to a 5% or 10% withholding income tax, depending on the country incorporation of the foreign investors. The Group has recognized deferred tax liabilities at 5% withholding tax rate for undistributed profits of its subsidiaries in the PRC in accordance with the double taxation treaty arrangement between the PRC and Hong Kong (Note 31)

(c) Expenses not deductible for income tax purposes

The Group's non-deductible expenses during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 mainly represented business entertainment expenses that exceed the deductible ceiling and exchange losses arising from non-trade balances pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations promulgated by the State Tax Bureau of the PRC and Inland Revenue Department of Hong Kong.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

15 每股盈利

(a) 於相應期間,每股基本盈利乃 通過將本公司擁有人應佔利潤 除以已發行普通股的加權平均 數計算。

15 Earnings per share

(a) Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the respective period.

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
本公司擁有人應佔年內利潤	Profit for the year attributable to owners of the		
	Company	1,121,902	855,355
已發行普通股的加權平均數(千股)	Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue		
	(thousand shares)	614,710	673,221
每股基本盈利(以每股人民幣表示)	Basic earnings per share		
	(expressed in RMB per share)	1.83	1.27

- (b) 每股攤薄盈利乃按假設已轉換 所有具攤薄潛力的普通股後, 經調整發行在外普通股的加權 平均數計算得出。截至2023年 及2022年12月31日止年度,每股 攤薄盈利乃經考慮行使尚未行 使的購股權後應予發行的普 股而計算(使用庫存股票法)。
- (b) Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. For the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, diluted earnings per share was calculated by considering the ordinary shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding share options (using the treasury stock method).

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB′000	2022年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000
本公司擁有人應佔年內利潤	Profit for the year attributable to owners of the		
	Company	1,121,902	855,355
已發行普通股的加權平均數(千股)	Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue		
	(thousand shares)	614,710	673,221
購股權的攤薄影響	Diluted impact of share options	35,723	34,919
每股攤薄盈利的普通股加權平均數	Weighted average number of ordinary shares for		
(千股)	diluted earnings per share (thousand shares)	650,433	708,140
每股攤薄盈利(以每股人民幣表示)	Diluted earnings per share		
	(expressed in RMB per share)	1.72	1.21

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

16 股息

於2023年5月,在股東週年大會上取得股東批准後,本公司宣派截至2022年12月31日止年度股息每股股份0.39港元。本公司於2023年6月28日悉數派付有關股息。

於2022年5月,在股東週年大會上取得股東批准後,本公司宣派截至2021年12月31日止年度股息每股股份0.35港元。本公司於2022年6月22日悉數派付有關股息。

16 Dividends

In May 2023, upon approval obtained from the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, the Company declared dividends of HKD0.39 per share for the year ended 31 December 2022. The Company fully paid such dividends on 28 June 2023.

In May 2022, upon approval obtained from the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, the Company declared dividends of HKD0.35 per share for the year ended 31 December 2021. The Company fully paid such dividends on 22 June 2022.

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
年初應付股息	Dividends payable at beginning of the year	_	_
期內宣派股息	Declaration of dividends during the year	211,453	204,545
期內已派股息	Dividends paid during the year	(215,018)	(205,622)
匯兑差額	Exchange differences	3,565	1,077
年末應付股息	Dividends payable at end of the year	_	_

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

17 使用權資產

17 Right-of-use assets

		租賃物業
		Leased properties
		人民幣千元
		RMB'000
M		
於2022年1月1日	At 1 January 2022	10.050
成本	Cost	49,850
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortization	(27,867)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	21,983
截至2022年12月31日止年度	V	
年初賬面淨值	Year ended 31 December 2022	21.092
正 兑 差 額	Opening net book amount Exchange differences	21,983 215
添置	Additions	9,985
攤銷費用		(13,354)
舞 玥 貝 巾	Amortization charge	(13,334)
年末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	18,829
M		
於2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022	
成本	Cost	35,320
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortization	(16,491)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	18,829
# 不 2 0 2 2 年 4 2 日 2 4 日 止 年 年	V	
截至2023年12月31日止年度 年初賬面淨值	Year ended 31 December 2023	10.020
正 兑 差 額	Opening net book amount Exchange differences	18,829 465
添置	Additions	25,927
攤銷費用		· ·
舞 玥 貝 用	Amortization charge	(12,818)
年末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	32,403
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	
成本	Cost	61,247
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortization	(28,844)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	32,403
ᄶᄦᅏᅝ	Tet book amount	52,405

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

17 使用權資產(續)

合併全面收益表及合併現金流量表中 載有關於租賃的下列金額:

17 Right-of-use assets (continued)

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income and the consolidated statement of cash flows contain the following amounts relating to leases:

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

	2023年	2022年
	2023	2022
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000
使用權資產攤銷 Amortization of right-of-use assets	12,818	13,354
利息開支 Interest expenses	724	1,096
有關短期租賃的支出 Expenses relating to short-term leases	845	659
經營活動租賃的現金流出 Cash outflow for leases as operating activities	(1,569)	(1,755)
融資活動租賃的現金流出 Cash outflow for leases as financing activities	(13,164)	(12,482)

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

18 物業、廠房及設備

18 Property, plant and equipment

		辦公傢私及設備	車輛	租賃物業裝修	合計
		Office furniture		Leasehold	
		and equipment	Vehicle	improvements	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於2022年1月1日	At 1 January 2022				
成本	Cost	47,897	561	2,751	51,209
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(40,002)	(561)	(2,751)	(43,314)
X 11 21 11	recumulated depreciation	(10/002)	(501)	(27.5.7	(15/5 : 1/
賬面淨值	Net book amount	7,895	_	_	7,895
截至2022年12月31日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2022				
年初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	7,895	_	_	7,895
匯 兑 差 額	Exchange differences	173	_	_	173
添置	Additions	5,768	_	_	5,768
出售	Disposals	(448)	_	_	(448)
折舊支出	Depreciation charge	(3,592)	_	_	(3,592)
年末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	9,796	_	_	9,796
於2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022				
成本	Cost	57,585	561	1,521	59,667
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(47,789)	(561)	(1,521)	(49,871)
非	Net book amount	0.706			0.706
賬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	Net book amount	9,796		_	9,796
截至2023年12月31日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2023				
年初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	9,796	_	_	9,796
匯兑差額	Exchange differences	15	_	_	15
添置	Additions	3,223	_	_	3,223
出售	Disposals	(1,247)	_	_	(1,247)
折舊支出	Depreciation charge	(4,769)	_		(4,769)
年末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	7,018	_	_	7,018
	•				
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023				
成本	Cost	59,471	561	1,686	61,718
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(52,453)	(561)	(1,686)	(54,700)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	7,018	_	_	7,018
		, , ,			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

18 物業、廠房及設備(續)

折舊開支已計入合併全面收益表以下 類別:

18 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation expenses have been charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2022年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000
收入成本	Cost of revenue	604	577
銷售及營銷開支 行政開支 研發開支	Sales and marketing expenses Administrative expenses R&D expenses	1,204 2,789 172	1,136 1,718 161
	·	4,769	3,592

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

19 無形資產

19 Intangible assets

		未達到可使用	商業化的		
		狀態的無形資產	無形資產		
				±b <i>U</i> +	Λ¥L
		(附註(b))	(附註(c))	軟件	合計
		Intangible	Intangible		
		assets that are	assets that are		
		not ready for	commercialized		
		use (Note (b))	(Note (c))	Software	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於2022年1月1日	At 1 January 2022				
	•	101 420	((2,122	17.000	072.561
成本	Cost	191,436	663,133	17,992	872,561
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortization	_	(176,037)	(14,198)	(190,235)
減值虧損	Impairment losses	(35,231)	(41,000)	_	(76,231)
賬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	Net book amount	156,205	446,096	3,794	606,095
截至2022年12月31日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2022				
年初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	156,205	446,096	3,794	606,095
			•		
匯 兑 差 額	Exchange differences	14,575	37,162	32	51,769
添 置 (附 註 (a))	Additions (Note (a))	41,318	42,660	1,817	85,795
攤銷費用(附註(d))	Amortization charge (Note (d))	_	(99,723)	(2,228)	(101,951)
減值虧損(附註(b)(i))	Impairment losses (Note (b)(i))	(99,467)	_	_	(99,467)
年末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	112,631	426,195	3,415	542,241
₩2022 <i>年</i> 42 ₽24 □	A+ 24 D				
於2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022				
成本	Cost	252,106	762,382	19,625	1,034,113
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortization	_	(295,187)	(16,210)	(311,397)
減值虧損	Impairment losses	(139,475)	(41,000)	_	(180,475)
E 工 河 庄		442.624	426 405	2.445	542.244
賬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	Net book amount	112,631	426,195	3,415	542,241
截至2023年12月31日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2023				
年初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	112,631	426,195	3,415	542,241
匯 兑 差 額	Exchange differences	1,752	6,308	5,115	
			0,308	_	8,060
添置(附註(a))	Additions (Note (a))	71,788	_	1,878	73,666
攤銷費用(附註(d))	Amortization charge (Note (d))	_	(125,654)	(2,274)	(127,928)
減值虧損(附註(c))	Impairment losses (Note (c))	_	(100,000)	_	(100,000)
左士服子巡传	Challes and head	400.000	200.040	2.040	200.000
年末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	186,171	206,849	3,019	396,039
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023				
成本	Cost	327,968	775,079	21,503	1,124,550
		327,300			
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortization		(427,230)	(18,484)	(445,714)
滅值虧損	Impairment losses	(141,797)	(141,000)	_	(282,797)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	186,171	206,849	3,019	396,039
까면가 E	not book uniount	100,171	200,073	3,013	330,033

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

19 無形資產(續)

附註:

(a) 截至2022年12月31日止年度添置無形 資產指購買Vaborem授權及一款授權 引入藥物擇泰的里程碑付款。

> 截至2023年12月31日止年度添置無 形資產指購買Orserdu授權。

(b) 與未可使用的授權引入安排相關的 無形資產

- (i) 截至2023年12月31日止年度,概無與未可使用的授權引入安排相關的無形資產計提減值撥備。截至2022年12月31日止年度,考慮到各在研裏內開達成藥物開發展發展發展發展。 商業化成功率、新藥開發結狀況,本集團對若干管線產品許可方的財務狀況,本集團對若干管線產品,減值總額為人民幣99,467,000元,於合併全面收益表中確認為行政開支。
- (ii) 於2023年12月31日, 尚未可 供使用的授權引入安排相關 的無形資產賬面值為人民幣 186,171,000元(2022年12月31 日:人民幣112,631,000元)。 該等無形資產的年度減值測 試會根據與該無形資產有關 的現金產生單位(「現金產生單 位」)的可收回金額進行。適當 的現金產生單位處於產品層 面。我們通過聘請獨立評估 師對各在研產品進行年度減 值測試,以估計公允價值減銷 售成本,作為各在研產品的可 收回金額。公允價值乃基於 多期超額收益法,且本集團根 據臨床開發及監管審批的時 間、為達到預期最高潛在收 入而進行的商業加速以及各 在研產品專營權的期限,對其 在研產品的預測期間(從2024 年至2041年)作出估計。

19 Intangible assets (continued)

Notes:

(a) Addition of intangible assets in the year ended 31 December 2022 represented the acquisition of the license of Vaborem and the milestone payment for an inlicensed drug, Zometa.

Addition of intangible assets in the year ended 31 December 2023 represented the acquisition of the license of Orserdu.

(b) Intangible assets associated with in-license arrangements that are not ready for use

- (i) No impairment provision was made to intangible assets associated with in-license arrangements that are not ready for use for the year ended 31 December 2023. During the year ended 31 December 2022, after considering the expected achievement of drug development milestones, success rate of commercialization, outcome of new drug development and financial conditions of licensors of pipeline products, the Group made full impairment against intangible assets associated with certain pipeline products with the total amount of RMB99,467,000, which were recognized as administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
- (ii) As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount of intangible assets associated with in-license arrangements that were not ready for use was RMB186,171,000 (31 December 2022: RMB112,631,000). Annual impairment test is performed in respect of these intangible assets based on the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the intangible asset is related. The appropriate CGU is at the product level. The annual impairment test is performed for each pipeline product by engaging an independent appraiser to estimate fair value less cost to sell as the recoverable amount of each pipeline product. The fair value is based on the multi-period excess earnings method and the Group estimated the forecast period till the year from 2024 to 2041 for its pipeline products based on the timing of clinical development and regulatory approval, commercial ramp up to reach expected peak revenue potential, and the length of exclusivity for each pipeline product.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

19 無形資產(續)

附註:(續)

(b) 與未可使用的授權引入安排相關的 無形資產(續)

(ii) *(續)*

各在研產品的估計收入乃基於管理層預期的商業化時間。 收入增長率乃基於各在研產 品的預期商業化後各單項的 關鍵輸入數據(如預計市場滲 透率及市場規模等)而計算。

成本及經營開支乃基於可比 較公司的當前利潤水平,並作 出調整以反映預期未來價格 變動,按收入預測期間的百分 比進行估算。

使用的貼現率為除稅後比率, 反映本集團的一般業務及市場 風險,其來自資本資產定價模 型(經計及無風險利率、市場 溢價、β值、公司特定風險及 規模溢價等適用市場數據)。

本集團通過增加一個百分點 的貼現率或減少一個百分點 的收入增長率進行敏感度測 試,此乃釐定各項無形資產 可收回金額的主要假設,而所 有其他變量保持不變。

19 Intangible assets (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) Intangible assets associated with in-license arrangements that are not ready for use (continued)

(ii) (continued)

The estimated revenue of each pipeline product is based on management's expectations of timing of commercialization. Revenue growth rates are based on the key inputs, such as the estimated market penetration rates and market sizes etc. from the expected commercialization for each of the pipeline products.

The costs and operating expenses are estimated as a percentage over the revenue forecast period based on the current margin levels of comparable companies with adjustments made to reflect the expected future price changes.

The discount rates used are post-tax and represent the Group's general business and market risk and were derived from capital asset pricing model by taking applicable market data into account, such as risk free rate, market premium, beta, company specific risk and size premium.

The Group performed sensitivity test by increasing the discount rate by one percentage point or decreasing the revenue growth rate by one percentage point, which are the key assumptions determining the recoverable amount of each intangible assets, with all other variables held constant

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

19 無形資產(續)

附註:(續)

(b) 與未可使用的授權引入安排相關的 無形資產(續)

(ii) *(續)*

用於計算2023年及2022年12月 31日各在研產品的可收回金額 及對可收回金額高於彼等相 關賬面值(餘額)的差額的影 響所採用的關鍵假設如下:

在研產品A

19 Intangible assets (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) Intangible assets associated with in-license arrangements that are not ready for use (continued)

(ii) *(continued)*

The key assumptions used for the calculations of the recoverable amounts and the impacts on the amounts by which the recoverable amounts above their respective carrying amount (headroom) for each of the pipeline products as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as bellow:

Pipeline product A

於12月31日 As at 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
貼現率	Discount rate	17%	17%
收入增長率	Revenue growth rate	5.0%-82.4%	-0.3%-82.4%
可收回金額(人民幣千元)	Recoverable amount (in RMB thousand)	43,279	216,943
賬面值(人民幣千元)	Carrying amount (in RMB thousand)	21,340	21,035
餘額	Headroom	21,939	195,908
貼現率增加對餘額的影響	Impact headroom by increasing discount rate	(2,390)	(10,352)
收入增長率減少對餘額的影響	Impact headroom by decreasing revenue growth rate	(1,601)	(8,416)

在研產品B

Pipeline product B

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
貼現率	Discount rate	17%	17%
收入增長率	Revenue growth rate	2.9%-135.7%	3.5%-135.7%
可收回金額(人民幣千元)	Recoverable amount (in RMB thousand)	693,872	792,249
賬面值(人民幣千元)	Carrying amount (in RMB thousand)	49,579	48,752
餘額	Headroom	644,293	743,497
貼現率增加對餘額的影響	Impact headroom by increasing discount rate	(54,952)	(64,462)
收入增長率減少對餘額的影響	Impact headroom by decreasing revenue growth rate	(23,841)	(36,318)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

19 無形資產(續)

附註:(續)

(b) 與未可使用的授權引入安排相關的 無形資產(續)

(ii) *(續)*

在研產品C

19 Intangible assets (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (b) Intangible assets associated with in-license arrangements that are not ready for use (continued)
 - (ii) (continued)

Pipeline product C

於12月31日 As at 31 December

		2023年 2023	2022年 2022
貼現率	Discount rate	17%	17%
收入增長率	Revenue growth rate	-2.0%-94.1%	-5.1%-2,041.6%
可收回金額(人民幣千元)	Recoverable amount (in RMB thousand)	299,908	246,933
賬面值(人民幣千元)	Carrying amount (in RMB thousand)	43,464	42,843
餘額	Headroom	256,444	204,090
貼現率增加對餘額的影響	Impact headroom by increasing discount rate	(23,960)	(20,618)
收入增長率減少對餘額的影響	Impact headroom by decreasing revenue growth rate	(15,366)	(38,169)

在研產品D

Pipeline product D

於12月31日 As at 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
貼現率	Discount rate	17%	不適用 NA
收入增長率	Revenue growth rate	-10.8%-124.6%	不適用 NA
可收回金額(人民幣千元)	Recoverable amount (in RMB thousand)	215,847	不適用 NA
賬面值(人民幣千元)	Carrying amount (in RMB thousand)	71,788	不適用 NA
餘額	Headroom	144,059	不適用 NA
貼現率增加對餘額的影響	Impact headroom by increasing discount rate	(20,629)	不適用 NA
收入增長率減少對餘額的影響	Impact headroom by decreasing revenue growth rate	(16,107)	不適用 NA

根據上述評估結果,除已披露之減值無形資產外,於2023年及2022年12月31日與未可使用的授權引入安排相關的無形資產並無減值。

Considering the sufficient headrooms available based on the sensitivity assessments above, the Group believes that a reasonably possible change in any of the key assumptions, on which the Group has based its determination of the recoverable amount of each above intangible assets, would not cause their carrying amounts to exceed their respective recoverable amounts.

Based on the results of above assessments, except for impaired intangibles that were disclosed, there was no impairment for the intangible assets associated with in-license arrangements that were not ready for use as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

19 無形資產(續)

附註:(續)

(c) 與已商業化的授權引入安排相關的 無形資產

於2023年,一款授權引入藥物的銷量下滑,並未能達到預期。本集團跟據銷售預測,對與該藥物相關的無形資產進行減值測試,並在截至2023年12月31日止年度的合併全面收益表計提減值撥備人民幣100,000,000元,作為行政開支。

截至2022年12月31日止年度並無識別與已商業化的授權引入安排相關的無形資產的減值撥備。

(d) 攤銷開支已計入合併全面收益表以 下類別:

19 Intangible assets (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(c) Intangible assets associated with in-license arrangements that are commercialized

In 2023, an in-licensed drug experienced a decline in sales and failed to meet the forecast. The Group performed impairment test for the intangible assets related to the drug with the sales forecast and recorded an impairment provision of RMB100,000,000 as administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2023.

No impairment provision was recognized for the intangible assets associated with in-license arrangements that are commercialized for the year ended 31 December 2022.

(d) Amortization expenses have been charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
	'		
收入成本	Cost of revenue	125,654	99,723
銷售及營銷開支	Sales and marketing expenses	1,865	1,879
行政開支	Administrative expenses	159	134
研發開支	R&D expenses	250	215
		127,928	101,951

20 其他資產

20 Other assets

		715 41 5 1	
		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
按攤銷成本計量的金融工具:	Financial instruments at amortized costs:		
— 租賃按金	— Rental deposits	7,046	5,301

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

21 存貨

21 Inventories

於12月31日 As at 31 December

		2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB′000	2022年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000
原材料	Raw materials	56,433	39,485
製成品	Finished goods	251,852 308,285	101,075 140,560

已就存貨賬面值超過其可變現淨值的金額確認存貨撇減,並計入合併全面收益表的「收入成本」一欄。截至2023年12月31日止年度的存貨撇減為人民幣6,651,000元(2022年:人民幣6,449,000元)。

Write-downs of inventories were recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the inventories exceeds its net realizable value and was recorded in "cost of revenue" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Write-downs of inventories were RMB6,651,000 for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB6,449,000).

22 貿易應收款項

22 Trade receivables

於12月31日 As at 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
貿易應收款項	Trade receivables	867,954	780,962
減:貿易應收款項減值撥備	Less: allowance for impairment of trade receivables	_	_
貿易應收款項 — 淨額	Trade receivables — net	867,954	780,962

於2023年及2022年12月31日,本集團貿易應收款項的公允價值與其賬面值相若。

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, fair values of the trade receivables of the Group approximated their carrying amounts.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

22 貿易應收款項(續)

(a) 基於發票日期的貿易應收款項之賬 齡分析如下:

22 Trade receivables (continued)

(a) Aging analysis of trade receivables based on the invoice date is as follows:

於12月31日 As at 31 December

	2023年	2022年
	2023	2022
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000
6個月內 Up	to 6 months 843,013	775,258
6至12個月 6 to	24,941 24,941	5,704
	867,954	780,962

本集團的貿易應收款項一般在 發票日期起的90天內收回。貿易 應收款項不收利息。 The Group's trade receivables are generally collectible within 90 days from the invoice date. No interest is charged on the trade receivables.

(b) 貿易應收款項以下列貨幣計值:

(b) Trade receivables were denominated in following currencies:

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣	RMB	866,178	780,177
美元	USD	1,126	464
港元	HKD	650	321
		867,954	780,962

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

22 貿易應收款項(續)

> 於2023年 及2022年12月31日, 由於該等應收款項並無拖欠記 錄,大部份貿易應收款項金額 隨後已結清,且並無發現不利 的當前狀況及預測未來經濟狀 況,故預期信貸虧損屬極小。

22 Trade receivables (continued)

(c) The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses of trade receivables, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition. The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of related customers and the corresponding historical credit losses. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the expected credit loss was minimal as these receivables had no history of default, majority amount of trade receivables were subsequently settled, and there was no unfavorable current condition and forecast future economic condition identified.

23 其他流動資產

23 Other current assets

		2023 年 2023 人民幣千元	2022年 2022 人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
按攤銷成本計量的金融工具: — 定期存款	Financial instruments at amortized costs: — Time deposits	226,623	767,106
— 採購返點應收款項	Purchase rebate receivables	9,567	9,439
— 應收利息	— Interest receivables	2,239	7,834
— 租賃按金	— Rental deposits	101	263
其他:	Others:		
— 預付臨床試驗費	 Prepaid clinical trial fee 	17,243	13,481
— 可收回增值税	 Value-added tax recoverable 	13,330	4,357
— 預付保險	 Prepaid insurance 	363	470
	— Others	4,735	1,485
		274,201	804,435

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

23 其他流動資產(續)

於2023年12月31日,其他流動資產的 賬面值主要以人民幣(2022年:美元) 計值,且與其於各報告日期的其他 資產的 資產的 資產應收供應商採購返點。 是應收供應商採購返點,風險較低 及應收利息,其被認為信貸風險較低 因此,截至2023年及2022年12月31日 上年度確認的減值撥備僅限於12個月 預期虧損。於2023年及2022年12月31日,由於該等應收款項並無拖欠12 日,由於該等應收款項並無拖欠記 無數現不利的當前狀況及預測未並 無數現不利的當前狀況及預測未必 濟狀況,故預期信貸虧損屬極小。

23 Other current assets (continued)

As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amounts of other current assets were primarily denominated in RMB (2022: USD) and approximated their fair values at each of the reporting dates. Other financial assets that are measured at amortized costs included time deposits, receivables from licensing income, purchase rebate receivables from the suppliers, rental deposits and interest receivables were considered to be of low credit risk, and thus the impairment provision recognized during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 was limited to 12 months expected losses. The expected credit losses were minimal as these receivables had no history of default, certain amount of receivables were subsequently settled, and there was no unfavorable current conditions and forecast future economic conditions identified as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

24 現金及現金等價物

24 Cash and cash equivalents

於12月31日 As at 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
現金存款及手頭現金	Cash in bank and in hand	93,563	330,182
3個月內到期的短期銀行存款	Short-term bank deposits with maturity less than 3 months	1,715,628	1,341,647
		1,809,191	1,671,829

以下列貨幣計值: Denominated in:

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
	·		
人民幣	RMB	1,453,562	701,118
美元	USD	297,819	466,882
港元	HKD	40,571	502,950
歐元	EUR	16,363	21
其他	Others	876	858
		1,809,191	1,671,829

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

25 按類別劃分的金融工具 25 Financial instruments by category

		2023 年 2023 人民幣千元	2022年 2022 人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
按合併資產負債表劃分的資產	Access on the control of the control		
按當所員歷貝價表劃刀的員歷按攤銷成本計量的金融資產:	Assets as per consolidated balance sheet Financial assets at amortized costs:		
一 現金及現金等價物	— Cash and cash equivalents	1,809,191	1,671,829
— 贸易應收款項	— Trade receivables	867.954	780,962
— 其他流動資產	Other current assets, excluding non-financial assets	007,554	700,302
(不包括非金融資產)	other current assets, excluding non-infancial assets	238,530	784,642
— 其他資產	— Other assets	7,046	5,301
	other assets	7,010	3,301
以公允價值計量且其變動	Financial assets at FVOCI:		
計入其他全面收益的金融資產	:		
以公允價值計量且其變動	— Long-term investments measured at FVOCI		
計入其他全面收益的			
長期投資		106,604	123,295
以公允價值計量且其變動	Financial assets at FVPL:		
計入當期損益的金融資產:			
— 以公允價值計量且其變動	— Short-term investments measured at FVPL		
計入當期損益的短期投資		187,476	202,701
— 以公允價值計量且其變動	 Long-term investments measured at FVPL 		
計入當期損益的長期投資		4,033	19,806
		3,220,834	3,588,536
按合併資產負債表劃分的負債	Liabilities as per consolidated balance sheet		
按攤銷成本計量的金融負債:	Financial liabilities at amortized costs:		
— 貿易及其他應付款項	— Trade and other payables		
(不包括應付薪金及花紅)	(excluding salaries and bonus payables)	469,978	279,966
— 非即期租賃負債	— Lease liabilities-non-current	19,768	7,355
— 即期租賃負債	— Lease liabilities-current	13,064	12,714
— 借款	— Borrowings	_	832,558
		502,810	1,132,593

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

26 金融資產及投資

(a) 以公允價值計量且其變動計 入當期損益的金融資產

以公允價值計量且其變動計入 當期損益的金融資產包括以下 投資:

26 Financial assets and investments

(a) Financial assets at FVPL

The financial assets at FVPL comprise the following investments:

於12月31日 As at 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets		
— 股權投資 — 上市(附註5)	— Equity investments — Listed (i) (Note 5)	24	1,106
— 股權投資 — 非上市(附註5)	— Equity investments — Unlisted (Note 5)	4,009	3,952
— 債務投資(ii)	— Debt investments (ii)	_	14,748
		4,033	19,806
流動資產	Current assets		
以公允價值計量且其變動	Short-term investments measured at FVPL (iii)		
計入當期損益的短期投資(iii)			
—可轉讓存款證	— Transferable certificate of deposits	187,476	61,701
— 結構性存款	— Structured deposits	_	141,000
		187,476	202,701

(b) 以公允價值計量且其變動計 入其他全面收益的金融資產

以公允價值計量且其變動計入 其他全面收益的金融資產包括 以下投資:

(b) Financial assets at FVOCI

The financial assets at FVOCI comprise the following investments:

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets		
— 股權投資 — 上市(i)	— Equity investments — Listed (i)	57,025	74,543
一股權投資 — 非上市(附註5)	— Equity investments — Unlisted (Note 5)	49,579	48,752
		106,604	123,295

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

26 金融資產及投資(續)

(b) 以公允價值計量且其變動計 入其他全面收益的金融資產 (續)

(i) 上市股權投資

上市證券的公允價值根據 活躍市場的收盤價確定, 其根據所報市價使用其公 允價值列賬,而不扣除交 易成本。

(ii) 債務投資

於2023年12月31日,本集團作出的具有嵌入(該等團作出的具有嵌入(該等被投資方主要從事製造),因被投資單位大學,因被投資單位,因數務困難,其總公允價值為零(2022年:人民幣14,748,000元)。

該等投資包括:(a)在被投 資方無法控制的贖回事件 中,本集團有權要求被投 資方以保證的預定固定金 額贖回本集團所持全部股 份的可贖回優先股;(b)附 帶一項可以指定價格購買 被投資方優先股的認股權 證的應收貸款;及(c)在發 牛被投資方無法控制的轉 換事件時可轉換為被投資 方的優先股的應收貸款。 在確定連同上述嵌入式特 徵的該等投資的現金流量 是否僅為支付本金及利息 時,該等債務投資會予以 整體考慮。因此,該等投 資作為債務工具入賬,並 作為以公允價值計量且其 變動計入當期損益的金融 資產計量。

26 Financial assets and investments (continued)

(b) Financial assets at FVOCI (continued)

(i) Equity investments Listed

The fair values of listed securities are determined based on the closing prices quoted in active markets. They are accounted for using their fair values based on quoted market prices without any deduction for transaction costs.

(ii) Debt investments

The Group made debt investments with embedded derivatives in certain investees which principally engaged in pharmaceutical business, the aggregated fair values of which were amounted to nil due to the financial difficulty of the investee as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB14,748,000).

These investments include: (a) redeemable preferred shares that the Group has the right to require and demand the investees to redeem all of the shares held by the Group at guaranteed predetermined fixed amount upon redemption events which are out of control of the investee; (b) loan receivables embedded with a warrant to acquire preferred shares of the investee at an assigned price; and (c) loan receivables that can be converted into preferred shares of the investee upon conversion events which are out of control of the investee. These investments, together with the above embedded features are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest. Accordingly, they are accounted for as debt instruments and measured at financial assets at FVPL.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

26 金融資產及投資(續)

(b) 以公允價值計量且其變動計 入其他全面收益的金融資產 (續)

(iii) 以公允價值計量且其變 動計入當期損益的短期 投資

(iv) 損益內確認的金額

26 Financial assets and investments (continued)

(b) Financial assets at FVOCI (continued)

(iii) Short-term investments measured at FVPL

The short-term investments measured at FVPL are structured deposits and transferable certificate of deposits, denominated in RMB and USD, with expected rates of return ranging from 3.05% to 3.55% per annum for the years ended 31 December 2023 (2022: 2.70% to 3.55%). The returns on all of these investments are not guaranteed, hence their contractual cash flows do not qualify for solely payments of principal and interest. Therefore, they are measured at FVPL. None of these investments were past due.

The fair values are based on cash flow discounted using the expected return based on management judgment and the fair value of structured deposits and transferable certificate of deposits are within level 2, level 3 and level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, respectively.

(iv) Amounts recognized in profit or loss

截至12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
股權投資的公允價值變動	Fair value changes on equity investments	(517)	(519)
債務投資的公允價值變動	Fair value changes on debt investments	(15,036)	(74,179)
以公允價值計量且其變動	Fair value changes on short-term investments		
計入當期損益的短期投資的	measured at FVPL		
公允價值變動			
— 可轉讓存款證	— Transferable certificate of deposits	2,080	2,042
— 結構性存款	— Structured deposits	1,042	2,183

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

26 金融資產及投資(續)

- (b) 以公允價值計量且其變動計 入其他全面收益的金融資產 (續)
 - (v) 於其他全面收益中確認 的金額

26 Financial assets and investments (continued)

- (b) Financial assets at FVOCI (continued)
 - (v) Amounts recognized in OCI

截至12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December

,	
2023年	2022年
2023	2022
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB'000	RMB'000
(18,599)	(221,573)

以公允價值計量且其變動

Fair value changes on equity investments measured at

計入其他全面收益的股權投資

的公允價值變動

27 以股份為基礎的付款

(a) 購股權

(i) 2018年計劃及2020年 計劃

於2018年6月, Silver Biotech Elements Limited (「SBE」, 本集團於2020年 重組前的持股公司)採納 僱員激勵計劃(「2018年計 劃」), 允許向本集團僱員 及董事授出股購票期股權。 2018年計劃初步預留共 4.22百萬股 SBE 普通股(佔 其53.41百萬股普通股的 7.78%) 用於發行。2018年 計劃項下購股票期權的合 約期限自授出日期起為期 八年。有關授予本集團僱 員的購股票期權的股票酬 金開支被下推並記入本集 團合併財務報表。

27 Share-based payments

- (a) Share options
 - (i) 2018 Plan and 2020 Plan

In June 2018, Silver Biotech Elements Limited ("SBE"), the holding company before the reorganization of the Group in 2020, adopted an employee incentive plan (the "2018 Plan"), which permits the grant of stock options to the employees and directors of the Group. Under the 2018 Plan, a total of 4.22 million, representing 7.78% of 53.41 million common stocks of SBE were initially reserved for issuance. The stock options under the 2018 Plan have a contractual term of eight years from the grant date. Stock based compensation expenses related to the stock options granted to the Group's employees were pushed down and recorded in the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

27 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

(a) 購股權(續)

(i) 2018年計劃及2020年 計劃(續)

於2018年12月、2019年4 月、2020年4月 及2020年 7月, SBE 分別向本集團 僱 員 授 出3,878,500份、 339.000份、936.121份 及 650,000份 購 股 票 期 權。 所有購股票期權的授出均 附帶績效條件,規定須達 到公司整體績效目標以及 個體的個人績效目標後方 可歸屬,而倘可能達到績 效目標,則在必要服務期 內確認薪酬成本。本集團 於各報告期末重新評估達 致績效條件的可能性,並 對評估變更記錄累積追加 調整。

於2020年6月,本公司在重組的同時採納另一項購股權激勵計劃(「2020年計劃」)以替代2018年計劃,其條款及條件與SBE的2018年計劃相同,惟每股SBE股份按比例分為本公司10股股份。重組後,本本公公司10股股權比例與SBE保持一致的股權比例與SBE保持一致的股權比例與SBE保持一致的份酬金開支。

於2022年3月24日及2023年3月30日,本公司董事會批准自合併保留盈利中宣政股息239,300,000港元。有關股息239,300,000港元。有關股息已分別於2022年6月22日及2023年6月28日支行使價從2.3962港元。在股權之行使價從2.3962港元自動調下投予的關本之行使價從2.3962港元自動調行金額整確認增量股份酬金開支。

27 Share-based payments (continued)

(a) Share options (continued)

(i) 2018 Plan and 2020 Plan (continued)

In December 2018, April 2019, April 2020 and July 2020, SBE granted 3,878,500, 339,000, 936,121 and 650,000 stock options to the Group's employees, respectively. All of the stock options were granted with performance conditions of which vesting is contingent upon meeting company-wide performance goals and respective individual's personal performance goals, compensation cost is recognized over the requisite service period if it is probable that the performance target will be achieved. The Group reassesses the probability of achieving the performance conditions at the end of each reporting period and records cumulative catch-up adjustments for any changes to its assessment.

In June 2020, together with the reorganization, the Company adopted another option incentive plan (the "2020 Plan") to replace the 2018 Plan, and its terms and conditions remain the same as the 2018 Plan of SBE except that each share of SBE proportionally splits into 10 shares of the Company. The Company's proportion of equity remained the same as SBE after the reorganization. No incremental share-based compensation expense was recognized as a result of this modification.

On 24 March 2022 and 30 March 2023, the Company's board of directors approved and declared dividends of approximately HKD239.3 million and HKD241.2 million from its consolidated retained earnings. Such dividends were paid on 22 June 2022 and 28 June 2023, respectively. Exercise prices for the share options granted under the 2020 Plan are automatically adjusted from HKD2.3962 to HKD2.0462, and to HKD1.6562 based on the proportion of this dividend distribution. No incremental share-based compensation expense was recognized as a result of the exercise price adjustment.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

27 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

(a) 購股權(續)

(i) 2018年計劃及2020年 計劃(續)

下表概述截至2023年及 2022年12月31日止年度根 據2020年計劃授予本集團 僱員的購股票期權活動:

27 Share-based payments (continued)

(a) Share options (continued)

(i) 2018 Plan and 2020 Plan (continued)

The following table summarizes activities of stock options granted to the Group's employees under the 2020 Plan for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022:

		截至2023年12月	截至2023年12月31日止年度		月31日止年度
		Year ended 31 D	Year ended 31 December 2023		ecember 2022
		每份購股權		每份購股權	
		的平均行使價		的平均行使價	
		(港元)	購股權數量	(港元)	購股權數量
		Average		Average	
		exercise price		exercise price	
		per option	Number of	per option	Number of
		(HKD)	options	(HKD)	options
於年初	As at beginning of year	2.0462	44,947,442	2.3962	54,778,710
於年內行使	Exercised during the year	1.8247	(6,824,100)	2.2171	(8,575,000)
於年內沒收	Forfeited during the year	_	_	2.3962	(1,256,268)
於年末	As at year end	1.6562	38,123,342	2.0462	44,947,442
於年末歸屬及可行使	Vested and exercisable at year end	1.6562	38,123,342	2.0462	44,947,442

截 至2023年12月31日 止 年 度,確認作為僱員福利開 支部分的2020年計劃下以 股份為基礎的付款交易的 總開支為零(2022年:人民 幣8,169,000元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023, total expenses arising from share-based payments transactions under the 2020 Plan recognized as part of employee benefit expense were nil (2022: RMB8,169,000).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

27 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

(a) 購股權(續)

(i) 2018年計劃及2020年 計劃(續)

於截至2023年及2022年12 月31日止年末2020年計劃 項下尚未行使的購股權的 到期日及行使價如下:

27 Share-based payments (continued)

(a) Share options (continued)

(i) 2018 Plan and 2020 Plan (continued)

Share options outstanding under the 2020 Plan as at the end of the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

		截至2023年12月31日止年度		截至2022年12月31日止年度	
		Year ended 31	Year ended 31 December 2023		December 2022
授出日期	到期日	行使價	購股權	行使價	購股權
Grant Date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Share options	Exercise price	Share options
2018年12月15日	2026年12月15日	1.6562港元	25,513,100	2.0462港元	30,338,200
15 December 2018	15 December 2026	HKD1.6562	25,513,100	HKD2.0462	30,338,200
2019年4月1日	2027年4月1日	1.6562港元	1,148,000	2.0462港元	1,657,000
1 April 2019	1 April 2027	HKD1.6562	1,148,000	HKD2.0462	1,657,000
2020年4月1日	2028年4月1日	1.6562港元	5,492,242	2.0462港元	6,802,242
1 April 2020	1 April 2028	HKD1.6562	5,492,242	HKD2.0462	6,802,242
2020年7月1日	2028年7月1日	1.6562港元	5,970,000	2.0462港元	6,150,000
1 July 2020	1 July 2028	HKD1.6562	5,970,000	HKD2.0462	6,150,000
合計			38,123,342		44,947,442
Total			38,123,342		44,947,442
於年末尚未行使購股權的	於年末尚未行使購股權的加權平均剩餘合約期限		3.40年		5.46年
Weighted average remain	ing contractual life of options outstanding at end of year		3.40 years		5.46 years

(ii) 首次公開發售後購股權 計劃

(ii) Post-IPO Option Plan

On 22 January 2021, the Company adopted a Post-IPO Option Plan, under which stock options with a total of no more than 67.78 million shares can be granted to the selected participants. The stock options under the Post-IPO Option Plan have a contractual term of ten years from the grant date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

27 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

(a) 購股權(續)

(ii) 首次公開發售後購股權 計劃(續)

下表概述截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度根據首次公開發售後購股權計劃授予本集團僱員的購股票期權活動:

27 Share-based payments (continued)

(a) Share options (continued)

(ii) Post-IPO Option Plan (continued)

In 2023, the Company granted 17,511,600 (2022: 19,208,100) stock options to the Group's employees under the Post-IPO Option Plan. All of the stock options were granted with performance conditions of which vesting is contingent upon meeting company-wide performance goals and respective individual's personal performance goals, compensation cost is recognized over the requisite service period if it is probable that the performance target will be achieved.

The following table summarizes activities of stock options granted to the Group's employees under the Post-IPO Option Plan for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022:

		截至2023年12月	截至2023年12月31日止年度		月31日止年度
		Year ended 31 D	Year ended 31 December 2023		ecember 2022
		每股購股權 平均行使價	ᅉ	每股購股權 平均行使價	g# NA 13t AL C
		(港元) Average exercise	購股權數目	(港 元) Average exercise	購股權數目
		price per	Number	price per	Number
		option (HKD)	of options	option (HKD)	of options
於年初	As at beginning of year	8.22	21,510,070	10.16	3,745,100
年內授出	Granted during the year	10.50	17,511,600	7.89	19,208,100
年內行使	Exercised during the year	8.30	(1,789,700)	_	_
年內沒收	Forfeited during the year	8.51	(2,440,480)	8.83	(1,443,130)
於年末	As at year end	9.34	34,791,490	8.22	21,510,070
於年末歸屬及可行使	Vested and exercisable at year end	8.49	9,008,140	9.74	1,467,820

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

27 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

(a) 購股權(續)

(ii) 首次公開發售後購股權 計劃(續)

截至2023年12月31日止年度,確認為僱員福利開支一部分的首次公開發售後購股權計劃項下以股份為基礎的付款交易整生的開支總額為人民幣51,649,000元(2022年:人民幣35,950,000元)。

於截至2023年及2022年12 月31日止年度末,首次公開發售後購股權計劃項下 尚未行使購股權的到期日 及行使價如下:

27 Share-based payments (continued)

(a) Share options (continued)

(ii) Post-IPO Option Plan (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2023, total expenses arising from share-based payments transactions under the Post-IPO Option Plan recognized as part of employee benefit expense were amounted to RMB51,649,000 (2022: RMB35,950,000).

Share options outstanding under the Post-IPO Option Plan as at the end of the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

		截至2023年12	!月31 日止年度	截至2022年12	月31日止年度
		Year ended 31	December 2023	Year ended 31 December 202	
授出日期	到期日	行使價	購股權	行使價	購股權
Grant Date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Share options	Exercise price	Share options
於2021年內	2031年8月31日及2031年11月30日	9.29港元 —		9.29港元 —	
		10.18港元	2,385,560	10.18港元	3,176,970
During the year of 2021	31 August 2031 and 30 November 2031	HKD9.29 -		HKD9.29 -	
		HKD10.18	2,385,560	HKD10.18	3,176,970
於2022年內	2030年4月18日及2032年11月11日	6.33港元 —		6.33港元 —	
		8.40港元	15,090,330	8.40港元	18,333,100
During the year of 2022	18 April 2030 and 11 November 2032	HKD6.33 -		HKD6.33 -	
		HKD8.40	15,090,330	HKD8.40	18,333,100
於2023年內	2033年6月5日及2033年11月30日	10.434港元 —			
		13.40港元	17,315,600	不適用	不適用
During the year of 2023	5 June 2033 and 30 November 2033	HKD10.434 -			
		HKD13.40	17,315,600	NA	NA
合計			34,791,490		21,510,070
Total			34,791,490		21,510,070
於年末尚未行使購股權的加	1權平均剩餘合約期限		8.01年		7.61年
	contractual life of options outstanding at end of year		8.01 years		7.61 years
		, , , , ,		,	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

27 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

(a) 購股權(續)

(ii) 首次公開發售後購股權 計劃(續)

所授出購股權的公允 價值

根據首次公開發售後購股權計劃授出的每份購股權的公允價值,乃結合下表所列假設(或其範圍)使用二項式期權定價模型於每個授出日期估計:

27 Share-based payments (continued)

(a) Share options (continued)

(ii) Post-IPO Option Plan (continued)

Fair value of options granted

The fair value of each option granted under the Post-IPO Option Plan were estimated on the date of each grant using the binomial option pricing model with the assumptions (or ranges thereof) in the following table:

截至12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
行使價(港元)	Exercise price (HKD)	10.434-13.40	6.33-8.40
購股權期限	Option life	10年	8-10年
		10 years	8–10 years
相關股份的預期價格波動	Expected price volatility of the underlying shares	46.70%-47.93%	47.93%-48.71%
無風險利率	Risk-free interest rate	3.89%-4.43%	1.94%-4.04%
於授出日期每份購股權的	Fair value per option at grant date (HKD)		
公允價值(港元)		4.60-5.20	2.95–3.89

(b) 受限制股份單位

於2021年1月22日,本公司股東 批准及採納以股份為基**後**受 批准及採納以股份為**售後**受 制股份單位計劃」),據此, 高合共6,689,963股股份將發 及授予本集團若干董事、 員以及其他關鍵貢獻者及僱條 性於上市後須受若干歸屬條件 規限。

於2023年,本公司根據首次公開發售後受限制股份單位計劃 授出2,330,600份(2022年: 2,600,000份)受限制股份單位。

(b) RSUs

On 22 January 2021, the Company's shareholders approved and adopted a share-based payment scheme (the "**Post-IPO RSU Plan**"), under which a total number of 6,689,963 shares of the Company will be issued and granted to certain directors, officers, and other key contributors and employees of the Group subject to certain vesting conditions after the Listing.

In 2023, the Company granted 2,330,600 (2022: 2,600,000) of RSUs under the Post-IPO RSU Plan.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

27 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

(b) 受限制股份單位(續)

所有受限制股份單位均附帶績 效條件授出,其歸屬取決於是 否達成全公司的績效目標及個 別人十的個人績效目標,倘可能 達成績效目標,則薪酬成本於 必要服務期內確認。根據首次 公開發售後受限制股份單位計 劃授出的受限制股份單位於兩 年內歸屬。

下表概述截至2023年及2022年 12月31日止年度根據首次公開發 售後受限制股份單位計劃授予 本集團僱員的受限制股份單位 活動:

27 Share-based payments (continued)

(b) RSUs (continued)

All of the RSUs were granted with performance conditions of which vesting is contingent upon meeting company-wide performance goals and respective individual's personal performance goals, compensation cost is recognized over the requisite service period if it is probable that the performance target will be achieved. RSUs granted under the Post IPO RSU Plan vest in two years.

The following table summarizes activities of RSUs granted to the Group's employees under the Post-IPO RSU Plan for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022:

			截至2023年12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December 2023		月31日止年度 December 2022
		加權平均 每股公允價值 (港元) Weighted average grant	每股公允價值 受限制股份 (港元) 單位的數目 Weighted		受限制股份 單位的數目
		fate fair value	Number	fate fair value	Number
		per share (HKD)	of RSUs	per share (HKD)	of RSUs
於年初	As at beginning of year	7.80	2,519,000		_
年內授出 年內行使	Granted during the year Exercised during the year	10.18 7.81	2,330,600 (1,179,500)	7.80	2,600,000
年內沒收	Forfeited during the year	7.74	(160,750)	7.78	(81,000)
於年末	As at year end	9.38	3,509,350	7.80	2,519,000

截至2023年12月31日止年度,確 認為僱員福利開支一部分的首次 公開發售後購股權計劃項下以 股份為基礎的付款交易產生的 開支總額為人民幣15,318,000元 (2022年:人民幣8,224,000元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023, total expenses arising from share-based payments transactions under the Post-IPO RSU Plan recognized as part of employee benefit expense were amounted to RMB15,318,000 (2022: RMB8,224,000).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

27 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

(c) 因以股份為基礎的付款交易 產生的開支

於該年內確認作為僱員福利開支部分以股份為基礎的付款交易(包括購股權計劃及受限制股份單位)的總開支如下:

27 Share-based payments (continued)

(c) Expenses arising from share-based payments transactions

Total expenses arising from share-based payments transactions (including share options and RSUs) recognized during the year as part of employee benefit expense were as follows:

截至12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December

2023年	2022年
2023	2022
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB'000	RMB'000
2,230	1,412

確認於:	Recognized in:		
收入成本	Cost of revenue	2,230	1,412
銷售及營銷開支	Sales and marketing expenses	29,165	25,211
行政開支	Administrative expenses	25,379	17,260
研發開支	R&D expenses	10,193	8,460
股份酬金開支總額	Total share-based compensation expenses	66,967	52,343

28 貿易及其他應付款項

28 Trade and other payables

於12月31日 As at 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
貿易應付款項(a)	Trade payables (a)	236,591	102,717
應付薪金及花紅	Salaries and bonus payable	153,122	138,786
應付營銷及推廣開支	Payables for marketing and promotion expenses	106,706	65,999
應付專業服務費	Payables for professional service fee	46,939	28,322
應付研發測試及臨床試驗費	Payables for testing and clinical trial fees for R&D	42,184	32,630
其他	Others	37,558	50,298
		623,100	418,752

貿易應付款項為無抵押,通常於確認 後30日內支付。貿易應付款項乃透過 電子現金轉賬結算,而本集團無法法 回、停止或取消付款、因電子支付指 令而喪失實際取得現金的能力,且未 能結算風險極小時,則終止確認有關 貿易應付款項。

Trade payables are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Where trade payables are settled via electronic cash transfer, they are derecognised when the Group has no ability to withdraw, stop or cancel the payment, has lost the practical ability to access the cash as a result of the electronic payment instruction, and the risk of a settlement not occurring is insignificant.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

28 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

(a) 貿易應付款項(發票日期計算)於 各相關資產負債表日的賬齡分析 如下:

28 Trade and other payables (continued)

(a) Aging analysis of the trade payables based on invoice date at the respective balances sheet dates are as follows:

於12月31日 As at 31 December

	715 41 51 1	occombe.
	2023年	2022年
	2023	2022
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000
少於一年 Less than 1 year	236,591	102,717

29 租賃負債

29 Lease liabilities

	2023年	2022年
	2023	2022
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Minimum lease payments due		
— Within 1 year	13,636	12,850
 Between 1 and 2 years 	9,912	6,322
 Between 2 and 5 years 	10,862	1,304
	34,410	20,476
Less: future finance charges	(1,578)	(407)
Present value of lease liabilities	32,832	20,069
Within 1 year	13,064	12,714
Between 1 and 2 years	9,135	6,191
Between 2 and 5 years	10,633	1,164
	32,832	20,069
	 Within 1 year Between 1 and 2 years Between 2 and 5 years Less: future finance charges Present value of lease liabilities Within 1 year Between 1 and 2 years	A 民幣千元 RMB'000 Minimum lease payments due - Within 1 year 13,636 - Between 1 and 2 years 9,912 - Between 2 and 5 years 10,862 Less: future finance charges (1,578) Present value of lease liabilities 32,832 Within 1 year 13,064 Between 1 and 2 years 9,135 Between 2 and 5 years 10,633

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

30 借款

30 Borrowings

於12月31日 As at 31 December

		AS at 51 L	As at 51 December	
		2023年	2022年	
		2023	2022	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
一年後到期的長期借款	Long-term borrowings due after one year	_	414,682	
流動負債	Current liabilities			
一年內到期的長期借款	Long-term borrowings due within one year	_	417,876	

於2020年6月,本公司的全資附屬公司SPIL自中國民生銀行股份有限公司香港分行(「貸款人」)獲得一項總額為300百萬美元的銀行融資(「融資」),SPIL(及其附屬公司(倘適用))的絕大部分資產及普通股均被質押作為該融資的抵押品。

In June 2020, SPIL, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, obtained a bank facility (the "**Facility**") with a total amount of USD300 million from China Minsheng Banking Corp., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch (the "**Lender**") with substantially all of SPIL's (and its subsidiaries', as applicable) assets and common stocks pledged as security for the Facility.

於2020年6月,一筆金額為300百萬美元(相當於人民幣2,123,850,000元)的五年期浮動利率貸款(「貸款」)自該該領中提取。20%的本金首期還憲額有提交首次公開發售(「首次公開發售(「首次公開發售」)申請或在2020年11月4日前完成首次公開發售,首期還款須於2020年11月4日作出:(ii)倘本公司已提交首次公開發售申請惟尚未在2020年11月4日作出;在前發售,首則還款須在(a)未及首次公開發售後的一個月;及(b)2021年3月31日(以較早者為準)之前作出。

In June 2020, a five-year loan of USD300 million (equivalent to RMB2,123,850,000) (the "Loan") with floating rate was drawn down from the Facility. The first installment of 20% principal amount shall be repaid according to the following schedule: (i) if the Company has not yet submitted its initial public offering ("IPO") application or has completed its IPO by 4 November 2020, the first installment shall be made on 4 November 2020; (ii) if the Company has submitted IPO application but not yet completed its IPO before 4 November 2020, the first installment shall be made until the earlier of (a) one month after the Company's IPO and (b) 31 March 2021.

本公司於2021年3月3日在香港聯交所主板完成首次公開發售。根據還款時間表,SPIL已分別於2021年3月31日、2021年11月4日及2023年11月6日償還首期60百萬美元、第二期60百萬美元、第三期60百萬美元及第四期60百萬美元。SPIL已於2023年11月20日提前償還最後一期60百萬美元(相當於人民幣429,672,000元)。

The Company completed its IPO on the Main Board of the HKEx on 3 March 2021. According to the repayments schedule, SPIL repaid the first four installments each of USD60 million on 31 March 2021, 4 November 2021, 4 November 2022, and 6 November 2023, respectively. SPIL repaid the last installment of USD60 million (equivalent to RMB429,672,000) on 20 November 2023, which was ahead of schedule.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

30 借款(續)

債務發行成本及利息開支

SPIL 就該融資產生795,000美元(相當於人民幣5,601,000元)的成本,該成本被記作債務發行成本,抵銷該借款的賬面值。該債務發行成本將使用實際利率法在債務的存續期內被攤銷至利息開支。

截 至2023年及2022年12月31日 止 年度,與該融資協議有關的利息開支分別為8,157,000美元(相當於人民幣57,469,000元)及6,696,000美元(相當於人民幣45,497,000元)。截至2023年12月31日止年度的平均利率為7.28%(2022年: 4.00%)。

31 遞延所得税

30 Borrowings (continued)

Debt Issuance Costs and Interest Expense

SPIL incurred a cost of USD795,000 (equivalent to RMB5,601,000) in connection with the Facility, and the costs were recorded as debt issuance costs offsetting the carrying value of the borrowings. The debt issuance costs are being amortized to interest expense over the life of the debt using the effective interest method.

For the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, interest expenses in connection with the Facility Agreement was USD8,157,000 (equivalent to RMB57,469,000) and USD6,696,000 (equivalent to RMB45,497,000), respectively. The average interest rate during the year ended 31 December 2023 was 7.28% (2022: 4.00%).

31 Deferred income taxes

		As at 31 December	
		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
遞延税項資產: — 將於12個月內結算的 遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets: — Deferred tax assets to be settled within 12 months	_	651
遞延税項負債: — 將於12個月後結算的 遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities: — Deferred tax liabilities to be settled after 12 months	(16,963)	(14,570)

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

31 遞延所得税(續)

截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度, 遞延所得税資產與負債變動(未計及 相同司法管轄區內抵銷結餘)如下所示:

31 Deferred income taxes (continued)

The movements in deferred income tax assets and liabilities for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same jurisdiction, are as follows:

示:		
		遞延税項資產 —
		存貨報廢撥備
		Deferred tax
		assets —
		Provision for
		inventory
		obsolescence
		人民幣千元
		RMB'000
於2022年1月1日	As of 1 January 2022	1,520
計入損益賬	Credited to profit or loss	(869)
H / \ I \ III \ III	Credited to profit of 1033	(003)
於2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022	651
於2023年1月1日	As of 1 January 2023	651
計入損益賬	Credited to profit or loss	(651)
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	_
		近过处元台库
		遞延税項負債 — 預扣税
		명 대 전 Deferred tax
		liabilities —
		withholding tax
		人民幣千元
		RMB'000
Nana # 4 F 4 F		(4.4.004)
於2022年1月1日	As of 1 January 2022	(14,981)
計入損益賬	Credited to profit or loss	411
於2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022	(14,570)
於2023年1月1日	As of 1 January 2022	(44 570)
計入損益賬	As of 1 January 2023 Credited to profit or loss	(14,570) (2,393)
	Credited to profit of loss	(2,595)
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	(16,963)

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

31 遞延所得税(續)

在相關稅項利益有可能通過未來應課稅利潤變現時,方會就所結轉認所結轉項所捐發現時,方會就所結轉認述本稅損及可抵扣暫時性差額招日一(2022年:人民幣23,089,000元)的虧本集團並未就人民幣23,089,000元)的虧本集團於得稅資產,因為根收入的虧實現。本集團於中國內地域年之的附屬公司的稅項虧損可無限期結轉。的附屬公司的稅項虧損可無限期結轉

31 Deferred income taxes (continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for tax losses carrying forwards and deductible temporary differences to the extent that realization of the related tax benefits through the future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not recognize deferred income tax assets in respect of losses of RMB21,084,000 (2022: RMB23,089,000) because it is unlikely to be realised based on the Group's estimate of future tax income of its subsidiaries. The tax losses of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China will expire from 2024 to 2028. Tax losses of the Group's subsidiaries incorporated in Hong Kong can be carried forward indefinitely.

32 股本及股份溢價

32 Share capital and share premium

	已發行普通股			
		股本	股份溢價	合計
	ordinary shares	Share	Share	
	issued	capital	premium	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 January 2023	694,755,763	237	1,710,429	1,710,666
Exercise of share options	3,361,300	1	24,544	24,545
Issuance of ordinary shares				
to the Option Trust (a)	10,000,000	4	_	4
Repurchase and cancellation				
of ordinary shares (b)	(81,144,291)	(26)	(720,455)	(720,481)
Exercise of RSUs (Note 33(a))	_		(1)	(1)
At 31 December 2023	626,972,772	216	1,014,517	1,014,733
	口祭行並通股			
		股木	股份送價	合計
	~~=	从个		H BI
		Share	Share	
				Total
	133000			人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 January 2022	691 274 262	າວາ	1 727 026	1,727,258
		232		1,727,238
·	1,200,000		10,129	10,129
*				
•	16,750,000	6	_	6
-	,,			
of ordinary shares (b)	(4,576,500)	(1)	(32,726)	(32,727)
At 31 December 2022	694,755,763	237	1,710,429	1,710,666
	Issuance of ordinary shares to the Option Trust (a) Repurchase and cancellation of ordinary shares (b) Exercise of RSUs (Note 33(a)) At 31 December 2023 At 1 January 2022 Exercise of share options Issuance of ordinary shares to SciClone Option Management Limited ("the Option Trust") (a) Repurchase and cancellation of ordinary shares (b)	At 1 January 2023 Exercise of share options Issuance of ordinary shares to the Option Trust (a) Exercise of RSUs (Note 33(a)) At 31 December 2023 At 1 January 2022 Exercise of share options Issuance of ordinary shares At 1 January 2022 Exercise of share options Issuance of ordinary shares to SciClone Option Management Limited ("the Option Trust") (a) Repurchase and cancellation of ordinary shares (b) (81,144,291) EW行普通股 数量 Number of ordinary shares issued	数量 Number of ordinary shares issued	数量 Number of ordinary shares issued

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

32 股本及股份溢價(續)

(a) 截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司向購股權信託發行及配發合共10,000,000股(2022年: 16,750,000股)普通股,以根據本公司2020年計劃及首次公開發售後購股權計劃以信託方式為及代表承授人持有普通股。

於2023年12月31日 · 購 股 權 信 託持有的17,630,500股股份入賬 列作本公司庫存股份(2022年: 12,883,000股股份)。

(b) 截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司購回80,744,291股發行在外普通股,總代價為人民幣720,481,000元。本公司已註銷81,144,291股股份,其中包括於2022年12月31日已購回佐未銷註的400,000股股份。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本公司購回4,976,500股發行在外普通股,總代價為人民幣32,833,000元,其中4,576,500股股份已註銷,而餘下400,000股股份於2022年12月31日入賬列作本公司庫存股份。

32 Share capital and share premium (continued)

(a) During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company issued and allotted total 10,000,000 (2022: 16,750,000) ordinary shares to the Option Trust for the purpose of holding ordinary shares under the Company's 2020 Plan and Post-IPO Option Plan on trust for and on behalf of the grantees.

As of 31 December 2023, 17,630,500 shares held in the Option Trust are accounted for as treasury shares of the Company (2022: 12,883,000 shares).

(b) During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company repurchased 80,744,291 outstanding ordinary shares with a total consideration of RMB720,481,000. The Company cancelled 81,144,291 shares, which included 400,000 shares that were repurchased but not yet cancelled as of 31 December 2022.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company repurchased 4,976,500 outstanding ordinary shares with a total consideration of RMB32,833,000, among which 4,576,500 shares were cancelled and the rest of 400,000 shares are accounted for as treasury shares of the Company as at 31 December 2022.

33 其他股權

33 Other equity

			於2023年12月31日 As at 31 December 2023		2月31日 mber 2022
		股份 Shares	人民幣千元 RMB′000		
庫存股份	Treasury shares	23,140,963	8	19,972,963	7

庫存股份為股份信託為發行本公司僱 員股份計劃項下股份所持有的本公司 股份。 Treasury shares are shares in the Company that are held by share trusts for the purpose of issuing shares under the Company's employee share schemes.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

33 其他股權(續)

33 Other equity (continued)

		股份數目	人民幣千元
		Number	DMD/000
		of shares	RMB'000
於2023年1月1日	At 1 January 2023	19,972,963	7
向購股權信託發行普通股	Issuance of ordinary shares to the Option Trust (Note 32(a))		
(附註32(a))		10,000,000	4
購回普通股(附註32(b))	Repurchase of ordinary shares (Note 32(b))	80,744,291	26
註銷普通股(附註32(b))	Cancellation of ordinary shares (Note 32(b))	(81,144,291)	(26)
購股權信託中已行使的購股權	Share options exercised held in the Option Trust	(5,252,500)	(2)
受限制股份單位信託下行使受	RSUs exercised under the RSU Trust (a)		
限制股份單位(a)		(1,179,500)	(1)
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	23,140,963	8
		股份數目	人民幣千元
		Number	
		of shares	RMB'000
於2022年1月1日	At 1 January 2022	10,189,963	3
向購股權信託發行普通股(附	Issuance of ordinary shares to the Option Trust (Note 32(a))		
註32(a))		16,750,000	6
購回普通股(附註32(b))	Repurchase of ordinary shares (Note 32(b))	4,976,500	1
註銷普通股(附註32(b))	Cancellation of ordinary shares (Note 32(b))	(4,576,500)	(1)
購股權信託中已行使的購股權	Share options exercised held in the Option Trust	(7,367,000)	(2)
於2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022	19,972,963	7

- (a) 於2021年2月,本公司向SCLN ESOP Management Limited(「受限制股份單位信託」)發行及配發合共6,689,963股普通股。該等普通股獲分配予受限制股份單位信託以根據本公司的首次公開發售後受限制股份單位計劃以信託形式代表承授人持有股份。
 - 截至2023年12月31日,受限制股份單位信託持有的5,510,463股股份入賬列作本公司庫存股份(2022年:6,689,963股股份)。
- (a) In February 2021, the Company issued and allotted an aggregate of 6,689,963 ordinary shares to SCLN ESOP Management Limited ("the RSU Trust"). Such ordinary shares were directed to the RSU Trust for the purpose of holding ordinary shares under the Company's Post-IPO RSU Plan on trust for and on behalf of the grantees.

As of 31 December 2023, 5,510,463 shares held in the RSU Trust are accounted for as treasury shares of the Company (2022: 6,689,963 shares).

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

34 其他儲備

34 Other reserve

		以公允價值計量					
		且其變動計入其					
		他全面收益的金	以股份為基礎的				
		融資產	薪酬儲備	匯兑差額	法定盈餘公積	資本公積	合計
			Share-based	Currency			
		Financial asset	compensation	translation	Statutory		
		at FVOCI	reserve	differences	surplus reserve	Capital reserve	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	· 人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Manage				(12.22)		/	
於2022年1月1日的結餘	Balance at 1 January 2022	293,938	226,067	(13,688)	25,841	(232,399)	299,759
外幣匯兑	Foreign currency translation	_	_	209,770	_	_	209,770
轉撥至法定儲備(a)	Appropriation to statutory						
	reserves (a)	_	_	_	7,185	_	7,185
以公允價值計量且其變動計	Changes in the fair value of equity						
入其他全面收益的股權	investments at FVOCI						
投資的公允價值變動		(221,573)	_	_	_	_	(221,573)
股份薪酬開支	Share-based compensation expenses	_	52,343		_		52,343
於 2022 年1 2 月31日的結餘	Balance at 31 December 2022	72,365	278,410	196,082	33,026	(232,399)	347,484
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,	-,			(- 7 7	
於2023年1月1日的結餘	Balance at 1 January 2023	72,365	278,410	196,082	33,026	(232,399)	347,484
外幣匯兌	Foreign currency translation	_	_	10,022	_	_	10,022
轉撥至法定儲備(a)	Appropriation to statutory						
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	reserves (a)	_	_	_	4,690	_	4,690
以公允價值計量且其變動計	Changes in the fair value of equity						
入其他全面收益的股權	investments at FVOCI						
投資的公允價值變動		(18,599)	_	_	_	_	(18,599
股份薪酬開支	Share-based compensation expenses	_	66,967	_	_	_	66,967

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

34 其他儲備(續)

34 Other reserve (continued)

In accordance with the Company Law of the PRC and the stipulated provisions of the articles of association of subsidiaries incorporated with limited liabilities in Mainland China, appropriation of net profits (after offsetting accumulated losses from prior years) should be made by these companies to their respective statutory surplus reserve funds and discretionary reserve funds before distributions are made to the equity owners. The percentage of appropriation to statutory surplus reserve fund is 10%. The amount to be transferred to discretionary reserve fund is determined by the equity owners of these companies. When the balance of the statutory surplus reserve fund reaches 50% of the registered capital, such transfer needs not to be made. Both statutory surplus reserve fund and discretionary reserves fund can be capitalized as capital of an enterprise, provided that the remaining statutory surplus reserve fund shall not be less than 25% of the registered capital.

In addition, in accordance with the Law of the PRC on Enterprises with Foreign Investments and the stipulated provisions of the articles of association of wholly owned foreign subsidiaries in Mainland China, appropriation from net profits (after offsetting accumulated losses brought forward from prior years) should be made by these companies to their respective reserve fund. The percentage of net profit to be appropriated to the reserve fund is not less than 10% of the net profit. When the balance of the reserve fund reaches 50% of the registered capital, such transfer needs not to be made. With approvals obtained from respective boards of directors of these companies, the Reserve Fund can be used to offset accumulated deficit or to increase capital.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

35 現金流量信息

(a) 經營所得的現金

35 Cash flow information

(a) Cash generated from operations

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
所得税前利潤	Profit before income tax	1,217,397	940,080
就下列各項作出調整:	Adjustments for:		
物業、廠房及設備折舊	Depreciation of PP&E	4,769	3,592
無形資產攤銷	Amortization of intangible assets	127,928	101,951
使用權資產攤銷	Amortization of right-of-use assets	12,818	13,354
按公允價值計入當期損益的	Change in fair value of financial assets at FVPL		
金融資產的公允價值變動		12,431	70,473
存貨撇減	Write-downs of inventories	6,651	6,449
無形資產減值虧損	Impairment losses of intangible assets	100,000	99,467
以股份為基礎薪酬	Share based compensation	66,967	52,343
利息收入	Interest income	(70,484)	(36,069)
利息開支	Interest expense	58,193	46,593
外匯虧損	Foreign exchange losses	20,241	204,719
營運資金變動:	Change in working capital:		
存貨(增加)/減少	(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(174,376)	27,651
貿易應收款項增加	Increase in trade receivables	(86,992)	(234,450)
其他流動資產及其他資產增加	Increase in other current assets and other assets	(44,024)	(12,714)
貿易及其他應付款項	Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		
增加/(減少)		215,293	(14,635)
經營所得的現金	Cash generated from operations	1,466,812	1,268,804

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

35 現金流量信息(續)

35 Cash flow information (continued)

(b) 非現金投資和融資活動

(b) Non-cash investing and financing activities

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 Decembe

		Year ended 31 December	
		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
通過租賃安排收購使用權資產	Acquisition of right-of-use assets through lease		
(附註17)	arrangements (Note 17)	25,927	9,985

(c) 現金淨額對賬

以下載列所示各年度的現金淨額及現金淨額變動的分析。

(c) Net cash reconciliation

Set out below is an analysis of net cash and the movements in net cash for each of the years presented.

於12月31日 As at 31 December

		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	1,809,191	1,671,829
借款 — 一年內償還	Borrowings — repayable within one year	_	(417,876)
借款 — 一年後償還	Borrowings — repayable after one year	_	(414,682)
租賃負債 — 一年內到期	Lease liabilities — due within one year	(13,064)	(12,714)
租賃負債 — 一年後到期	Lease liabilities — due after one year	(19,768)	(7,355)
現金淨額	Net cash	1,776,359	819,202

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

35 現金流量信息(續)

(c) 現金淨額對賬(續)

35 Cash flow information (continued)

(c) Net cash reconciliation (continued)

			融資活動產	生的負債		
		Liabilities from financing				
			activit	ies		
		現金及				
		現金等價物	租賃負債	借款	合計	
		Cash and cash				
		equivalents	Lease liabilities	Borrowings	Total	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
於2023年1月1日的現金淨額	Net cash as at 1 January 2023	1,671,829	(20,069)	(832,558)	819,202	
融資現金流量	Financing cash flows	129,287	13,164	860,352	1,002,803	
新租約	New leases	_	(25,927)	_	(25,927)	
外匯調整	Foreign exchange adjustments	8,075	_	(24,810)	(16,735)	
其他變動	Other changes					
利息開支	Interest expense	_	(724)	(57,469)	(58,193)	
利息款項(以經營現金流量呈列)	Interest payments (presented as operating					
	cash flows)	_	724	54,485	55,209	
Alasa Hara David Hara A water						
於2023年12月31日的現金淨額	Net cash as at 31 December 2023	1,809,191	(32,832)		1,776,359	
於2022年1月1日的現金淨額	Net cash as at 1 January 2022	2,127,488	(22,566)	(1,144,702)	960,220	
融資現金流量	Financing cash flows	(512,243)	12,482	435,330	(64,431)	
新租約	New leases	(312,243)	(9,985)	455,550	(9,985)	
外匯調整	Foreign exchange adjustments	56,584	(3,363)	(123,379)	(66,795)	
其他變動	Other changes	50,564	_	(123,373)	(00,733)	
利息開支	Interest expense		(1,096)	(45,497)	(46,593)	
利息款項(以經營現金流量呈列)	Interest expense Interest payments (presented as operating	_	(1,090)	(43,437)	(40,393)	
们心外次(外紅呂次亚/川里王列)	cash flows)		1,096	45,690	46,786	
	Casil Hows)		1,030	45,030	40,700	
於2022年12月31日的現金淨額	Net cash as at 31 December 2022	1,671,829	(20,069)	(832,558)	819,202	

36 重大關聯方交易

關聯方指其中一方有能力直接或間接 控制另一方或可對另一方的財務及營 運決策施加重大影響力。受共同控制、 共同重大影響或聯合控制的各方亦被 視為關聯方。

截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度, 本集團並無相關關聯方結餘或交易。

36 Significant related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control, common significant influence or joint control.

The Group did not have related party balances or transactions during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

合併財務報表附註

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

36 重大關聯方交易(續)

主要管理人員薪酬

人員就僱員服務已付或應付主要管理 層的薪酬如下:

36 Significant related party transactions (continued)

Key management personnel compensations

The compensations paid or payable to key management personnel for employee services are shown below:

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		rear chaca 31 December	
		2023年	2022年
		2023	2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
工資、薪金和花紅	Wages, salaries, bonuses	39,261	34,227
以股份為基礎的支付	Share-based payments	28,906	14,771
退休金計劃供款	Contributions to pension plans	441	443
住房公積金、醫療保險和	Housing funds, medical insurance and other social welfare		
其他社會福利供款	contributions	982	977
		69,590	50,418

上述披露的工資、薪金和花紅包括年末未付的人民幣12,877,000元(2022年:人民幣10,660,000元),並已計入應付薪金和花紅(附註28)。此外,退休金計劃供款包括人民幣34,000元(2022年:人民幣36,000元),住房公積金、醫療保險和其他社會福利供款包括人民幣39,000元(2022年:人民幣42,000元)。向主要管理人員提供的以股份為基礎的支付包括購股權及受限制股份單位,兩者均以權益結算。

The wages, salaries, bonuses disclosed above include RMB12,877,000 (2022: RMB10,660,000) which were unpaid as at year end and are included in salaries and bonus payable (Note 28). In addition, the contributions to pension plans include RMB34,000 (2022: RMB36,000), and housing funds, medical insurance and other social welfare contributions include RMB39,000 (2022: RMB42,000) of obligations payable to the key management personnel. The share-based payments provided to key management personnel consist of options and RSUs, both are equity-settled.

37 或有負債

本集團於2023年及2022年12月31日並 無任何重大或有負債。

38 承擔

於2023年12月31日,本集團對被投資公司尚未繳納的註冊資本承擔金額為5,960,000元(2022年:無),作為股本投資。

39 期後事項

由2023年12月31日至本報告日期,除本報告所披露者外,董事並不知悉已發生須予披露的任何重大事項。

37 Contingencies

The Group did not have any material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

38 Commitments

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had outstanding commitment in respect of unpaid registered capital to an investee company which was accounted as a equity investment of RMB5,960,000 (2022: nil).

39 Subsequent Events

As from 31 December 2023 to the date of this report, save as disclosed in this report, the directors are not aware of any significant events requiring disclosure that have occurred.

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

40 本公司的資產負債表及儲備 變動

(a) 本公司的資產負債表

40 Balance sheet and reserve movement of the Company

(a) Balance sheet of the Company

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2023 年 2023 人民幣千元	2022年 2022 人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
資產	Assets		
非流動資產	Non-current assets		
於附屬公司投資 以公允價值計量且其變動計入	Investment in subsidiaries Financial assets at FVOCI	6,795,906	6,682,589
其他全面收益的金融資產 以公允價值計量且其變動計入	Financial assets at FVPL	57,025	74,543
當期損益的金融資產其他資產	Other assets	24 59	15,509 59
共 池 貝 庄	Other assets	59	
非流動資產總額	Total non-current assets	6,853,014	6,772,700
流動資產 其他流動資產 應收關聯方款項 現金及現金等價物	Current assets Other current assets Amounts due from related parties Cash and cash equivalents	229,616 1,130,363 644,518	596,998 669,284 585,278
流動資產總額	Total current assets	2,004,497	1,851,560
資產總額	Total assets	8,857,511	8,624,260
權益及負債	Equity and liabilities		
負債	Liabilities		
流動負債 貿易及其他應付款項 應付關聯方款項	Current liabilities Trade and other payables Amounts due to related parties	16,822 219,188	12,670 116,944
流動資產總額	Total current assets	236,010	129,614
負債總額	Total liabilities	236,010	129,614
資產淨值	Net assets	8,621,501	8,494,646
歸屬於本公司擁有人的權益 股本 股份溢價 其他股權 其他儲備	Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital Share premium Other equity Other reserves	216 1,014,517 (8) 6,950,080	237 1,710,429 (7) 6,864,260
保留盈利/(累計虧損)	Retained earnings/(accumulated losses)	656,696	(80,273)
權益總額	Total equity	8,621,501	8,494,646

本公司資產負債表已於2024年3 月28日獲董事會批准,並由下列 董事代表簽署。 The balance sheet of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2024 and were signed on its behalf.

趙宏

Zhao Hong *Director*

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

40 本公司的資產負債表及儲備 變動/續)

(b) 本公司的儲備變動

40 Balance sheet and reserve movement of the Company (continued)

(b) Reserve movement of the Company

				以公允價值計量	
				且其變動計入	
				其他全面收益的	
		匯兑差額	資本公積	金融資產	合計
		Currency			
		translation	Capital	Financial	
		differences	reserve	asset at FVOCI	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於2022年1月1日的結餘	Balance at 1 January 2022	(679,005)	6,818,029	_	6,139,024
外幣匯兑	Foreign currency translation	730,862	_	_	730,862
以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全	Changes in the fair value of equity				
面收益的股權投資的公允價值變動	investments at FVOCI	_	_	(5,626)	(5,626)
於2022年12月31日的結餘	Balance at 31 December 2022	51,857	6,818,029	(5,626)	6,864,260
於2023年1月1日的結餘	Balance at 1 January 2023	51,857	6,818,029	(5,626)	6,864,260
外幣匯兑	Foreign currency translation	104,419	_	_	104,419
以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全	Changes in the fair value of equity				
面收益的股權投資的公允價值變動	investments at FVOCI	_	_	(18,599)	(18,599)
於2023年12月31日的結餘	Balance at 31 December 2023	156,276	6,818,029	(24,225)	6,950,080

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

40 本公司的資產負債表及儲備變動(續)

(c) 有關附屬公司的資料

於2023年12月31日,本公司的主要附屬公司詳情如下:

40 Balance sheet and reserve movement of the Company (continued)

(c) Information about subsidiaries

The particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2023 are as follows:

公司名稱	註冊成立地點及日期	已發行/實繳 資本詳情	主要活動/經營地點	應佔本公司]股本權益
Company name	Place and date of incorporation	Particulars of issued/	Principal activities/ place of operation	Attributable equ	-
		paid-iii capitai		於12月	31日
				As at 31 [December
				2023年	2022年
				2023	2022
直接持有 Directly held					
Sciclone Pharmaceuticals International Ltd. (ii)	開曼群島,1992年11月16 日;於1993年7月19日在香港 註冊	900,000美元	產品銷售、生產、業務開發及投資 控股/開曼群島	100%	100%
	Cayman Islands, 16 November 1992. Registered in Hong Kong on 19 July 1993	USD900,000	Product sales, manufacturing, business development and investment holding/ Cayman Islands		
間接持有 Indirectly held					
Sciclone Pharmaceuticals Italy S.r.l. (ii)	意大利,2000年12月14日 Italy, 14 December 2000	10,000歐元 EUR 10,000	於意大利持有許可/意大利 License holding in Italy/Italy	100%	100%
SciClone Pharmaceuticals International China Holding Ltd. (ii)	開曼群島,2005年9月19日 Cayman Islands, 19 September 2005	50,000美元 USD50,000	投資控股及產品銷售/開曼群島 Dormant Company/Cayman Islands	100%	100%
SciClone Pharmaceuticals Hong Kong Ltd. (ii)	香港·2010年9月14日 Hong Kong, 14 September 2010	61,828,872美元 USD61,828,872	產品銷售/香港 Product sales/Hong Kong	100%	100%
NovaMed Pharmaceuticals Inc. (ii)	開曼群島·2006年5月19日 Cayman Islands, 19 May 2006	50,000美元 USD50,000	休眠投資控股/開曼群島 Dormant investment holding/ Cayman Islands	100%	100%
SciClone Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd. (ii)	澳洲·2019年4月29日 Australia, April 29, 2019	1美元 USD1	休眠公司/澳大利亞 Dormant Company/Australia	100%	100%

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

變動(續)

(c) 有關附屬公司的資料(續)

40 本公司的資產負債表及儲備 40 Balance sheet and reserve movement of the Company (continued)

(c) Information about subsidiaries (continued)

公司名稱	註冊成立地點及日期	已發行/實繳 資本詳情	主要活動/經營地點	應佔本公司]股本權益
Company name	Place and date of incorporation	Particulars of issued/ paid-in capital	Principal activities/ place of operation	Attributable equ	-
		F F		於12月	31日
				As at 31 [December
				2023年	2022年
				2023	2022
蘇州蘇生醫藥研發有限公司 (i) SciClone Pharmaceuticals Development (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (i)	中國·2020年4月2日 PRC, 2 April 2020	人民幣10,500,000元 RMB10,500,000	研發服務/中國 R&D services/PRC	100%	100%
諾凡麥醫藥貿易(上海)有限公司(i) NovaMed Pharmaceuticals (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (i)	中國·2007年3月2日 PRC, 2 March 2007	14,000,000美元 USD14,000,000	休眠公司/中國 Dormant Company/PRC	100%	100%
賽生醫藥(中國)有限公司(i) SciClone Pharmaceuticals (China) Co., Ltd. (i)	中國·2014年10月15日 PRC, 15 October 2014	人民幣50,000,000元 RMB50,000,000	營銷及推廣支持服務/中國 Marketing and promotional support services/PRC	100%	100%
賽生醫藥江蘇有限公司 (i) SciClone Pharmaceuticals (Jiangsu) Co., Ltd. (i)	中國·2015年9月24日 PRC, 24 September 2015	人民幣30,000,000元 RMB30,000,000	產品分銷及行政支持/中國 Products distribution and administration support/PRC	100%	100%
上海普多醫藥科技有限公司 (i) Pu Duo Medical Technology Huangpu Shanghai (i)	中國·2018年5月16日 PRC, 16 May 2018	人民幣1,000,000元 RMB1,000,000	臨床研究服務/中國 Clinical research service/PRC	100%	100%
賽生醫藥科技(北京)有限公司 (i) SciClone Pharmaceuticals (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (i)	中國·2018年7月23日 PRC, 23 July 2018	人民幣1,000,000元 RMB1,000,000	各種支持服務/中國 Various support services/PRC	100%	100%
賽生貿易(上海)有限公司 (i) SciClone Pharmaceuticals (China) Ltd. (i)	中國 · 2006年2月7日 PRC, 7 February 2006	250,000美元 USD250,000	營銷及推廣服務/中國 Marketing and promotion services/ PRC	100%	100%
SciClone Pharmaceuticals International (Cayman) Development Ltd. (ii)	開曼群島,2008年6月11日 Cayman Islands, 11 June	50,000美元 USD 50,000	臨床前研發服務/開曼群島 Pre-clinical R&D services/Cayman	100%	100%

Islands

2008

截至2023年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2023

40 本公司的資產負債表及儲備 變動(續)

(c) 有關附屬公司的資料(續)

40 Balance sheet and reserve movement of the Company (continued)

(c) Information about subsidiaries (continued)

公司名稱	註冊成立地點及日期	已發行/實繳 主要活動/經營地點 資本詳情		應佔本公司股本權益		
Company name	Place and date of incorporation	Particulars of issued/	Principal activities/ place of operation	Attributable equity interests of the Company		
		F F		於 12	月31日	
				As at 31 I	December	
				2023年	2022年	
				2023	2022	
SciClone Pharmaceuticals (HK) Development Co Ltd. (ii)	香港·2015年10月21日 Hong Kong, 21 October 2015	1,000美元 USD1,000	臨床前研發服務/香港 Preclinical R&D services/ Hong Kong	100%	100%	
賽生醫藥研發(上海)有限公司(i)	中國,2015年5月12日	1,400,000美元	研發服務/中國	100%	100%	
SciClone Pharmaceuticals Development (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (i)	PRC, 12 May 2015	USD1,400,000 以SD1,400,000	R&D services/PRC	100 /6	100 /6	
SciClone Pharmaceuticals Ltd. (ii)	香港,2018年9月19日	10,000港元	產品銷售、供應鏈及質量保證服 務/香港	100%	100%	
	Hong Kong, 19 September 2018	HKD 10,000	Product sales, supply chain and quality assurance services/Hong Kong			
SciClone Pharmaceuticals Management Ltd. (ii)	香港·2018年9月19日 Hong Kong, 19 September 2018	10,000港元 HKD 10,000	管理服務/香港 Management services/Hong Kong	100%	100%	
賽生供應鏈管理(上海)有限公司(i)	中國,2020年7月8日	人民幣5,000,000元	產品銷售/中國	100%	100%	
SciClone Supply Chain Management (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (i)	PRC, 8 July 2020	RMB5,000,000	Product sales/PRC	100 /0	10070	
Sciclone Pharmaceuticals Switzerland GmbH (ii)	瑞士·2022年2月17日 Switzerland, 17 February 2022	20,000瑞士法郎 CHF20,000	休眠公司/瑞士 Dormant Company/Switzerland	100%	100%	
SciClone Pharmaceuticals International (SG) PTE. Ltd. (ii)	新加坡·2022年8月15日 Singapore, 15 August 2022	1新加坡元 SGD 1	休眠投資控股/新加坡 Dormant investment holding/ Singapore	100%	100%	

⁽i) 根據中國法律註冊為有限責任公司。

⁽i) Registered as a limited liability company under PRC law.

⁽ii) 註冊為有限責任公司。

⁽ii) Registered as a limited liability company.

財務摘要 Financial Summary

截至12月31日止年度 Year ended December 31,

		2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2022年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2021年 2021 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2020年 2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2019年 2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000
收入	Revenue	3,155,614	2,749,681	2,518,474	1,918,562	1,708,068
毛利	Gross Profit	2,356,201	2,070,485	1,933,006	1,490,456	1,314,927
純利	Net Profit	1,121,902	855,355	923,361	753,695	614,604

於12月31日 As at December 31,

		2023年	2022年	2021年	2020年	2019年
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
)(
總資產	Total Assets	4,000,250	4,320,406	4,062,682	2,882,644	1,845,823
總負債	Total Liabilities	735,183	1,328,244	1,745,274	2,570,782	320,646

關於本報告

我們特此發佈2023年環境、社會及管治報告 (「環境、社會及管治報告」)。本報告旨在向 其利益相關方(包括股東、僱員、監管機構、 客戶、合作夥伴及公眾)全面及真實地呈列 賽生藥業控股有限公司(「我們」或「本集團」) 於2023年在環境、社會及管治方面的管理常 規及表現。

報告期

本報告涵蓋我們於2023年1月1日至2023年12月31日期間(「**報告期**」)的環境、社會及管治管理方法及表現。

報告範圍

本報告的範圍主要涵蓋我們的核心業務,包括位於中國內地及香港的主要辦事處,與我們的2022年年報一致。

編製基準

在下節中,我們將根據香港交易及結算所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)主板上市規則附錄C2所載的環境、社會及管治報告指引披露本集團的ESG策略、措施及日常經營表現。

本報告乃根據*環境、社會及管治報告指引*的報告原則編製,其中包括:

- 重要性原則:本集團透過利益相關方 參與及重要性評估識別待關注的關鍵 ESG議題,並在ESG報告中作相應披露。
- 量化原則:本報告以定量的方式呈列環境KPI,並提供説明以解釋目的及影響。
- 平衡原則:本報告遵循平衡原則,對本集團現時在ESG管理方面的表現作出公正説明。
- 一致性原則:本報告的資料披露及所用統計方法與2022年ESG報告的資料披露及所用統計方法一致,以確保資料的可比性。

About the Report

We hereby release the 2023 Environmental, Social and Governance Report ("**ESG Report**"). This report aims to fully and truly present the management practice and performance of SciClone Pharmaceuticals (Holdings) Limited ("**We**" or "**the Group**") in the ESG aspects in 2023 to its major stakeholders including the shareholders, employees, regulatory bodies, customers, partners and the public.

Reporting Period

This report covers our ESG management approach and performance for the period from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023 ("the Reporting Period").

Reporting Scope

The scope of this report primarily covers our core business and includes the key offices located in mainland China and Hong Kong, which is consistent with the 2022 Annual Report of us.

Basis of Preparation

In the section that follows, we will disclose the Group's ESG strategies, measure and performances of daily operation in accordance with the *ESG Reporting Guide* set out in Appendix C2 of the Main Board Listing Rules of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited ("**HKEX**").

This report has been prepared in compliance with the reporting principles of the *ESG Reporting Guide*, which include:

- Materiality: The Group identifies key ESG issues to be concerned through stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment, and disclosures accordingly in the ESG Report.
- **Quantitative:** This report presents environmental KPIs in quantitative terms, with narratives provided to explain the purpose and impacts.
- **Balance:** This report provides an unbiased picture of the Group's current performance on ESG management following the principle of balance.
- Consistency: The data disclosure and statistics methods used for this
 report are consistent with those for the 2022 ESG Report to ensure the
 comparability of information.

環境、社會及管治報告

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

第一章: 2023年可持續發展亮點

2023年是充滿機遇、挑戰、改革及創新的 一年。我們繼續砥礪前行,深耕細作,始 終貫徹可持續發展戰略,以及高度重視ESG 管理。我們秉承對社會和環境負責的使命, 推行責任管理體系,不斷優化ESG管理體系, 並與利益相關方進行廣泛溝通。

於2023年,我們在環境、社會和公司治理方 面取得的成果包括:

CHAPTER 1: SUSTAINABILITY HIGHLIGHT IN 2023

The year 2023 was a year full of opportunities, challenges, reform and innovation. We keep working hard, ploughed deeply and always implement sustainable development strategy and attach great importance to ESG management. Adhering to our mission of being responsible to our society and environment, we carry out a responsibility management system and constantly optimize the ESG management system as well as extensively communicate with stakeholders.

During 2023, we delivered the results on ESG performance including:

GTP model GTP模式

- 投資GTP模式和其他數字技術,進一步提升醫生和患者的體驗和效率
- Investing in GTP model and other digital technologies to further enhance the experience and efficiency of doctors and patients

Industry Experience Sharing 行業經驗分享

- 分享會:亞太生物醫藥合作峰會、美國生物技術大會暨展覽會、中國進口博覽會圓桌論壇
- Sharing on : BioPartnering APAC (亞太生物醫藥合作峰會), 2023 BIO International Convention (美國生物技術大會暨展覽會), forum on China International Import Expo (中國 進口博覽會圓桌論壇)

Society Responsibility 社會責任

- 共同發起神母關愛專項基金,為患者提供護理、支持和治療
- Jointly sponsored the Neuroblastoma Care Funding (神母關愛專項基金) to delivery care, support and treatment to patients

External

- 榮登雪球2023年度「球友喜愛上市公司100榜」
- 2023 Favourated Listed Companies Top 100 (2023年度「球友喜愛上市公司100榜」) by Snowball (XueQiu)









第二章:責任管治

2.1 ESG管治

我們的使命及可持續發展理念

CHAPTER 2: RESPONSIBLE GOVERNANCE

2.1 ESG Governance

Our mission and sustainable development concept

賽生的新企業文化 New SciClone Corporate Culture



在「以患者健康為己任,提供國際品質的醫療產品及服務」的使命驅動下,我們專注於腫瘤及重症感染疾病治療領域,並致力於贏得患者信任、客戶尊重、員工自豪,成為持續成長的國際生物製藥企業。

我們的價值觀包括客戶、共贏、擔當、高效、業績及合規。我們相信,創造長期價值額稅稅,有稅稅,有稅稅,可持續發展。通過為員員工民,建立包括指明方向、發展人才、激勵共進、積極應變及使命必達在內的領導力標準,我們不斷克服挑戰,專注於中國一些大稅稅不發展迅速、醫療需求缺口巨大療領域,主要包括腫瘤及重症感染。

Driven by the mission of "Improving patients' health by providing top-tier healthcare products and services with global standards of care", we focus on specialty in oncology and severe infection, and are devoted to becoming an international biopharmaceutical company with sustainable growth, by working hard to win trust from our patients, respect from our customers and pride from our employees.

Our values include customer, win-win, responsibility, efficiency, performance and compliance. We believe that creating long-term value rides on the sustainable development of our business. By providing employees with the cultural environment of international companies and a platform to display their talents and establishing leadership criteria including setting direction, developing talents, engaging partners, embracing change and driving for results, we continuously overcome challenges to focus on some of the largest and fast-growing therapeutic areas with significant unmet medical needs in China, primarily including oncology and severe infection.

ESG策略

憑藉20多年在中國市場將差異化優質藥物商業化的經驗,可持續發展策略一直作為本集團的路線圖框架,並對我們業務的方方面面提供指導。

ESG管治架構

為實現對ESG事務的監管並確保本集團ESG工作的順利開展,我們建立了自上而下的ESG管治架構,確保ESG工作的高效開展。作為ESG管理層的最高決策者,董事會對所與國際工作為ESG等理層的最高決策者,董事會對應立了由不同部門員工組成的ESG工作小組,以踐行ESG管理工作、並完成由董事會設定的ESG相關工作事宜。董事會持續評估、以及管理與ESG有關的重大問題及風險,以及審查ESG管理體系的情況及實現ESG目標的進度。

展望未來,我們將持續完善本集團的ESG管理體系,進一步完善工作機制,強化ESG風險應對能力,提升ESG信息的系統化、全方位管理,確保ESG信息披露質量。

ESG Strategy

With more than 20 years of experience in commercializing differentiated high quality medicines in the China market, sustainable development strategy has always served as the framework of the Group's roadmap and guides in every aspect of our business.

ESG Management Framework

To fulfill the supervision of ESG matters and ensure the smooth implementation of the ESG work of the Group, we set up a top-down ESG management framework to ensure efficient implementation of its ESG efforts. As the highest decision-maker of the ESG management, the Board takes full responsibility for the Group's ESG strategies and objectives. We have established an ESG Working Group consisting of staff from different departments, which is responsible for practicing ESG management practices, accomplishing ESG-related work objectives set by the Board. The Board consistently evaluates, prioritizes, manages material ESG-related issues and risks, and reviews the performances of ESG management system and the progress of achieving ESG objectives.

Looking to the future, we will continue to improve the ESG management system of the Group, further improve the working mechanism, strengthen the ESG risk response capability, enhance the systemic and comprehensive ESG information management, and ensure the quality of ESG information disclosure.

2.2 利益相關方參與及重要性評估

利益相關方的期望對本集團制定可持續發展策略及報告至關重要。我們旨在透過各種渠道與內部及外部利益相關方保持密切溝通,以了解彼等的需求及關注事項,從而培養與彼等的關係。

於報告期內,我們建立了有效的溝通機制,及時了解並回應他們的訴求和期望。

2.2 Stakeholder Engagement and Materiality Assessment

Stakeholders' expectations are essential to the Group's efforts to define its sustainability strategy and reporting. We aim to nurture relationships with both our internal and external stakeholders by maintaining close communication with them through various channels to understand their needs and concerns.

During the Reporting Period, we have established effective communication mechanisms to understand and respond their demands and expectations in a timely manner.

利益相關方 Stakeholders	期望與要求 Expectations and Requirements	溝通機制 Communication Mechanisms
政府及監管機構	遵守法律法規納税定期疫情防控產品質量及安全	合規管理積極納税積極參與政府項目
Governments and regulators	 Compliance with the laws and regulations Pay taxes Regular epidemic prevention and control Products quality and safety 	 Compliance management Proactive in tax payment Active participation of government's projects
股東及投資者	企業管治投資回報信息披露風險管理	強制性信息披露股東及投資者會議路演公司網站
Shareholders and investors	Corporate governanceReturn on investmentInformation disclosureRisk management	 Mandatory information disclosure Shareholder and investor meetings Road show Company website
員工	保障員工權益職業發展渠道職業健康與安全	定期會議及培訓員工關懷活動內部溝通渠道季度績效溝通及年終績效審查
Employees	 Protect employee's rights and interests Career development channel Occupational health and safety 	 Regular meetings and trainings Employee care activities Internal communication channels Quarterly performance communication and annual performance review

利益相關方 Stakeholders	期望與要求 Expectations and Requirements	溝通機制 Communication Mechanisms
客戶及患者	高質量的產品和服務負責任的營銷隱私保護	服務熱線及電郵討論會及會議
Customers and patients	High quality products and servicesResponsible marketingPrivacy protection	Service hotline and emailConferences and meetings
合作夥伴及供應商	 合規採購 雙贏合作 知識產權保護	討論會及會議商務訪問審查與績效評估
Partners and suppliers	Compliance procurementWin-win cooperationIntellectual property protection	Conferences and meetingsBusiness visitsAudit and performance evaluation
社區	社區發展支持社區福利	● 官方網站 ● 公益活動
Communities	Community developmentSupport for community welfare	Official websitePublic welfare activities
同行企業及行業協會	公平競爭對行業發展有所貢獻	 行業會議 標竿學習
Peer companies and industrial associations	Fair competitionContribution to industrial development	Industrial conferencesBenchmarking
媒體	高質量的產品及服務正面的社會影響力	新聞發佈官方網站
Media	High-quality products and servicesPositive social influence	Press releaseOfficial website

我們透過以下步驟定期檢討重大議題,以配合ESG管理的策略及長遠目標:

We regularly review major issues to align the strategy and long-term objectives in ESG management through the following steps:

● 步驟一:識別ESG議題 Step 1: Identifying ESG issues

基於本集團的業務發展情況及行業趨勢,我們確定了18個我們認為對公司業務和利益相關方有重大影響的ESG議題。 Based on the Group's business development and industrial trends, 18 ESG

Based on the Group's business development and industrial trends, 18 ESG issues has been identified which were believed to have significant impact on our business and stakeholders.

● 步驟二:評估重要性

Step 2: Assessing the materiality



通過本集團內部的重要性評估調查問卷,我們從「對賽生業務的重要性」和「 對利益相關方的影響」等方面評估了每一個議題的重要性。根據調查結果, 我們制定了重要性評估矩陣。

Through materiality evaluation questionnaires within the Group, we assessed the materiality of every issue by the aspects of "materiality to SciClone's business" and "impact on stakeholders". Based on the results of the survey, the materiality assessment matrix was formulated.

● 步驟三:核實評估結果

Step 3: Verifying the assessment results



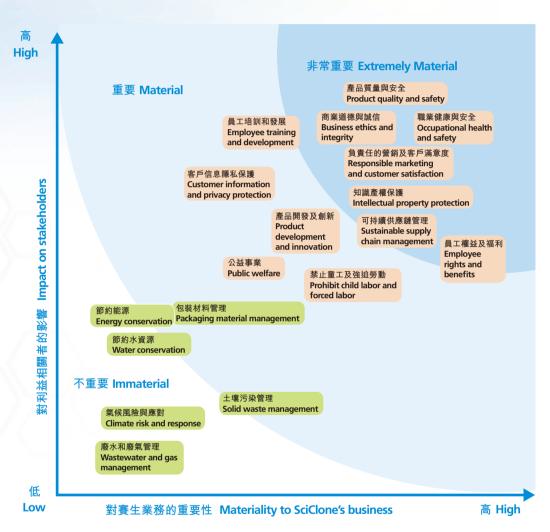
評估結果已由董事會及ESG工作小組審查及確認。

The assessment results have been reviewed and confirmed by the Board and the ESG Working Group.

環境、社會及管治報告

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

2023年,本集團通過業務總結、內部工作 訪談及審查等方式,對各議題在不同維度 呈現的風險與機遇進行重新評估,確認 2022年ESG報告重要性評估矩陣並無出現重 大變化: In 2023, the Group re-evaluated the risks and opportunities presented by issues in different dimensions through business summaries, internal work interviews and reviews, and confirmed that no significant change has occurred in the material assessment matrix in the ESG Report in 2022:



重要性評估矩陣 Materiality Assessment Matrix

2.3 商業道德

我們將商業道德視為核心價值觀的重要組成部分。我們始終嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國刑法》、《中華人民共和國藥品管理法》、《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》等法律法規。

反腐敗

本集團舉報郵箱: Whistleblower@sciclone.com

於報告期內,我們並無接獲針對本集團或 僱員貪污舞弊的重大指控或報告。

合規營銷

為進一步加強公司對營銷活動全流程的管控,我們制定了一系列標準操作程序(「SOP」),規範營銷活動、學術活動及商務娛樂的流程。我們定期為員工組織線上培訓和課堂課程,確保所有員工都能獲得足夠的合規及商業道德理解和知識。我們成立了合規紀律委員會(「CDC」),以調查潛在的違規或其他違反誠信原則的行為。CDC亦負責作出處罰決定,並在必要時制定補救措施。

知識產權

我們持續有效管理及保障自身成就。我們已聘請外部顧問管理所有的知識產權,確保產權界定相關風險得到有效控制,我們亦已建立定期報告系統,以確保我們能夠充分控制知識產權相關風險。

2.3 Business Ethics

We regard the business ethics as an essential part of our core values. We strictly follow *Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China* (《中華人民共和國刑法》), the *Pharmaceutical Administration Law of the People's Republic of China* (《中華人民共和國藥品管理法》), the *Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China* (《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》) and other laws and regulations from time to time.

Anti-Corruption

We strictly abide by relevant national and local laws and regulations such as the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China and the Anti-Money Laundering Law of the People's Republic of China and remain committed to the ethical and honest operation. Furthermore, we formulated $Global\ Anti-Bribery\ \&\ Anti-Corruption\ Policy\ (《全球反賄賂與反腐敗政策》)$, which specifies the details and requirements for anti-corruption, and is applicable to all employees, suppliers, customers, contracting parties and

other stakeholders. We organize all employees to attend anti-corruption training every year, enhancing their compliance awareness through online compliance trainings. We also believe that transparent effective whistle-blowing systems and procedures can prevent and correct improper or illegal acts in a timely manner. Therefore, we established a sound internal investigation mechanism to conduct comprehensive investigations on the reported matters.



Reporting email of the Group: Whistleblower@sciclone.com

During the Reporting Period, we did not receive any significant accusation or report related to corruption of the Group or employees.

Compliance Marketing

To further strengthen the Company's control of the whole process of marketing activities, we formulated series *Standard Operation Procedures* ("SOP") to standardize the procedures covering marketing events, academic activities and business entertaining. We regularly organize both on-line training and classroom courses to the staff, making sure all employees can acquire sufficient understanding and knowledge on compliance and business ethics. We established *Compliance Disciplinary Committee* ("CDC") to investigate potential violation or other behaviors against the honest principles. CDC is also responsible for making the decision for punishment and enacting the remediation measures if necessary.

Intellectual Property

We continuously managed and protected our own achievement effectively. We have engaged external counsel to manage all our intellectual property rights, ensuring the risks related to the identification of property rights are effectively controlled. We have also established a regular reporting system to ensure that we can adequately control the risks associated with our intellectual property.

環境、社會及管治報告

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

信息安全及隱私保護

我們嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國網絡安全法》、《中華人民共和國數據安全法》、《中華人民 共和國反不正當競爭法》等法律法規。此外, 為不斷完善信息安全管理及提升信息安全 管理能力,我們制定了《信息安全政策》,以 保護關鍵信息基礎設施、重要網絡和數據 安全。

我們通過業務合作夥伴向醫院及各類醫療機構提供產品,而不直接向患者銷售,因此不涉及終端消費者的隱私。根據上述法律法規,我們為所有新員工及現有員工提供基礎知識培訓,內容涉及商業機密、合規義務及法律責任,以提高客戶隱私意識,防止客戶隱私受到侵犯。

2.4 產品及服務 *質量管理*

Information Security and Privacy Protection

We strictly abide by the Cybersecurity Law of the People's Republic of China, the Data Security Law of the People's Republic of China, the Anti-unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China and other laws and regulations. In addition, to keep improving information security management and enhancing information security management capabilities, we have formulated the *Information Security Policy*, to protect key information infrastructure, important network and data security.

We provide products to hospitals and various medical institutions through business partners instead of direct selling to patients, so the privacy of end consumers is not involved. Pursuant to laws and regulations mentioned above, we offer training on basic knowledge for all new and existing employees, involving business confidentiality, compliance obligations and legal liabilities, to improve customer privacy awareness and prevent the customer privacy from being infringed.

2.4 Product and Service Quality management



我們始終致力於通過完善質量管理體系和產品質量,為患者提供安全有效的藥物。我們嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國藥物管理法》、《藥物臨床質量管理規範》、《藥物註冊管理辦法》等法律法規,依法進行研發、臨床究和商業化生產。我們制定了《質量手冊》,涵蓋生產、檢驗、抽樣、測試、記錄等一系列質量管理程序。規範指導各級質量管理的實施和改進。

產品責任及藥物安全

我們通過行業領先且聲譽良好的CMO Patheon Italia生產我們的自有產品日達仙。 我們根據與業務合作夥伴訂立的供應協議 將授權引入產品的生產外包予該等業務合 作夥伴。我們的生產質量管理標準符合我 們運營所在各個市場的GMP。

通過生產活動、成果及發佈、穩定性測試活動的審閱,流程表現及產品質量將受到 監控。我們將對足夠數量產品批次實施測 試計劃,以評估產品穩定性,包括適當的 儲存條件及有效期。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,我們並無接獲任何重大產品安全問題及服務相關投訴,亦無產品因安全及健康原因而須回收。

We are always committed to providing patients with safe and effective drugs by improving the quality management system and product quality. We strictly abide by the *Pharmaceutical Administration Law of the People's Republic of China* (《中華人民共和國藥品管理法》), *Good Clinical Practice of Pharmaceutical Products* (《藥物臨床試驗質量管理規範》), *Measures for the Administration of Drug Registration* (《藥品註冊管理辦法》) and other laws and regulations, and carry out research and development, clinical research and commercial production in accordance with the law. We have formulated the *Quality Manual* (《質量手冊》), a series of quality management procedures covering production, inspection, sampling, testing and records, etc., to provide standardized guidance for the implementation and improvement of quality management at all levels.

Product Responsibility and Drug Safety

We manufacture our proprietary product, Zadaxin, through Patheon Italia, an industry leading and highly reputable CMO. We outsourced the production of in-licensed products to our partners under the Supply Agreement with them. Our production quality management standards remain complied with GMP in various markets where we have operations.

Process performance and product quality will be monitored through the review of production activities and outcomes release stability testing activities. We will maintain a testing program on an adequate number of product batches to evaluate the stability of the products, including proper storage conditions and expiration date.

Chaired by the Chief Executive Officer and President of the Group, we established the Drug Safety Committee ("DSC") to manage product quality and potential safety hazards. When receiving an adverse event or report, DSC shall collect and investigate related data such as patient and medication information, complete the investigation report, and take action according to the investigation results including notifying the users to stop using relevant products and ensure that the unqualified products are recalled and quarantined when necessary. Furthermore, in order to enhance the awareness of product responsibility, the Group regularly provides certain training to staff in the respective drug safety.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, we did not receive any significant products safety issues and service related complaints, nor any product recalls due to safety and health reasons.

供應鏈管理

本集團通過嚴格遵守《採購標準操作流程》, 不斷完善供應鏈管理流程,提高供應商質 量。在供應商選擇方面,本集團對供應商的 資質、供貨能力、產品質量、服務等方面進 行綜合評估,嚴格把控供應商招標管理程 序。供應商須提供所需相關資格證明文件, 且需完成《第三方盡職問卷調查》,以確保遵 守《海外反腐敗法》及賽生的《全球反賄賂與 反腐敗政策》。對於現有供應商,我們通過 供應商審查報告或現場檢查進行定期及隨 機質量審查。此外,我們鼓勵供應商推廣 綠色製造、生態設計及進行綠色評估。我 們致力於幫助供應商共同提升資源使用效 率,降低對環境的影響。截至2023年12月31 日,本集團共有與生產、倉儲物流相關的主 要產品相關供應商12間,其中6間位於歐洲, 4間位於中國內地,剩餘的位於其他國家和 地區。

Supply Chain Management

The Group continuously improves the management process of supply chain and the quality of the suppliers through the strictly abidance by the Procurement Standard Operating Process. In terms of supplier selection, the Group conducts comprehensive evaluations of the qualifications, supply capacity, product quality and services of suppliers to strictly control the supplier bidding management procedures. Suppliers are required to provide qualification documents and complete the Third-Party Due Diligence Checklist (《第三方盡職問卷調查》) to ensure compliance with Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (FCPA) and SciClone's Global Anti-Bribery & Anti-Corruption Policy (《全球反賄賂與反腐敗政 策》). Moreover, for existing suppliers, regular and random quality reviews are conducted through supplier review reports or on-site inspections. In addition, we encourage suppliers to promote green manufacturing and ecological design and to carry out green evaluation. We are committed to helping suppliers to jointly improve the resource utilization efficiency and minimum environmental impact. As of December 31, 2023, we have 12 major product-related suppliers (mainly including production, warehouses and logistics), with 6 suppliers in Europe, 4 suppliers in Mainland China and the rest of suppliers in the other countries and regions.

第三章:員工與社區

3.1 員工概況

我們視人才為本集團可持續發展的核心資本。 為確保我們員工的才能得到充分展示,努力 得到更好的回報,我們為員工提供全球標 準的公司文化,為彼等發揮表現提供平台, 並確保彼等的努力得到認可及獎勵。

我們嚴格遵守營運所在地適用的相關法律法規,如《中華人民共和國勞動法》、《中華人民共和國勞動法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》以及其他海外適用的法律法規,制定並持續完善內部政策,為員工在招聘、解僱、工作時數、假期等方面提供系統的指導。我們在制度中明確用工原則和標準,對員工的招聘、晉升、離職全過程進行管理,確保用工管理合法規範。

於報告期內,我們不斷擴充專業團隊。截至2023年12月31日,我們共有1,046名員工,均為全職人員。

CHAPTER 3: EMPLOYEE AND COMMUNITY

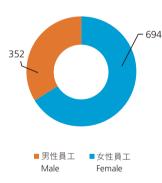
3.1 Employees' Overview

We consider talents the core capital for the sustainable development of the Group. To ensure our employees' talents are fully exhibit and efforts are rewarded better, we are providing our employees with global-standard company culture and a platform for them to perform. We also make sure their efforts can be recognized and rewarded.

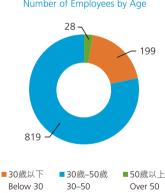
We strictly abide by relevant laws and regulations applicable to the places where we operate, such as the Labor Law of the People's Republic of China, Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China and other laws and regulations applicable overseas. We formulate and continue to refine our internal policies, through which we can provide systematic guidance for employees in recruitment, removal, working hours, vacation and other aspects. We clarify the employment principles and standards in the system and manage the entire process of hiring, promotion and termination of employees to ensure that employment is managed legally and regularly.

During the Reporting Period, we continuously expand our professional team. As of December 31, 2023, We had a total of 1,046 employees, who are all full-time employees.

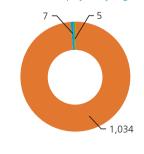




按年齡劃分的員工人數 Number of Employees by Age



按地域劃分的員工人數 Number of Employees by Regions



■ 中國內地 Mainland China ■ 港澳台 Hong Kong,

■ 其他國家或地區 Macau and Taiwan

Other countries or regions

3.2 員工權益

本集團堅持合法用工,與每位員工簽訂勞動合同。我們嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國勞動 法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》、《禁止使用童工規定》及其他相關僱傭及勞工法律 法規。嚴禁使用童工及強迫勞動。如有必要, 本集團將按有關程序進行調查,違法個案 將移交有關司法機關處理。

我們相信員工的多元化可保證本集團的可持續發展。我們不僅為員工提供個人發展及表現的平等機會,且公平對待及尊重員工而不論性別、地區、國籍、背景及種族。

我們為員工提供優厚福利及假期。根據《中華人民共和國社會保險法》、《社會保險費徵繳暫行條例》及《住房公積金管理條例》,,包括養老保險、失業保險、醫療保險、工打造同業中最優越的福利體系。在公員工方分享受法定福利的同時,我們為與工提供集團特色的特殊福利,如帶薪年假工提供集團特色的特殊福利,如帶薪年假工提供集團特色的特殊福利,如帶薪年假工

3.2 Employees' Rights and Interests

The Group adheres to legal employment and provides labor contract with every employee. We have closely followed the Labor Law of the People's Republic of China(《中華人民共和國勞動法》),the Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China(《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》),the Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labor(《禁止使用童工規定》),and other relevant employment and labor laws and regulations. Child labor and forced labor are strictly prohibited. The Group will carry out investigation in accordance with relevant procedures if necessary and hand over any illegal cases to the relevant judicial authorities for handling.

We believe that the diversity of employees can ensure the sustainable development of the Group. We are not only providing our employees with equal opportunities for personal development and performance but also equitably treating and respecting our employees, regardless of their gender, region, nationality, background and race.

We provide generous benefits and holidays for our employees. *In accordance with Social Insurance Law of the PRC* (《中華人民共和國社會保險法》), *Interim Regulations on the Collection and Payment of Social Insurance Premiums* (《社會保險費徵繳暫行條例》) and *Regulation on the Administration of Housing Accumulation Funds* (《住房公積金管理條例》), we provide employees with timely payment of social basic insurance funds, including endowment insurance, unemployment insurance, medical insurance, work-related injury insurance, maternity insurance and housing provident fund. We are also committed to creating the most advantageous welfare system for our employees among peer companies. In addition to ensuring that employees are fully entitled to statutory benefits, we provide employees with special benefits unique to the Group such as paid annual leave, commuting subsidies and gifts on employees' birthdays, etc., so as to enhance their happiness.

我們感謝所有員工為本集團作出的不懈努力。 為確保僱員在工作場所的福利及挽留最優 秀的人才,本集團已建立完善的績效管理制 度,以激勵員工全身心投入工作,激勵彼等 的工作熱情,根據其職位充分發揮潛能。 每名員工的薪酬按基本薪金及年度績效獎 金 釐 定。 我 們 每 年 將 根 據 營 運 狀 況、 市 場 薪金支付水平及員工表現檢討僱員薪金。此 外,根據《賽生績效管理政策》,員工需於 年初完成目標設定及計劃,並與百屬經理 完成至少一次季度審查,我們鼓勵直屬經 理給予團隊成員持續指導及反饋,審查其 目標及表現,並於季度審查中就彼等的發展 及改進提供建議及協助。我們於年底開展 績 效 評 估 , 通 過 績 效 目 標 和 行 為 標 準 兩 個 指標評估員工的成就及期望的行為和價值 觀。

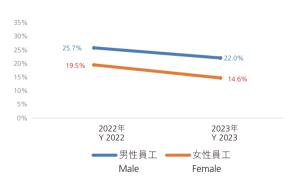
本公司採納受購股權激勵計劃、首次公開發售後購股權計劃以及首次公開發售後受限制股份單位計劃向集團合資格僱員獎勵彼等對本集團的貢獻,並為本集團的未來發展及擴張吸引、激勵及挽留技術熟練與經驗豐富的僱員。

我們相信,我們的政策能為員工提供歸屬感。 本集團員工離職率下降為17.1%,而去年則 為21.7%。本年度所有離職人員均來自中國 內地。 We are grateful to all employees for their tireless contributions to the Group. In order to ensure their well-being in the workplace and retain the best talents, the Group has established a complete performance management system to motivate employees to devote themselves to work entirely and stimulate their work commitment to exploit their potential fully according to their positions. Remuneration for each employee is determined by base salary and annual performance bonus. We will review employees' salaries every year based on operational conditions, market salary payment levels and employees' performance. Besides, according to SciClone Performance Management Guideline (《賽生績 效管理政策》), employees need to finish the goal setting and planning at the beginning of the year and complete at least one Quarterly Review with the line manager. We encourage the line managers to give team members continuous coaching and feedback, review their goals, performance and provide advice and assistance for their development and improvement during the Quarterly Review. We kick off Performance Appraisal at year end to evaluate Employees' Achievement and desired behaviors and values through two metrics: performance goals and behavioral standards.

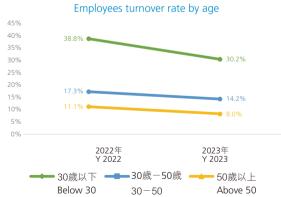
The Company also adopted the Option Incentive Plan, the Post-IPO Option Plan and the Post-IPO RSU Plan to reward eligible employees for their contributions to the Group and to attract, motivate and retain skilled and experienced employees for the future development and expansion of the Group.

We believe our policy can provide employees sense of belonging. The turnover rate of the Group's employees decreased to 17.1%, compared with 21.7% last year. During the year, all the employees who left the Group were from Mainland China.





按年齡劃分的離職率



附註:各類別的離職率=該類別離職僱員人數/ 該類別截至2022年及2023年12月31日的僱 員總數 Note: Turnover rate of each category = the number of resigned employees of this category/ the total number of employees of this category as of December 31, 2022 and 2023

3.3 職業健康與安全

3.3 Occupational Health and Safety

We attach great importance to occupation health and put the personal safety of our employee in the first place. We strictly abide by applicable Chinese laws and regulations on workplace health and safety, including but not limit to the Labor Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國勞動法》) and the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases (《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》). To ensure the safety of the workplace and enhance the safety awareness of our employees, we formulate the Office and Safety Code (《辦公及安全規則》) and introduce the guideline of safety practices during new employees training. We make continuous efforts to guarantee the occupational health of our employees. We provide annual physical examinations and organize psychological counseling lectures for employees. We ensure that employees have sufficient supplies to prevent occupational diseases and have appropriate personal protective gear. There was no work-related fatality during the Reporting Period and the past three years. In 2023, there was no lost days due to work injury.



同時,我們持續為員工提供先進、便捷、舒適、溫馨的辦公環境。於2023年,我們翻新上海辦公室的食堂及茶水間並擴大電話會議中心,以提供更多設備及功能的工作環境。

Meanwhile, we continuously provide advanced, convenient, comfortable and homelike office to our employees. During 2023, we refurnished our canteen and pantry in Shanghai office and expanded the telebooth to provide more equipped and functional working environment.

3.4 人才管理

本集團重視人才發展,以發現和培養複合型、 專業型人才為抓手。

晉升

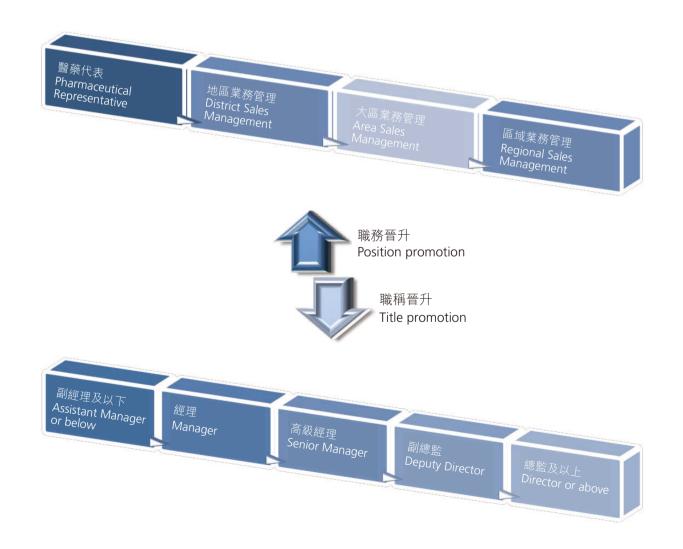
我們鼓勵晉升,為全體員工提供公平透明的機會並奉行同工同酬的原則。我們強過制定《晉升管理標準操作流程》,明確晉別,則體條件及流程要求,以便為員工的制造步及發展創造更加公平及平等的機會分對,制度包括職位晉升和技術職稱晉部並,對每個崗位,我們與員工共同討論,對對每個崗位,我們與員工共同計劃,通過專項培訓、績效工程。當於合能力,實現職業規劃目標。

3.4 Talent Management

The Group attaches importance to the development of talents and takes the identification and cultivation of compound and professional talents as the starting point.

Promotion

We encourage promotions, provide fair and transparent opportunities to all, and pursue the principle of equal pay for equal work. By formulating the SOP for Promotion Management (《晉升管理標準操作流程》),we have defined the specific conditions and process requirements for promotion, so as to create a more fair and equal opportunity for employees' career progress and development. Our promotion system comprises position promotion and technical title promotion. For each position, we discuss and formulate personal development plans together with our employees, and help employees to improve their comprehensive ability and achieve their career planning goals through different ways such as special training, performance counseling, job rotation and secondment, etc..



環境、社會及管治報告

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

人才培訓



SCICLONI SCHOOL SINCE 2020 我們非常重視對員工的 培訓。我們的培訓部由 多位專業培訓專家組

成,負責培訓的設計、組織和總結,主要內容包括營銷系統、醫藥系統及支持職能員工的軟技能開發。我們為員工提供豐富的培訓資源,包括線上和線下的培訓項目。「iSciclone」作為我們的線上培訓平台,為其供了更高效的渠道,以通過手機或手提電腦遠程了解本集團政策並完成相關考試。我們亦設立了賽生學院,顯著提升了員工的學習效率和技能。

Talent Training



We attach great importance to the training of employees. Our Training Department, consisting of several professional training experts, is responsible for designing, organizing

and summarizing the trainings mainly covering marketing system, pharmaceutical system and soft skills development for supporting function employees. We offer abundant training resources to employees, ranging from online to offline training programs. "iSciclone", as our online training platform, provides a more efficient channel for employees to learn about our Group's policies and complete relevant exams remotely via mobile phones or laptops. We also founded "SciClone School" (賽生學院) which has significantly improved employees' learning efficiency and skills.

為了提高培訓的針對性及效率,我們根據不同的崗位設計課程,以滿足員工的需求:

To improve the pertinence and efficiency of the trainings, we design the courses based on different positions to match employees' needs:

入職培訓: Orientation training: 透過介紹公司文化、合規培訓、藥物安全警告及質量投訴等內容,全面了解本集團及其產品

get a comprehensive understanding of our Group and its products through the introduction of company culture, compliance training, drug safety alert and quality complaints, etc.

銷售代表培訓: Sales representative training: 進階銷售技巧、客戶管理、自我認知及有效溝通、協商和獲勝技巧等方面的知識

knowledge of advanced sales skills, customer management, self-awareness and effective communication, negotiation and winning skills, etc.

經理培訓: Manager training: 區域業務管理、面試技巧、績效管理、情景領導、職場壓力及情緒管理等方面的知識

knowledge of regional business management, interview skills, performance management, situational leadership, workplace stress and emotional management, etc.

RSM 培訓: RSM training: 引領領導、培養教練及領導力課程等

lead the leader; coach the coach; leadership courses, etc.

進階培訓: Advanced training: 有關管理及策略的進階培訓,並通過我們的賽生學院參加各種研討會 及項目

advanced training regarding management and strategy aspects, as well as participate in various workshops and projects through our SciClone School

環境、社會及管治報告

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

2023年度員工培訓

於2023年,我們陸續開展了大量培訓活動, 得到了參與者的熱烈響應:

Employees Training in 2023

During 2023, we successively conducted a lot of training activities and received enthusiastic response from the participants:



受訓員工**1,200**+名 **1,200**+ employees trained



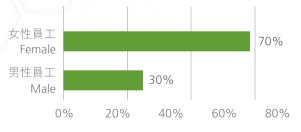
培訓總時數 18,400+小時 18,400+ hours trained



■按性別劃分的平均受訓時數 Average number of training hours by gender

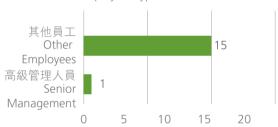


■按性別劃分的受訓時間百分比 Percentage of training hours by gender

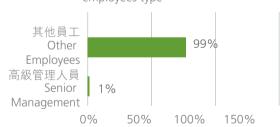




■按僱員類型劃分的平均受訓時數 Average number of training hours by employees type



■按僱員類型分的受訓時間百分比 Percentage of training hours by employees type



附註:各類別的平均受訓小時數=該類別員工的 總受訓時數/該類別的員工總數

Note: Average training hours of each category = the total training hours of the employees of this category/the total number of employees of this category

3.5 員工關懷

在賽生,我們分享成功與喜悦,共慶收穫與成長。為平衡工作與生活並為員工營造愉快、團結、和諧的工作氛圍,我們組織年會、聖誕特別活動家庭日等活動。我們將賽生微內網(「賽生微內網」)作為一個小型的員工社區來運營,定期組織各種活動,呼籲大家分享他們在攝影、閱讀、旅行、美食、拍攝、體育等方面的照片、經驗及想法。

3.5 Employee Care

At SciClone, we share success and joy and celebrate achievements and growth together. To achieve work-life balance and create a joyful, united and harmonious working atmosphere for our employees, we organize different kinds of activities such as annual convention, Christmas special activity and Family Day, etc. We make our SciClone intranet ("賽生微內網") as a small community for employees where we organize varied activities regularly calling for everyone to share their photos, experiences and thoughts in the aspect of photography, reading, travelling, delicacy, filming and sports, etc.





我們定期出版我們的雜誌《新·生》,傳遞公司價值,分享商業新聞及行業動態等
We regularly publish our magazine Xin Sheng (新·生) in which we delivery our company value and share business news and industry update, etc.

3.6 社區關懷

我們熱心參與社區慈善活動,始終認為慈善善活動的開展不僅是本公司履行社會責任的平台,也是樹立良好企業形象、增強員工自豪感的重要舉措。隨著本公司不斷發展壯大,我們將堅定履行社會公益責任。我們規劃並參與社區公益,主動承擔社會責任,將國內無盡的創新成果應用於造福中國及全球患者。

於2023年初,隨著中國疫情政策的調整, 爆發新一波COVID-19感染,並為解決患者 的燃眉之急,我們為日達仙的緊急使用開 通綠色供應渠道,若干藥房被指定為提供 日達仙的綠色通道。

於2023年下半年,我們共同發起成立「北京新陽光慈善基金會+神母關愛專項基金」、旨在為高危神經母細胞瘤患者及其家屬對供經濟支持、醫療幫助、患者教育和關愛。於2023年12月,在上海舉行首個「神母關關之」,呼籲更多人關注神經母細胞瘤這一單見疾病。來自全國各地的患兒家庭齊聚復旦大學附屬兒科醫院,了解疾病科普知識,聆聽患者經驗分享。

3.6 Community Care

We are enthusiastic about participating in community charity activities and always believe that the implementation of charity activities is not only a platform for the Company to fulfill its social responsibilities, but also an important measure to build a positive company image and enhance employees' pride. With the continuous development and growth of the Company, we will firmly fulfill our responsibility on social public welfare. We plan and participate in community public welfare, take the initiative to assume social responsibilities, and apply our endless domestic innovations in benefiting patients in China and around the world.

At the beginning of 2023, following the adjustments of pandemic policies in China, a new wave of COVID-19 infection outbroke and to meet the urgent needs of patients, we established an emergency supply channel and appointed certain pharmacies as emergency suppliers to ensure Zadaxin's availability.

In the second half of 2023, we jointly established and sponsored "Beijing New Sunlight Charity Funding + Neuroblastoma Care Special Funding" (北京新陽光慈善基金會+神母關愛專項基金", aiming to provide economic support, medical help, patient education and caring for the patients who suffered from high risk neuroblastoma. In December 2023, the first "Neuroblastoma Care Day" (神母關愛日) was held in Shanghai, calling for more attention to the rare disease of neuroblastoma. Children's families from all over the country gathered at the Affiliated Pediatric Hospital of Fudan University (復旦大學附屬兒科醫院) to learn about disease popularization and listen to patient experience sharing.

第四章:綠色發展及環境

除持續業務發展外,我們深知肩負保護環境的社會責任及使命。我們積極響應國家節能減排的號召,堅持綠色發展理念,堅持走可持續發展道路。我們嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國環境保護法》及《中華人民共和國節約能源法》等法律法規,構建和諧環境。

4.1 氣候變化

我們意識到氣候變化對地球可持續發展的重要性。根據氣候相關財務信息披露了信息披露了法和建議,我們識別了包括颱風、水災及其他與氣候變化相關的內 活颱風、水災及其他與氣候變化相關的內 我們未受上述風險的影響。我們會持續高限 別氣候變化所帶來的風險與機會,提下限 們應對該等風險的能力與水平,積極承擔 地減少日常運營中的碳排放,積極承擔 對氣候變化的使命。

CHAPTER 4: GREEN DEVELOPMENT AND ENVIRONMENT

In addition to continuous business development, we are fully aware that we bear the social responsibility and mission of protecting our environment. We actively respond to the national call for energy conservation and emission reduction, persist green development concept, and adhere to the sustainable development path. We strictly abide by Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國環境保護法》) and the Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國節約能源法》) and other laws and regulations to build a harmonious environment.

4.1 Climate Change

We are aware of the importance of climate change to the sustainable development of the earth. Pursuant to the disclosure methods and recommendations of Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD), we identified the risks including typhoon, flood and other extreme weather related to climate change affecting the Group. During the Reporting Period, we were not affected by the above risks. We will continue to identify the risks and opportunities arising from climate change, improve our capability and level to respond to such risks, minimize carbon emissions from our daily operations and actively undertake the mission of addressing the climate change.

環境、社會及管治報告

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

4.2 辦公環境及能耗

我們制定了《節能管理制度》作為員工減少 廢棄物產生的指引。在2023年我們採取了多 項措施並取得了顯著成效。

於2023年,我們的間接能源消耗總量*(兆 瓦時)由162.52兆瓦時增加至176.34兆瓦時。 由於我們採取有效的節能措施,我們的能 源消耗強度(兆瓦時/人)保持穩定,2023年 為0.169(兆瓦時/人),而去年為0.164(兆瓦 時/人)。

能源消耗總量乃按辦公室及倉庫用電量計

4.2 Office Environment and Consumption

We formulated Energy Conservation Management as the guideline for employees to reduce the generation of waste. We have taken several measures and obtained remarkable results during 2023.

During 2023, our total indirect energy consumption*(MWh) was increased from 162.52 MWh to 176.34 MWh. As a result of our effective measures on saving energy, our energy consumption intensity (MWh per capita) was stable, 0.169 (MWh per capita) for the year 2023 compared with 0.164 MWh per capita for last

Total energy consumption is calculated based on the electricity consumption in offices and warehouses.



- ✓ 鼓勵無紙化辦公
- ✓ 優化及減少打印量 ✓ 紙張回收
- ✓ encourage paperless office
- ✓ optimize and reduce the printing volume
- ✓ paper recycling





- ✓ 由指定部門回收危險廢棄物
- ✓ garbage classification
- recycle hazardous waste by specified department

辦公室營運產生的廢棄物主要為物業管理 部門丟棄的殘餘廢棄物,由物業管理部門 處理。由於環境影響相對有限,在ESG報告 中並未披露KPI A1.1(排放物種類及相關排 放數據)、A1.3(所產生有害廢棄物總量)、 A1.4(所產生無害廢棄物總量)。

The waste generated from office operation is mainly residual waste disposed by the property management. Since the environmental impacts are relatively limited, KPI A1.1 (The types of emissions and respective emissions data), A1.3 (Total hazardous waste produced), A1.4 (Total non-hazardous waste produced) are not disclosed in the ESG report.

本集團的用水量主要為生活用水,並來自市政供水系統,足以滿足日常工作。然而,由於辦公室只使用了少量的水,且無需收取水費,因而在ESG報告中並未披露KPI A2.2(總耗水量及強度)。

4.3 生產及能源消耗

本集團概無進行任何生產流程,但我們仍致力於從源頭加強包裝材料的減量化,在檢測驗證過程中對材料、包裝材料等資源進行再利用,提高包裝材料的回收效率,減少資源的浪費。

於2023年,本集團每生產單位使用的包裝材料與去年持平,為0.038千克/生產單位,本集團合計使用的包裝材料為147.1噸,去年為117.6噸。然而,就我們所用的每生產單位包裝材料而言,我們的產出仍保持穩定在0.05噸/人民幣千元收益。

Our Group's water consumption is mainly for domestic use and sourced from municipal water system, which is sufficient for of daily operation. However, as only a minimal amount of water was used in the offices and water charges are not required, KPI A2.2 (Water consumption in total and intensity) is not disclosed in the ESG report.

4.3 Production and Energy Consumption

No production process is conducted in the Group while we are committed to strengthening the reduction of packaging materials at the source and reusing the materials, packaging materials and other resources in the process of testing and verification, so as to improve the recycling efficiency of packaging materials and reduce the waste of resources.

In 2023, the packaging materials used per unit produced keep stable at 0.038 kg/ unit produced compared with last year. The total packaging materials used by the Group amounted to 147.1 tonnes, compared with 117.6 tonnes last year. However, for every production unit of packaging material we used, our output remains stable at 0.05 tonnes per thousand RMB of revenue.

Based on the nature of our Group's business operation, there is no material direct Greenhouse Gas ("**GHG**") emissions (Scope 1) as the use of fuels is relatively limited in our Group. Thus, our GHG emissions mainly consist of energy indirect GHG emissions (Scope 2) from purchased electricity. GHG emissions are presented in CO2 equivalents. The GHG emissions of purchased electricity in Shanghai region were calculated based on the electricity emission factor published by Shanghai Ecological Environment Bureau in 2023 while other GHG emissions were calculated in accordance with the 2011 and 2012 Regional Grid Average CO2 Emission Factor for China (《2011年和2012年中國區域電網平均二氧化碳排放因子》) issued by the National Development and Reform Commission (NDRC) and How to Prepare an ESG Report Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs issued by HKEX.

環境KPI	Environmental KPIs	2023年 2023	2022年 2022
溫室氣體排放總量(噸二氧化碳當量) 一能源間接溫室氣體排放(範圍二) (噸二氧化碳當量) 一溫室氣體排放強度	Total GHG emissions (tCO₂e) — Energy indirect GHG emissions (Scope 2) (tCO₂e) — GHG emission intensity (tCO₂e per capita)	97.5 97.5	90.1 90.1
(噸二氧化碳當量/人)	Grid Cilission intensity (16026 per capita)	0.09	0.09

除上述披露事項外,我們在營運過程中並無對環境造成任何重大影響,亦無大量使用其他環境及天然資源。因此,A3方面(環境及天然資源)及KPI A3.1(描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動)並不適用於本集團,且並未於ESG報告中披露。

Apart from the matters disclosed above, we have not caused any significant environmental impacts nor have we heavily utilized other environmental and natural resources during our operation. Therefore, Aspect A3 (The environment and natural resources) and KPI A3.1 (Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them) are not applicable to our Group, and are not disclosed in the ESG report.

「聯屬人士」	指	直接或間接控制有關特定人士或受有關特定人士直接或間接控制或與有關特定人士受到直接或間接共同控制的任何其他人士
"affiliate"		any other person, directly or indirectly, controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified person
「章程細則」或「組織章程細則」	指	經於2023年5月25日舉行的股東週年大會上通過的特別決議案有條件採納並於 2023年5月25日生效的第二份經修訂及重訂之組織章程細則
"Articles" or "Articles of Association"		the second amended and restated articles of association, conditionally adopted by special resolution at an annual general meeting held on May 25, 2023 and effective on May 25, 2023
「審核委員會」 "Audit Committee"	指	董事會審核委員會 the audit committee of our Board
「董事會」 "Board" or "Board of Directors"	指	董事會 the board of Directors
「開曼群島《公司法》」或「《公司法》」	指	開曼群島法例第22章《公司法》(經修訂)(1961年第3號法例),經不時修訂或補充或以其他方式修改
"Cayman Companies Act" or "Companies Act"		the Companies Act (As Revised) of the Cayman Islands, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961), as amended or supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
「《企業管治守則》」 "CG Code"	指	《上市規則》附錄C1所載企業管治常規守則 code on corporate governance practices contained in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules
「中國」或「中國內地」 "China", "Mainland China" or "the PRC"	指	中華人民共和國,就本年度報告而言,不包括香港、澳門特別行政區及台灣 the People's Republic of China excluding, for the purpose of this annual report, Hong Kong, Macau Special Administrative Region and Taiwan
「CHINET」 "CHINET"	指	中國抗菌素監測網 the China Antimicrobial Surveillance Network
[СМО]	指	合約製造機構,為製藥行業的其他公司提供合約服務的公司,提供全面的藥物 製造服務
"CMO"		Contract Manufacturing Organization, a company that serves other companies in the pharmaceutical industry on a contract basis to provide comprehensive drug manufacturing services
「CNS」 "CNS"	指	中樞神經系統 central nervous system
「《公司條例》」 "Companies Ordinance"	指	香港法例第622章《公司條例》(經不時修訂或補充) the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as amended or supplemented from time to time
「本公司」	指	賽生藥業控股有限公司,一間於2020年5月13日在開曼群島註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司
"Company" or "our Company"		SciClone Pharmaceuticals (Holdings) Limited, an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on May 13, 2020

「COPD 指慢性阻塞性肺病

"COPD" chronic obstructive pulmonary disease

「CRF」 指 癌症相關性疲乏

指

"CRF" cancer-related fatigue

「董事|

"Director(s)" the director(s) of our Company

「DTP藥房」 指 直送患者藥房,指向患者直接提供有價值的專業服務的藥房。當患者收到醫

院的醫生處方,DTP藥房會按照患者的處方於患者所選時間及地點交付有關藥

物

本公司董事

"DTP pharmacies" direct-to-patient pharmacies, which refer to pharmacies that directly provide

valuable professional services patients. When patients receive doctor prescriptions from the hospitals, DTP pharmacies deliver the drugs to the patients based on

their prescriptions at the time and location of patients' choices

「德福資本」 指 我們的最大單一股東,並非法人實體,而是由GL Capital Management GP

Limited、GL Capital Management GP L.P.、GL China Opportunities Fund L.P.、GL Glee Investment Limited、GL Capital Management Ltd、GL Capital Management GP II B.C.I Ltd、GL Trade Investment LP、GL China Opportunities Carry L.P.、GL China Opportunities Carry GP Limited及GL Partners Capital Management Ltd組成

的一組公司

"GL Capital Group" our single largest Shareholder, which is not a legal entity, but a group of

companies comprising GL Capital Management GP Limited, GL Capital Management GP L.P., GL China Opportunities Fund L.P., GL Glee Investment Limited, GL Capital Management Ltd, GL Capital Management GP II B.C. I Ltd, GL Trade Investment LP, GL China Opportunities Carry L.P., GL China Opportunities

Carry GP Limited and GL Partners Capital Management Ltd

「GMP」 指 良好生產規範,根據不同國家或地區不適發佈的指引及規例,作為質量保證

的一部分,確保始終按照擬定用途適用的質量及標準生產及控制符合該等指

引及規例的藥品

"GMP" Good Manufacturing Practice, guidelines and regulations issued from time to time pursuant to the guidelines and regulations in different territories as part of quality

assurance which ensures that pharmaceutical products subject to these guidelines and regulations are consistently produced and controlled in conformity to the

quality and standards appropriate for their intended use

「本集團」或「我們」 指 本公司及其附屬公司以及(就本公司成為其現有附屬公司的控股公司之前的期

間而言)該等附屬公司或其前身公司(視情況而定)經營的業務

"Group", "our Group", "we" or our Company and our subsidiaries and, in respect of the period before the Company became the holding company of our present subsidiaries, the businesses

Company became the holding company of our present subsidiaries, the businesses operated by such subsidiaries or their predecessors (as the case may be)

「HABP/VABP」 指 醫院獲得性細菌性肺炎及呼吸機相關細菌性肺炎

"HABP/VABP" hospital-acquired bacterial pneumonia and ventilator associated bacterial

pneumonia

「HCC」 指 肝細胞癌

"HCC" hepatocellular carcinoma

「港元」或「港仙」 "HK\$" or "Hong Kong dollar(s)" or "cent"	指	香港法定貨幣港元 Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
「香港」 "Hong Kong" or "HK"	指	中國香港特別行政區 the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC
「香港聯交所」或「聯交所」 "Hong Kong Stock Exchange" or "Stock Exchange"	指	香港聯合交易所有限公司 The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
「上市」 "Listing"	指	股份於香港聯交所主板上市 the listing of the Shares on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange
「上市日期」 "Listing Date"	指	2021年3月3日,為股份於香港聯交所上市並獲准於香港聯交所開始買賣的日期 the date, expected to be on or about March 3, 2021, on which our Shares are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and from which dealings in our Shares are permitted to commence on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange
「《上市規則》」 "Listing Rules"	指	《香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則》(經不時修訂或補充) the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, as amended or supplemented from time to time
「主板」 "Main Board"	指	由香港聯交所營運的證券市場(不包括期權市場),獨立於香港聯交所GEM並與其並行運作 the stock market (excluding the option market) operated by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange which is independent from and operated in parallel with the Growth Enterprise Market of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange
「章程大綱」或「組織章程大綱」 "Memorandum" or "Memorandum of Association"	指	股東於2021年1月22日有條件採納並於上市日期生效的本公司組織章程大綱, 其概要載於招股章程附錄四 the memorandum of association of our Company, conditionally adopted by our Shareholders on January 22, 2021 to take effect on the Listing Date, of which is set out in Appendix IV to the Prospectus
「標準守則」 "Model Code"	指	《上市規則》附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則 the model code for securities transactions by directors of listed issuers as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules
「購股權激勵計劃」 "Option Incentive Plan"	指	本公司於2018年6月24日批准及採納的購股權激勵計劃(經不時修訂),以本公司或任何附屬公司的董事及僱員為受益人:主要條款的概要載於招股章程附錄五「法定及一般資料 — D.股份計劃—1.購股權激勵計劃」一節 the option incentive plan approved and adopted by our Company on June 24, 2018, as amended from time to time, for the benefit of any director and employee of the Company or any of our subsidiaries; a summary of the principal terms is set forth in the section headed "Statutory and General Information — D. Share Plans
		— 1. Option Incentive Plan" in Appendix V to the Prospectus

「首次公開發售後購股權計劃| 於2021年1月22日經由股東決議案採納的首次公開發售後購股權計劃,為選定 指 參與者提供機會購買本公司所有人權益;主要條款概要載於招股章程附錄五「法 定及一般資料 — D.股份計劃—2.首次公開發售後購股權計劃 | 一節 "Post-IPO Option Plan" the post-IPO share option scheme adopted by Shareholders' resolution on January 22, 2021, to provide selected participants with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in our Company; a summary of principal terms is set forth in the section headed "Statutory and General Information — D. Share Plans — 2. Post-IPO Option Plan" in Appendix V to the Prospectus 「首次公開發售後受限制股份單位 於2021年1月22日經由股東決議案採納的首次公開發售後受限制股份單位計劃, 指 計劃| 令本集團董事、高級人員以及其他關鍵貢獻者及僱員能夠分享本公司的成功; 主要條款概要載於招股章程附錄五「法定及一般資料 — D.股份計劃 — 3.首次公 開發售後受限制股份單位計劃」一節 "Post-IPO RSU Plan" the post-IPO Restricted Share Unit Plan adopted by Shareholders' resolution on January 22, 2021, to enable the directors, officers, and other key contributors and employees of our Group to share the success of our Company; a summary of principal terms is set forth in the section headed "Statutory and General Information — D. Share Plans — 3. Post-IPO RSU Plan" in Appendix V to the Prospectus 中國中央政府,包括所有政治分部(包括省、市及其他地區或地方政府實體)及 「中國政府 | 或 「國家 | 指 其機構或(按文義所指)其中任何一個 "PRC government" or "State" the central government of the PRC, including all political subdivisions (including provincial, municipal and other regional or local government entities) and its organs or, as the context requires, any of them 「招股章程 | 本公司日期為2021年2月19日的招股章程 指 "Prospectus" the prospectus of the Company dated February 19, 2021 「薪酬委員會」 董事會薪酬委員會 指 the remuneration committee of our Board "Remuneration Committee" 「報告期」 指 2023年1月1日至2023年12月31日一年期間 "Reporting Period" the one year period from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023 「人民幣」 指 中國法定貨幣人民幣 "RMB" Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC 「受限制股份單位持有實體」 SCLN ESOP Management Limited, 一間於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立且由Maples Trustee Services (Cayman) Limited全資擁有的有限公司,根據首次公開發售後受 限制股份單位計劃以信託形式為及根據首次公開發售後受限制股份單位計劃 代表承授人(將於上市後確定)持有股份 SCLN ESOP Management Limited, a limited company incorporated in the British

"RSU Holding Entity"

Virgin Islands and wholly owned by Maples Trustee Services (Cayman) Limited, holding our Shares pursuant to the Post-IPO RSU Plan on trust for and on behalf of grantees under the Post-IPO RSU Plan which will be determined after the Listing

"SciClone US"	指	SciClone Pharmaceuticals LLC (前稱為SciClone Pharmaceuticals, Inc.),一間於1990年5月4日在美國加利福尼亞州註冊成立,並於2003年6月26日在美國特拉華州重新註冊成立的公司,為我們先前在納斯達克上市的實體。公司重組完成後,SciClone US不再是本集團的一部分SciClone Pharmaceuticals LLC (formerly known as SciClone Pharmaceuticals, Inc.),a company incorporated in the State of California of the United States on May 4, 1990 and reincorporated in the State of Delaware of the United States on June 26, 2003, and our previous listing entity on NASDAQ. Upon completion of the Corporate Reorganization, SciClone US is no longer part of the Group
「股份計劃」	指	購股權激勵計劃、首次公開發售後購股權計劃及首次公開發售後受限制股份 單位計劃
"Share Plans"		the Option Incentive Plan, Post-IPO Option Plan and Post-IPO RSU Plan
「股份」 "Share(s)"	指	本公司股本中每股面值0.00005美元的普通股 ordinary share(s) in the capital of our Company with nominal value of US\$0.00005 each
「股東」 "Shareholder(s)"	指	股份持有人 holder(s) of our Shares
「SMDC」 "SMDC"	指	小分子藥物偶聯物 small molecule drug conjugate
「附屬公司」 "subsidiary(ies)"	指	具有《上市規則》所賦予的涵義 has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules
「TACE」 "TACE"	指	肝動脈化療栓塞 transarterial chemoembolization
「美國」 "U.S."	指	美利堅合眾國 the United States of America
「美元」 "USD"	指	美國法定貨幣 the lawful currency of the United States of America
「%」 "%"	指	百分比 per cent



